



Dental Medical Waste Management

[Medical Waste Management Program](http://www.cdph.ca.gov/medicalwaste)

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Type	Treatment or Disposal	Storage Time
Sharps	Mail-back, pick-up by a registered medical waste hauler, or onsite treatment by autoclave or a CDPH-approved alternative treatment.	30 days, when full and ready for disposal (HSC §118285), or up to 90 days if $\leq 32^{\circ}\text{F}$ (HSC§118280).
Anesthetic Carpules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •If empty (=trace), place in trash. •If pourable (=residual) amount remains, manage as pharmaceutical waste. •If blood has been aspirated, place in sharps or biohazardous container. 	See pharmaceuticals, sharps or red-bag, as applicable.
Red-Bag - Blood & OPIM	Mail-back, registered medical waste hauler, onsite autoclave or CDPH-approved alternative treatment.	If <20 lbs. per month, 30 days @ $>32^{\circ}\text{F}$, 90 days @ $\leq 32^{\circ}\text{F}$ (HSC §118280).
Pharmaceuticals	Mail-back, or registered medical waste hauler.	90 days, when full and ready for disposal, or at least once per year (HSC§118280).
Teeth (if the dentist deems infectious)	Mail-back, registered medical waste hauler, onsite autoclave or CDPH-approved alternative treatment (HSC§118220).	See red-bag.
Teeth with amalgam	Not medical waste.	Universal waste.
Combined waste	May combine all waste streams, except pharmaceuticals and amalgam. Sharps must be in a sharps container.	If <20 lbs. per month, 30 days @ $>32^{\circ}\text{F}$, 90 days @ $\leq 32^{\circ}\text{F}$ (HSC §118280).
End of Worksheet		

- Do not place pharmaceutical waste in devices intended for red-bag and sharps waste, since pharmaceutical waste must be incinerated.
- For mail-back systems, please ensure that separate containers are used for pharmaceutical waste.
- Onsite alternative treatment technology methods may or may not require registration and/or a permit.
- Check with your local enforcement agency for medical waste.