

## CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND

 CALIFORNIA CONFERENCE OF LOCAL HEALTH OFFICERS
# COUNTY HEALTH STATUS PROFILES 2020 

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Cover photography: Photograph by Debra Gonzalez: "Founders Tree," Avenue of the Giants, Humboldt County, California.

State of California-Health and Human Services Agency California Department of Public Health

## Dear Colleagues:

We are pleased to present California's County Health Status Profiles (Profiles) report for 2020. Profiles has been published annually for the State of California by California Department of Public Health (CDPH) and the California Conference of Local Health Officers since 1993, and is updated each year in accordance with priorities developed by CDPH.

Profiles (2020) includes the years 2012-2018 and represents the $28^{\text {th }}$ annual publication in its series. This publication reports on selected health status indicators recommended by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for monitoring state and local progress toward achieving the goals set forth in Healthy People 2020 National Objectives (HP 2020).

The HP 2020 challenge public health professionals to increase the span of high quality healthy lives, achieve health equity, and encourage healthy behaviors for all. This report is an important tool to measure progress toward those goals and to evaluate the health of Californians.


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The thematic maps are color-coded with a unique color scheme based on the health status indicator type.

- Mortality (Tables \#1 to 19) = Blue
- Morbidity (Tables \#20 to 23M) = Pink
- Birth Cohort Infant Mortality (Tables \#24A to 24E) = Green
- Natality and Breastfeeding Initiation (Tables \#25 to 28) = Orange
- Poverty (Table \#29) = Brown


## CALIFORNIA COUNTIES

## 2017 STATEWIDE POPULATION: 39,610,556



State of California, Department of Finance. Report P-3: State and County Population Projections by Race/Ethnicity, Detailed Age, and Gender, 2010-2060. Sacramento, California, May 2019.

## INTRODUCTION

The County Health Status Profiles (Profiles) is an annually published report for the State of California by the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) in collaboration with the California Conference of Local Health Officers. Profiles current report includes data from years 2012-2018 and represents the $28^{\text {th }}$ annual publication of its kind since 1993. This report presents public health data that can be directly compared to national standards and populations of similar composition. Appendix A (page 102) provides a summary table of California's rates for selected health status indicators, target rates established for Healthy People 2020 National Objectives (HP 2020), and the previous period rates. For additional information on the HP 2020 recommendations, visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

In keeping with the practice of using national standards, causes of death were coded using the International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Age-adjusted rates were calculated using the year 2000 U.S. standard population weights to facilitate meaningful comparison of vital statistics data rates over time and between groups.

Profiles contains vital statistics that display the total population estimates, event counts, crude case rates, and age-adjusted death rates/percentages by county of residence (except where noted). In these tables, counties are ranked by rates or percentages based on the methodology described in the Technical Notes section (pages 92 to 101). Data limitations and qualifications are also provided in the Technical Notes section to assist the reader with the interpretation and comparison of the data. For additional information on low event calculations, small area analysis, and age-adjusted death rates, the reader is referred to the Bibliography section located at the conclusion of this report.

The tables also identify the upper and lower 95 percent confidence intervals, which are used to assess the degree of precision for the estimated rates and percentages. Confidence intervals based on 100 or more events are calculated using a normal distribution. In instances with greater than zero and less than 100 events, a gamma distribution is applied to estimate the confidence intervals. For additional information on the use of gamma distributions, please refer to the National Vital Statistics Report, Volume 63, No. 9, August 31, 2015. Confidence intervals are not calculated for zero events.

Vital statistics rates and percentages are subject to random variation, which are inversely related to the number of events/occurrences (e.g., deaths) used to calculate the rates and percentages. Dashes ( - ) indicate those percentages and confidence levels that are not calculated due to zero events. Asterisks (*) indicate rates that are calculated from fewer than 20 events and are considered unreliable. CDPH uses data masking and suppression in order to prevent inadvertent or intentional re-identification of individuals. As a result, some rates, counts, and percentages were masked and suppressed per California Health and Human Services Agency's Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) standards. For further explanation, see the Technical Notes.

Thematic maps of California's 58 counties were created for each table (excluding Table 30), providing the additional visual comparison of rates or percentages from the table. These maps are presented alongside a brief description of the highlights and changes over time for that specific health indicator.

The California Department of Finance (DOF), Demographic Research Unit, provided the population estimates stratified by county, age, and gender, with the exceptions of Tables 23C, 24A-E, 25, 27A-27B, and 28, where the live births to residents were used. Rates/percentages developed for the current (2016-2018) and previous (2013-2015) periods used 2017 and 2014 population estimates, respectively, from the DOF, as of May 2019. The rates/averages for HIVIAIDS (Table 20) and Infant Mortality (Tables 24A-E), however, are calculated for the current period of 2015 to 2017 and previous period of 2012 to 2014. Table 20 used the 2016 population estimate from DOF and Tables 24A-E used the average number of live births as the denominator, collected by CDPH Center for Health Statistics and Informatics, for each measurement period.

The following CDPH programs provided data for this annual report: Center for Health Statistics and Informatics; Center for Infectious Diseases' Office of AIDS Surveillance Section and Division of Communicable Disease Control's Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Branch and Tuberculosis Control Branch; and Center for Family Health's Genetic Disease Screening and Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health Programs.

Estimates of persons under 18 years old in poverty were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) Program.

To access electronic copies of this report, visit the CDPH, CHSI Vital Records Data and Statistics web page.

If you would like additional copies, have questions about this report, or desire additional state or county health status data and statistics, please contact:

California Department of Public Health<br>Center for Health Statistics and Informatics<br>Vital Statistics Branch<br>MS 5101<br>PO Box 997410<br>Sacramento, CA 95899-7410<br>Telephone (916) 552-8095<br>Fax (916) 650-6889<br>Email DAReports@cdph.ca.gov

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The California Department of Public Health (CDPH) has produced the County Health Status Profiles (Profiles) in collaboration with the California Conference of Local Health Officers (CCLHO) since 1993. The health indicators presented in Profiles are selected jointly by the CDPH and CCLHO. This series of reports represent a broad historical perspective on the health status of California's counties over a span of 28 years.

Profiles provides unique insights that raise awareness of some county health issues. The report presents selected public health indicators and provides California state and county rates or percentages for natality, mortality, infant mortality, and morbidity conditions, assisting the counties in identifying health disparities, inequities, and areas of progress. State and county data are ranked and compared with the target rates established for Healthy People 2020 National Objectives (HP 2020), where available and applicable. The rates and percentages presented are based on a three-year average case count divided by the mid-year population or the average population for the measurement years: 2016-2018 for mortality and morbidity; 2015-2017 for HIVIAIDS and infant mortality; and 2017 for poverty. Profiles (2020) also presents rates and percentages for the previous three-year period, which refers to the measurement years: 2013-2015 for mortality and morbidity; and 2012-2014 for HIVIAIDS and infant mortality. The measurement years are in calendar years.

Counties are ranked in order by increasing rates or percentages then by decreasing population size. The ranking of counties for Table 27A: Prenatal Care Begun During the First Trimester of Pregnancy and Table 27B: Adequate/Adequate Plus Prenatal Care; however, are done in order by decreasing percentages then by decreasing population size.

## NOTABLE POINTS IN PROFILES (2020)

Profiles (2020) displays statewide notable improvements for the following health indicators compared to the previous three-year period:

- lung cancer has a reduction in mortality rate by about 18 percent and coronary heart disease has a reduction in mortality rate by about 10 percent (Tables 4 and 9); and,
- a decrease in the number of births to adolescent mothers between the ages of 15 to 19 years old by about 39 percent (Table 26).

Profiles (2020) also reveals an increase in the rates of all measured sexually transmitted infections compared to the previous three-year period:

- the rate of individuals living with HIVIAIDS has increased by about 3.9 percent (Table 20);
- new cases of chlamydia have increased by about 19.4 percent (Table 21);
- new cases of gonorrhea among females between the ages of 15 to 44 years old have increased by about 47.8 percent (Table 22F);
- new cases of gonorrhea among males between the ages of 15 to 44 years old have increased by about 63.7 percent (Table 22M);
- new cases of congenital syphilis have increased by about 182 percent. The following counties had more than 150 percent increase of new congenital syphilis cases: Los Angeles (158 percent), San Bernardino (516 percent), and San Joaquin (497 percent) (Table 23C);
- new cases of primary and secondary syphilis among the female population have increased by about 176 percent (Table 23F); and,
- new cases of primary and secondary syphilis among the male population have increased by about 50 percent (Table 23M).


## NOTABLE OUTLIERS

- HIVIAIDS in Amador County: The rate of people living with HIVIAIDS has increased by about 70 percent in Amador County, from 292.6 cases per 100,000, as reported in Profiles (2019) (measurement years: 2014-2016) to 497.5 cases per 100,000 population for Profiles (2020) (measurement years: 2015-2017). The rates reflect the average number of cases for the corresponding three-year measurement period. The transfer of inmates to Amador County has contributed largely to the observed increased rate.
- Alzheimer's Disease in Santa Clara County: Mortality due to Alzheimer's disease has remained an area of high concern for California. Santa Clara, in particular, appears to have a substantial increase in deaths due to Alzheimer's compared to the rate reported in Profiles (2019), from 5.5 to 11.6 cases per 100,000 population. However, this increase is due to a change in reporting in 2016 that is more in line with the rest of the counties or statewide standard of Alzheimer's diagnosis.


## VALUES UNIQUE TO CALIFORNIA

California-specific data are used to create Profiles. While most of these data types are also sent to the federal government, standardization issues and other factors mean their availability in a national dataset is often delayed. As a result, Profiles typically provides more current data than similar national reports. Due to technical variations in collection and/or estimation, there may be slight differences between numbers for

California-specific data versus the national level (an example would be population estimates from DOF versus those of the U.S. Census).

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


Less than or equal to 608.3
Within 608.4 to 738.2
Greater than 738.2
Unreliable*
*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics.
Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.


Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate for deaths due to all causes for California averaged 671.6 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $266,020.0$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 1,327.1 in Lake County to a low of 368.3 in Mono County, a factor of 3.6 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate for deaths due to all causes for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 608.3 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 942.9 in Yuba County to a low of 467.4 in Marin County.
A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for deaths due to all causes has not been established.

The California age-adjusted death rate from deaths due to all causes for the 2013-2015 period averaged 619.1 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 1
DEATHS DUE TO ALL CAUSES
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{gathered}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $\qquad$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | MARIN | 262,092 | 1,938.7 | 739.7 | 467.4 | 445.8 | 489.0 |
| 2 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 10,217.0 | 525.0 | 467.5 | 458.3 | 476.6 |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 4,760.0 | 616.7 | 470.1 | 456.5 | 483.7 |
| 4 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 5,809.7 | 659.5 | 498.0 | 484.9 | 511.1 |
| 5 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 20,071.7 | 626.1 | 548.0 | 540.3 | 555.7 |
| 6 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 2,612.7 | 590.8 | 556.0 | 534.3 | 577.7 |
| 7 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 9,956.3 | 602.9 | 562.9 | 551.7 | 574.1 |
| 8 | MONO | 13,846 | 51.0 | 368.3 | 567.9 | 422.9 | 746.7 |
| 9 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 63,559.0 | 619.4 | 568.4 | 563.9 | 572.9 |
| 10 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 1,743.3 | 632.0 | 575.3 | 547.5 | 603.1 |
| 11 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 7,842.3 | 689.0 | 582.1 | 569.0 | 595.2 |
| 12 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 1,126.3 | 599.3 | 587.9 | 553.1 | 622.7 |
| 13 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 21,623.7 | 651.2 | 588.7 | 580.8 | 596.7 |
| 14 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 342.3 | 567.8 | 588.9 | 525.2 | 652.6 |
| 15 | PLACER | 382,977 | 3,281.0 | 856.7 | 591.5 | 570.9 | 612.2 |
| 16 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 5,792.7 | 677.5 | 593.7 | 578.1 | 609.2 |
| 17 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 3,207.0 | 712.4 | 596.6 | 575.5 | 617.7 |
| 18 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 4,147.3 | 823.5 | 598.2 | 579.4 | 616.9 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 266,020.0 | 671.6 | 608.3 | 606.0 | 610.7 |
| 19 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 36.3 | 1,153.8 | 608.9 | 427.3 | 841.8 |
| 20 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 1,047.3 | 1,062.7 | 613.2 | 572.8 | 653.6 |
| 21 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 2,468.3 | 885.7 | 614.9 | 589.6 | 640.2 |
| 22 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 1,567.7 | 840.3 | 623.9 | 591.8 | 656.0 |
| 23 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 16,807.3 | 702.5 | 629.0 | 619.4 | 638.6 |
| 24 | YOLO | 219,758 | 1,322.7 | 601.9 | 643.6 | 608.5 | 678.7 |
| 25 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 163.3 | 721.7 | 657.9 | 555.3 | 760.4 |
| 26 | NAPA | 141,205 | 1,238.7 | 877.2 | 660.8 | 623.4 | 698.2 |
| 27 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 149.0 | 1,107.6 | 662.1 | 540.6 | 783.7 |
| 28 | MADERA | 156,915 | 1,096.3 | 698.7 | 671.3 | 631.2 | 711.4 |
| 29 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 211.0 | 1,172.7 | 672.6 | 570.2 | 775.0 |
| 30 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 436.0 | 1,165.6 | 680.0 | 611.3 | 748.7 |
| 31 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 228.0 | 1,166.2 | 684.6 | 583.7 | 785.4 |
| 32 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 3,418.0 | 781.4 | 686.2 | 662.8 | 709.5 |
| 33 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 519.3 | 1,163.0 | 686.3 | 621.1 | 751.4 |
| 34 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 250.3 | 818.0 | 705.6 | 616.1 | 795.0 |
| 35 | KINGS | 150,992 | 864.7 | 572.7 | 709.5 | 661.6 | 757.5 |
| 36 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 847.3 | 951.3 | 717.7 | 667.3 | 768.1 |
| 37 | MODOC | 9,488 | 112.3 | 1,184.0 | 723.9 | 576.7 | 871.1 |
| 38 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 11,692.3 | 768.9 | 735.7 | 722.2 | 749.2 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 6,966.7 | 696.6 | 740.6 | 723.0 | 758.2 |
| 40 | TULARE | 472,416 | 3,095.3 | 655.2 | 741.0 | 714.6 | 767.4 |
| 41 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 14,376.0 | 664.5 | 756.2 | 743.6 | 768.9 |
| 42 | MERCED | 276,611 | 1,806.0 | 652.9 | 759.7 | 724.2 | 795.1 |
| 43 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 841.3 | 855.5 | 763.2 | 711.2 | 815.3 |
| 44 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 675.0 | 1,276.9 | 776.8 | 713.8 | 839.9 |
| 45 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 5,553.7 | 740.7 | 782.8 | 761.9 | 803.7 |
| 46 | INYO | 18,566 | 222.0 | 1,195.7 | 783.2 | 673.3 | 893.2 |
| 47 | GLENN | 29,205 | 269.3 | 922.2 | 791.2 | 695.3 | 887.0 |
| 48 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 680.0 | 1,055.8 | 802.1 | 739.9 | 864.2 |
| 49 | KERN | 897,949 | 6,122.7 | 681.9 | 803.8 | 783.2 | 824.3 |
| 50 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 4,317.0 | 784.2 | 806.9 | 782.5 | 831.3 |
| 51 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 585.0 | 1,322.3 | 819.2 | 747.0 | 891.5 |
| 52 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 1,351.0 | 994.4 | 824.9 | 779.5 | 870.3 |
| 53 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 2,438.7 | 1,075.9 | 831.7 | 797.5 | 865.8 |
| 54 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 301.3 | 1,123.9 | 862.8 | 762.3 | 963.3 |
| 55 | LAKE | 64,930 | 861.7 | 1,327.1 | 916.9 | 852.0 | 981.9 |
| 56 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 2,308.3 | 1,295.1 | 941.5 | 901.7 | 981.2 |
| 57 | YUBA | 76,767 | 674.0 | 878.0 | 942.9 | 870.1 | 1,015.8 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 16.7 | 1,454.3 * | 1,180.9 * | 683.7 | 1,899.4 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence

## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.


Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.
The crude death rate from cancer in California averaged 150.4 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $59,573.0$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 293.3 in Plumas County to a low of 119.4 in Tulare County, a factor of 2.5 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from cancer for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 134.4 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 198.3 in Yuba County to a low of 94.9 in Trinity County.

Forty-eight counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective C-1 of no more than 161.4 age-adjusted deaths due to cancer per 100,000 population. An additional three counties with unreliable rates met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from cancer for the 2013-2015 period averaged 143.6 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 2
DEATHS DUE TO ALL CANCERS
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{array}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 5.3 | 169.4 * | 74.1 * | 25.2 | 168.6 |
| 2 | MONO | 13,846 | 10.3 | 74.6 * | 81.8 * | 39.8 | 149.0 |
| 3 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 26.0 | 193.3 | 94.9 | 62.0 | 139.1 |
| 4 | MODOC | 9,488 | 17.3 | 182.7 * | 105.4 * | 61.8 | 168.1 |
| 5 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 2,407.0 | 123.7 | 110.3 | 105.8 | 114.7 |
| 6 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 1,120.7 | 145.2 | 111.7 | 105.1 | 118.4 |
| 7 | MARIN | 262,092 | 476.3 | 181.7 | 112.0 | 101.7 | 122.3 |
| 8 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 227.0 | 120.8 | 120.3 | 104.5 | 136.2 |
| 9 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 73.0 | 121.1 | 120.9 | 94.8 | 152.0 |
| 10 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 1,379.3 | 156.6 | 122.0 | 115.4 | 128.5 |
| 11 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 570.3 | 129.0 | 122.2 | 112.0 | 132.4 |
| 12 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 403.0 | 146.1 | 125.5 | 112.8 | 138.3 |
| 13 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 47.0 | 153.6 | 126.8 | 93.2 | 168.7 |
| 14 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 2,298.3 | 139.2 | 126.9 | 121.6 | 132.2 |
| 15 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 4,687.0 | 146.2 | 127.2 | 123.5 | 130.9 |
| 16 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 14,583.7 | 142.1 | 129.9 | 127.7 | 132.0 |
| 17 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 1,807.7 | 158.8 | 130.3 | 124.2 | 136.5 |
| 18 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 687.0 | 152.6 | 131.5 | 121.4 | 141.5 |
| 19 | PLACER | 382,977 | 747.0 | 195.1 | 132.2 | 122.6 | 141.8 |
| 20 | TULARE | 472,416 | 564.0 | 119.4 | 132.4 | 121.3 | 143.5 |
| 21 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 551.3 | 197.8 | 132.4 | 121.0 | 143.8 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 59,573.0 | 150.4 | 134.4 | 133.3 | 135.5 |
| 22 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 367.0 | 196.7 | 135.5 | 121.2 | 149.8 |
| 23 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 241.7 | 245.2 | 136.0 | 117.6 | 154.4 |
| 24 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 1,358.0 | 158.8 | 136.2 | 128.8 | 143.5 |
| 25 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 5,060.7 | 152.4 | 137.3 | 133.4 | 141.1 |
| 26 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 3,709.0 | 155.0 | 137.4 | 133.0 | 141.9 |
| 27 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 988.3 | 196.2 | 138.2 | 129.4 | 147.1 |
| 28 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 1,325.7 | 132.5 | 139.5 | 131.9 | 147.1 |
| 29 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 34.7 | 153.2 | 139.8 | 97.2 | 194.7 |
| 30 | YOLO | 219,758 | 292.0 | 132.9 | 141.4 | 125.0 | 157.9 |
| 31 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 48.0 | 266.8 | 144.0 | 106.2 | 190.9 |
| 32 | MADERA | 156,915 | 240.7 | 153.4 | 144.4 | 126.0 | 162.8 |
| 33 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 125.7 | 281.4 | 145.6 | 118.7 | 172.5 |
| 34 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 186.3 | 209.2 | 146.8 | 124.8 | 168.8 |
| 35 | NAPA | 141,205 | 284.3 | 201.4 | 148.1 | 130.5 | 165.7 |
| 36 | KERN | 897,949 | 1,171.7 | 130.5 | 149.2 | 140.4 | 157.9 |
| 37 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 106.0 | 283.4 | 149.9 | 120.2 | 179.6 |
| 38 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 3,002.0 | 138.8 | 151.2 | 145.6 | 156.7 |
| 39 | KINGS | 150,992 | 187.0 | 123.8 | 151.4 | 129.4 | 173.4 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> DEATHS <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> DEATH <br> RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | INYO | 18,566 | 45.0 | 242.4 | 151.7 | 110.6 | 203.0 |
| 41 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 119.3 | 269.7 | 152.3 | 123.7 | 181.0 |
| 42 | SACRAMENTO | $1,520,685$ | $2,512.3$ | 165.2 | 154.7 | 148.5 | 160.8 |
| 43 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 138.3 | 214.8 | 154.8 | 128.3 | 181.2 |
| 44 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | $1,136.0$ | 151.5 | 155.4 | 146.2 | 164.6 |
| 45 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 57.3 | 293.3 | 156.9 | 118.9 | 203.1 |
| 46 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 148.7 | 281.2 | 157.6 | 131.0 | 184.3 |
| 47 | MERCED | 276,611 | 379.7 | 137.3 | 157.9 | 141.8 | 174.0 |
| 48 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 179.7 | 182.7 | 157.9 | 134.6 | 181.2 |
| 49 | GLENN | 29,205 | 55.0 | 188.3 | 158.2 | 119.1 | 205.9 |
| 50 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 840.3 | 192.1 | 160.1 | 149.1 | 171.1 |
| 51 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 283.3 | 208.5 | 161.2 | 141.8 | 180.6 |
|  | HPO 2020: C-1 |  |  |  | 161.4 |  |  |
| 52 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 890.0 | 161.7 | 162.2 | 151.4 | 173.1 |
| 53 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 60.7 | 226.3 | 163.3 | 124.8 | 209.9 |
| 54 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 502.7 | 221.8 | 169.5 | 154.2 | 184.7 |
| 55 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 2.7 | $232.7 *$ | $174.1 *$ | 31.4 | 539.5 |
| 56 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 465.3 | 261.1 | 179.7 | 162.9 | 196.5 |
| 57 | LAKE | 64,930 | 189.7 | 292.1 | 186.9 | 159.1 | 214.6 |
| 58 | YUBA | 76,767 | 149.7 | 195.0 | 198.3 | 165.8 | 230.9 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence

*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.
HP 2020 Target: 14.5
California Average: 12.2
(per 100,000 Population)

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.
The crude death rate from colorectal cancer for California averaged 13.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 through 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $5,415.3$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 23.0 in Shasta County to a low of 10.0 in Yolo County, a factor of 2.3 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate from colorectal cancer for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 12.2 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 16.5 in Shasta County to a low of 9.1 in Marin County.

Thirty counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective C-5 of no more than 14.5 age-adjusted deaths due to colorectal cancer per 100,000 population. An additional fifteen counties with unreliable rates and one county with zero deaths due to colorectal cancer also met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from colorectal cancer for the 2013-2015 period averaged 13.2 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 3
DEATHS DUE TO COLORECTAL CANCER
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE
CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 DEATHS (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - - |
| 2 | MARIN | 262,092 | 38.7 | 14.8 | 9.1 | 6.5 | 12.5 |
| 3 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 16.3 | 16.6 * | 9.3 * | 5.4 | 15.1 |
| 4 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 208.7 | 10.7 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 10.6 |
| 5 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 95.3 | 12.4 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 11.7 |
| 6 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 3.7 | 12.0 * | 9.6 * | 2.4 | 25.5 |
| 7 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 2.3 | 17.3 * | 9.9 * | 1.5 | 33.0 |
| 8 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 53.0 | 11.8 | 10.1 | 7.6 | 13.2 |
| 9 | GLENN | 29,205 | 3.3 | 11.4 * | 10.4 * | 2.4 | 28.8 |
| 10 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 6.3 | 10.5 * | 10.4 * | 4.0 | 22.2 |
| 11 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 10.0 | 18.9 * | 10.5 * | 5.0 | 19.3 |
| 12 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 49.3 | 11.2 | 10.5 | 7.8 | 13.9 |
| 13 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 399.3 | 12.5 | 10.7 | 9.7 | 11.8 |
| 14 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 4.0 | 14.9 * | 10.9 * | 3.0 | 27.9 |
| 15 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 21.0 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 6.8 | 16.7 |
| 16 | YOLO | 219,758 | 22.0 | 10.0 | 11.0 | 6.9 | 16.6 |
| 17 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.7 | 12.0 * | 11.1 * | 1.0 | 44.5 |
| 18 | MODOC | 9,488 | 2.0 | 21.1 * | 11.3 * | 1.4 | 40.8 |
| 19 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 47.3 | 17.0 | 11.3 | 8.3 | 15.1 |
| 20 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 13.0 | 13.2 * | 11.4 * | 6.1 | 19.5 |
| 21 | PLACER | 382,977 | 64.7 | 16.9 | 11.5 | 8.9 | 14.7 |
| 22 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 10.3 | 16.0 * | 11.6 * | 5.6 | 21.1 |
| 23 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 36.7 | 13.3 | 11.6 | 8.1 | 16.0 |
| 24 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 130.7 | 14.8 | 11.6 | 9.6 | 13.6 |
| 25 | MADERA | 156,915 | 19.3 | 12.3 * | 11.8 * | 7.1 | 18.3 |
| 26 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 212.0 | 12.8 | 11.9 | 10.2 | 13.5 |
| 27 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 31.0 | 16.6 | 12.0 | 8.1 | 17.0 |
| 28 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 445.7 | 13.4 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 13.3 |
| 29 | KERN | 897,949 | 95.7 | 10.7 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 14.9 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 5,415.3 | 13.7 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.6 |
| 30 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 169.0 | 14.8 | 12.3 | 10.4 | 14.2 |
| 31 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 86.7 | 17.2 | 12.5 | 10.0 | 15.5 |
| 32 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 119.7 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 10.3 | 14.8 |
| 33 | KINGS | 150,992 | 15.7 | 10.4 * | 12.6 * | 7.2 | 20.6 |
| 34 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 1,418.3 | 13.8 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 13.3 |
| 35 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 212.3 | 14.0 | 13.0 | 11.2 | 14.7 |
| 36 | tulare | 472,416 | 55.7 | 11.8 | 13.0 | 9.8 | 17.0 |
| 37 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 130.0 | 15.2 | 13.1 | 10.8 | 15.4 |
| 38 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 356.0 | 14.9 | 13.1 | 11.8 | 14.5 |
| 39 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 39.0 | 17.2 | 13.5 | 9.6 | 18.4 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 23.3 | 17.2 | 13.5 | 8.6 | 20.2 |
| 41 | NAPA | 141,205 | 25.3 | 17.9 | 13.5 | 8.8 | 19.9 |
| 42 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 69.3 | 15.9 | 13.6 | 10.6 | 17.2 |
| 43 | YUBA | 76,767 | 10.0 | 13.0 * | 13.6 * | 6.5 | 25.0 |
| 44 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 11.7 | 26.1 * | 13.8 * | 7.0 | 24.2 |
| 45 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 101.0 | 13.5 | 14.1 | 11.3 | 16.9 |
| 46 | MERCED | 276,611 | 34.0 | 12.3 | 14.5 | 10.0 | 20.2 |
|  | HPO 2020: C-5 |  |  |  | 14.5 |  |  |
| 47 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 17.3 | 19.5 * | 14.6 * | 8.5 | 23.2 |
| 48 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 11.3 | 25.6 * | 14.6 * | 7.4 | 25.9 |
| 49 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 292.7 | 13.5 | 14.7 | 13.0 | 16.5 |
| 50 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 5.3 | 29.6 * | 15.5 * | 5.3 | 35.2 |
| 51 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 10.0 | 26.7 * | 15.5 * | 7.4 | 28.5 |
| 52 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 3.7 | 16.2 * | 15.8 * | 4.0 | 42.0 |
| 53 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 85.3 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 12.7 | 19.6 |
| 54 | LAKE | 64,930 | 16.7 | 25.7 * | 16.4 * | 9.5 | 26.4 |
| 55 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 41.0 | 23.0 | 16.5 | 11.8 | 22.4 |
| 56 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 5.3 | 27.3 * | 18.0 * | 6.1 | 40.8 |
| 57 | INYO | 18,566 | 5.0 | 26.9 * | 18.3 * | 5.9 | 42.6 |
| 58 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 1.3 | 42.3 * | 20.2 * | 1.1 | 92.8 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

## Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence <br> 

Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.

HP 2020 Target: 45.5
California Average: 25.8 (per 100,000 Population)

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate from lung cancer for California averaged 28.9 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 through 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged 11,437.7 with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 80.2 in Amador County to a low of 19.9 in Imperial County, a factor of 4 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from lung cancer for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 25.8 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 53.3 in Yuba County to a low of 19.8 in Marin County.

Forty-three counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective C-2 of no more than 45.5 age-adjusted deaths due to lung cancer per 100,000 population. An additional twelve counties with unreliable rates and one county with zero deaths due to lung cancer also met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from lung cancer for the 2013-2015 period averaged 30.5 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 4
DEATHS DUE TO LUNG CANCER
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{array}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.7 | 12.0 * | 9.0 * | 0.8 | 36.3 |
| 3 | MODOC | 9,488 | 3.0 | 31.6 * | 17.2 * | 3.5 | 50.2 |
| 4 | MARIN | 262,092 | 85.3 | 32.6 | 19.8 | 15.8 | 24.4 |
| 5 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.3 | 29.1 * | 19.9 * | <0.1 | 260.6 |
| 6 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 199.3 | 25.8 | 20.0 | 17.2 | 22.8 |
| 7 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 37.3 | 19.9 | 20.1 | 14.2 | 27.6 |
| 8 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 440.0 | 22.6 | 20.2 | 18.3 | 22.1 |
| 9 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 72.3 | 26.2 | 22.6 | 17.7 | 28.5 |
| 10 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 107.0 | 24.2 | 23.0 | 18.5 | 27.4 |
| 11 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 2,596.0 | 25.3 | 23.3 | 22.4 | 24.2 |
| 12 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 125.0 | 27.8 | 23.9 | 19.7 | 28.2 |
| 13 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 884.0 | 27.6 | 24.1 | 22.5 | 25.7 |
| 14 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 276.0 | 31.3 | 24.3 | 21.4 | 27.3 |
| 15 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 245.0 | 28.7 | 24.4 | 21.3 | 27.5 |
| 16 | PLACER | 382,977 | 141.7 | 37.0 | 24.5 | 20.5 | 28.6 |
| 17 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 446.3 | 27.0 | 24.8 | 22.5 | 27.2 |
| 18 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 353.3 | 31.0 | 25.4 | 22.7 | 28.2 |
| 19 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 943.3 | 28.4 | 25.6 | 23.9 | 27.2 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 11,437.7 | 28.9 | 25.8 | 25.3 | 26.3 |
| 20 | TULARE | 472,416 | 112.7 | 23.8 | 26.2 | 21.3 | 31.2 |
| 21 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 48.3 | 49.0 | 26.4 | 19.5 | 35.0 |
| 22 | YOLO | 219,758 | 54.7 | 24.9 | 26.4 | 19.9 | 34.4 |
| 23 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 113.0 | 40.5 | 26.5 | 21.6 | 31.5 |
| 24 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 76.0 | 40.7 | 26.9 | 21.2 | 33.6 |
| 25 | MADERA | 156,915 | 46.0 | 29.3 | 27.0 | 19.8 | 36.0 |
| 26 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 198.0 | 39.3 | 27.5 | 23.6 | 31.4 |
| 27 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 754.3 | 31.5 | 27.8 | 25.8 | 29.8 |
| 28 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 9.0 | 50.0 * | 28.0 * | 12.8 | 53.1 |
| 29 | INYO | 18,566 | 9.0 | 48.5 * | 28.1 * | 12.8 | 53.3 |
| 30 | NAPA | 141,205 | 55.7 | 39.4 | 28.3 | 21.3 | 36.7 |
| 31 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 267.7 | 26.8 | 28.3 | 24.9 | 31.8 |
| 32 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 559.7 | 25.9 | 28.5 | 26.0 | 30.9 |
| 33 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 8.0 | 59.5 * | 28.6 * | 12.3 | 56.3 |
| 34 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 7.3 | 32.4 * | 28.6 * | 11.8 | 58.0 |
| 35 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 11.0 | 35.9 * | 28.9 * | 14.4 | 51.8 |
| 36 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 219.3 | 29.3 | 29.7 | 25.7 | 33.7 |
| 37 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 16.7 | 27.6 * | 30.4 * | 17.6 | 48.8 |
| 38 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 41.0 | 46.0 | 30.5 | 21.9 | 41.4 |
| 39 | KERN | 897,949 | 242.0 | 27.0 | 31.0 | 27.0 | 35.0 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> DEATHS <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> DEATH <br> RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 169.7 | 38.8 | 31.7 | 26.9 | 36.5 |
| 41 | SACRAMENTO | $1,520,685$ | 519.0 | 34.1 | 32.0 | 29.2 | 34.8 |
| 42 | MERCED | 276,611 | 81.3 | 29.4 | 33.7 | 26.8 | 41.9 |
| 43 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 34.6 | 24.7 | 47.1 |
| 44 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 191.3 | 34.8 | 34.7 | 29.7 | 39.7 |
| 45 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 34.0 | 64.3 | 35.1 | 24.3 | 49.0 |
| 46 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 33.0 | 51.2 | 35.4 | 24.3 | 49.7 |
| 47 | KINGS | 150,992 | 43.7 | 28.9 | 36.3 | 26.3 | 48.7 |
| 48 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 33.3 | 74.6 | 36.8 | 25.4 | 51.6 |
| 49 | GLENN | 29,205 | 13.0 | $44.5 *$ | $37.0 *$ | 19.7 | 63.3 |
| 50 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 68.3 | 50.3 | 37.0 | 28.8 | 46.9 |
| 51 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 14.0 | $52.2 *$ | $37.6 *$ | 20.6 | 63.1 |
| 52 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 14.7 | $75.0 *$ | $37.7 *$ | 20.9 | 62.5 |
| 53 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 30.3 | 68.6 | 38.1 | 25.8 | 54.3 |
| 54 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 118.7 | 52.4 | 38.5 | 31.4 | 45.5 |
| 55 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 30.0 | 80.2 | 40.3 | 27.2 | 57.6 |
| 56 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 108.7 | 61.0 | 40.5 | 32.8 | 48.3 |
|  | HPO 2020: C-2 |  |  |  |  | 45.5 |  |
| 57 | LAKE | 64,930 | 48.0 | 73.9 | 46.1 | 34.0 | 61.2 |
| 58 | YUBA | 76,767 | 40.3 | 52.5 | 53.3 | 38.2 | 72.5 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.


Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

T
he crude death rate from female breast cancer for California averaged 22.5 deaths per 100,000 female population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $4,483.0$ with a female population count of $19,925,547$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 33.7 in Shasta County to a low of 15.5 in Monterey County, a factor of 2.2 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate from female breast cancer for California during the 2015 through 2017 three-year period totaled 18.6 deaths per 100,000 female population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 22.7 in Shasta County to a low of 13.3 in Monterey County.

Twenty-two counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective C-3 of no more than 20.7 age-adjusted deaths due to female breast cancer per 100,000 female population. An additional nineteen counties with unreliable rates and two counties with zero deaths due to breast cancer also met this objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from female breast cancer for the 2013-2015 period averaged 19.8 per 100,000 female population.

TABLE 5
DEATHS DUE TO FEMALE BREAST CANCER
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 FEMALE POPULATION | 2016-2018 DEATHS (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SIERRA | 1,562 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - - |
| 2 | ALPINE | 565 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | TRINITY | 6,633 | 0.3 | 5.0 * | 2.0 * | <0.1 | 26.3 |
| 4 | COLUSA | 11,046 | 0.7 | 6.0 * | 5.8 * | <0.1 | 43.3 |
| 5 | MODOC | 4,736 | 0.7 | 14.1 * | 7.0 * | <0.1 | 52.3 |
| 6 | PLUMAS | 9,797 | 1.7 | 17.0 * | 7.6 * | 0.7 | 30.4 |
| 7 | INYO | 9,150 | 1.7 | 18.2 * | 9.4 * | 0.8 | 37.7 |
| 8 | MONTEREY | 215,546 | 33.3 | 15.5 | 13.3 | 9.2 | 18.7 |
| 9 | SAN MATEO | 392,035 | 76.7 | 19.6 | 13.9 | 11.0 | 17.4 |
| 10 | IMPERIAL | 92,735 | 14.0 | 15.1 * | 14.0 * | 7.6 | 23.5 |
| 11 | GLENN | 14,424 | 2.7 | 18.5 * | 14.3 * | 2.6 | 44.2 |
| 12 | SAN FRANCISCO | 435,568 | 87.7 | 20.1 | 14.8 | 11.8 | 18.2 |
| 13 | MARIN | 132,827 | 34.7 | 26.1 | 15.3 | 10.7 | 21.3 |
| 14 | CALAVERAS | 22,436 | 7.3 | 32.7 * | 15.6 * | 6.4 | 31.5 |
| 15 | SANTA CLARA | 966,233 | 183.3 | 19.0 | 15.6 | 13.3 | 17.9 |
| 16 | MENDOCINO | 44,614 | 10.7 | 23.9 * | 15.9 * | 7.9 | 28.8 |
| 17 | NAPA | 70,942 | 17.7 | 24.9 * | 16.1 * | 9.5 | 25.5 |
| 18 | KINGS | 68,748 | 10.0 | 14.5 * | 16.3 * | 7.8 | 30.0 |
| 19 | SAN BENITO | 30,170 | 6.0 | 19.9 * | 16.6 * | 6.1 | 36.0 |
| 20 | SANTA CRUZ | 137,846 | 30.3 | 22.0 | 16.8 | 11.4 | 24.0 |
| 21 | FRESNO | 500,813 | 88.0 | 17.6 | 17.0 | 13.7 | 21.0 |
| 22 | SOLANO | 219,825 | 49.0 | 22.3 | 17.1 | 12.6 | 22.6 |
| 23 | AMADOR | 17,401 | 6.3 | 36.4 * | 17.2 * | 6.5 | 36.7 |
| 24 | ALAMEDA | 840,889 | 173.7 | 20.7 | 17.2 | 14.6 | 19.8 |
| 25 | tulare | 236,240 | 39.3 | 16.6 | 17.3 | 12.3 | 23.6 |
| 26 | DEL NORTE | 12,449 | 3.7 | 29.5 * | 17.6 * | 4.4 | 46.8 |
| 27 | EL DORADO | 92,757 | 25.0 | 27.0 | 17.7 | 11.5 | 26.1 |
| 28 | ORANGE | 1,616,575 | 358.3 | 22.2 | 17.8 | 16.0 | 19.7 |
| 29 | NEVADA | 49,774 | 16.0 | 32.1 * | 18.1 * | 10.3 | 29.3 |
| 30 | vENTURA | 430,094 | 96.7 | 22.5 | 18.1 | 14.7 | 22.1 |
| 31 | PLACER | 195,369 | 56.0 | 28.7 | 18.4 | 13.9 | 23.9 |
| 32 | TEHAMA | 32,480 | 9.3 | 28.7 * | 18.5 * | 8.6 | 34.7 |
| 33 | CONTRA COSTA | 581,872 | 139.0 | 23.9 | 18.5 | 15.3 | 21.7 |
| 34 | LOS ANGELES | 5,201,009 | 1,157.0 | 22.2 | 18.6 | 17.5 | 19.7 |
| 35 | YOLO | 112,815 | 19.7 | 17.4 * | 18.6 * | 11.3 | 28.9 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 19,925,547 | 4,483.0 | 22.5 | 18.6 | 18.1 | 19.2 |
| 36 | SISKIYOU | 22,344 | 7.3 | 32.8 * | 18.7 * | 7.7 | 37.8 |
| 37 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 136,312 | 39.3 | 28.9 | 18.8 | 13.4 | 25.6 |
| 38 | SAN JOAQUIN | 376,186 | 77.7 | 20.6 | 19.1 | 15.1 | 23.8 |
| 39 | RIVERSIDE | 1,204,837 | 280.3 | 23.3 | 19.6 | 17.3 | 22.0 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2017 FEMALE POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> DEATHS <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | HUMBOLDT | 67,818 | 18.7 | 27.5 * | 20.0 * | 12.0 | 31.3 |
| 41 | SONOMA | 256,019 | 78.0 | 30.5 | 20.0 | 15.8 | 25.0 |
| 42 | SAN DIEGO | 1,653,392 | 405.3 | 24.5 | 20.3 | 18.3 | 22.3 |
| 43 | KERN | 437,977 | 88.0 | 20.1 | 20.5 | 16.5 | 25.3 |
|  | HPO 2020: C-3 |  |  |  | 20.7 |  |  |
| 44 | SACRAMENTO | 774,927 | 190.3 | 24.6 | 21.0 | 17.9 | 24.0 |
| 45 | MADERA | 81,156 | 19.0 | 23.4 * | 21.0 * | 12.7 | 32.8 |
| 46 | BUTTE | 113,976 | 33.3 | 29.2 | 21.4 | 14.8 | 30.0 |
| 47 | MERCED | 137,258 | 28.0 | 20.4 | 21.8 | 14.5 | 31.5 |
| 48 | SANTA BARBARA | 223,491 | 60.7 | 27.1 | 22.1 | 16.9 | 28.4 |
| 49 | LASSEN | 11,639 | 3.7 | 31.5 * | 22.2 * | 5.6 | 59.1 |
| 50 | SAN BERNARDINO | 1,090,399 | 247.0 | 22.7 | 22.3 | 19.4 | 25.1 |
| 51 | STANISLAUS | 277,906 | 67.3 | 24.2 | 22.3 | 17.3 | 28.4 |
| 52 | SUTTER | 49,446 | 13.7 | 27.6 * | 22.6 * | 12.3 | 38.1 |
| 53 | SHASTA | 90,894 | 30.7 | 33.7 | 22.7 | 15.4 | 32.3 |
| 54 | MARIPOSA | 8,906 | 4.3 | 48.7 * | 22.8 * | 6.6 | 56.3 |
| 55 | TUOLUMNE | 25,454 | 11.0 | 43.2 * | 23.0 * | 11.5 | 41.1 |
| 56 | LAKE | 32,492 | 12.0 | 36.9 * | 23.6 * | 12.2 | 41.2 |
| 57 | YUBA | 38,200 | 10.3 | 27.1 * | 26.1 * | 12.7 | 47.5 |
| 58 | MONO | 6,543 | 0.7 | 10.2 * | 76.4 * | 0.4 | 570.8 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.
HP 2020 Target: 21.8
California Average: 19.7 (per 100,000 Male Population)

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate from prostate cancer for California averaged 18.3 deaths per 100,000 male population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged 3,593.0 with a male population count of 19,685,009 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 26.3 in Placer County and Shasta County to a low of 12.6 in Tulare County, a factor of 2.1 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from prostate cancer for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 19.7 deaths per 100,000 male population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 28.0 in Solano County to a low of 13.6 in Santa Clara County.

Twenty-two counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective C-7 of no more than 21.8 age-adjusted deaths due to prostate cancer per 100,000 male population. An additional eighteen counties with unreliable rates and one county with zero deaths due to prostate cancer also met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from prostate cancer for the 2013-2015 period averaged 19.5 per 100,000 male population.

TABLE 6
DEATHS DUE TO PROSTATE CANCER
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2017 MALE POPULATION | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CRUDE } \\ & \text { DEATH } \\ & \text { RATE } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE |  | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | SIERRA | 1,587 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - - |
| 2 | PLUMAS | 9,753 | 1.0 | 10.3 * | 4.3 * | 0.1 | 24.1 |
| 3 | MARIPOSA | 9,086 | 2.0 | 22.0 * | 10.6 * | 1.3 | 38.2 |
| 4 | SANTA CLARA | 979,678 | 125.3 | 12.8 | 13.6 | 11.2 | 16.1 |
| 5 | MONO | 7,303 | 1.0 | 13.7 * | 14.1 * | 0.4 | 78.6 |
| 6 | LASSEN | 18,965 | 2.3 | 12.3 * | 14.9 * | 2.3 | 49.3 |
| 7 | TUOLUMNE | 27,408 | 6.7 | 24.3 * | 14.9 * | 5.8 | 31.2 |
| 8 | MODOC | 4,752 | 1.3 | 28.1 * | 15.3 * | 0.8 | 70.4 |
| 9 | SAN FRANCISCO | 445,387 | 78.0 | 17.5 | 15.7 | 12.4 | 19.6 |
| 10 | SAN BENITO | 30,121 | 4.0 | 13.3 * | 16.2 * | 4.4 | 41.4 |
| 11 | MARIN | 129,265 | 30.3 | 23.5 | 16.5 | 11.2 | 23.6 |
| 12 | KINGS | 82,244 | 8.3 | 10.1 * | 17.0 * | 7.5 | 33.0 |
| 13 | SAN MATEO | 379,867 | 71.7 | 18.9 | 17.3 | 13.6 | 21.9 |
| 14 | TULARE | 236,176 | 29.7 | 12.6 | 17.4 | 11.7 | 24.9 |
| 15 | MONTEREY | 226,650 | 34.3 | 15.1 | 17.7 | 12.3 | 24.7 |
| 16 | ORANGE | 1,589,280 | 270.7 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 15.6 | 19.9 |
| 17 | ALAMEDA | 810,430 | 129.7 | 16.0 | 17.9 | 14.7 | 21.0 |
| 18 | IMPERIAL | 95,208 | 15.0 | 15.8 * | 17.9 * | 10.0 | 29.5 |
| 19 | SANTA BARBARA | 226,647 | 41.0 | 18.1 | 18.0 | 12.9 | 24.4 |
| 20 | SONOMA | 247,615 | 53.7 | 21.7 | 18.2 | 13.7 | 23.8 |
| 21 | FRESNO | 499,330 | 70.0 | 14.0 | 18.5 | 14.4 | 23.4 |
| 22 | INYO | 9,416 | 2.3 | 24.8 * | 18.6 * | 2.8 | 61.6 |
| 23 | COLUSA | 11,586 | 2.0 | 17.3 * | 18.8 * | 2.3 | 67.9 |
| 24 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 142,368 | 35.7 | 25.1 | 18.8 | 13.2 | 26.1 |
| 25 | DEL NORTE | 14,362 | 3.0 | 20.9 * | 19.1 * | 3.9 | 55.8 |
| 26 | EL DORADO | 93,799 | 24.3 | 25.9 | 19.3 | 12.4 | 28.7 |
| 27 | VENTURA | 424,893 | 79.3 | 18.7 | 19.5 | 15.4 | 24.3 |
| 28 | LOS ANGELES | 5,060,727 | 890.3 | 17.6 | 19.6 | 18.3 | 20.9 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 19,685,009 | 3,593.0 | 18.3 | 19.7 | 19.1 | 20.4 |
| 29 | CONTRA COSTA | 556,329 | 111.3 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 16.0 | 23.6 |
| 30 | MADERA | 75,759 | 14.7 | 19.4 * | 19.9 * | 11.1 | 33.0 |
| 31 | NEVADA | 48,780 | 17.3 | 35.5 * | 20.1 * | 11.8 | 32.0 |
| 32 | PLACER | 187,608 | 49.3 | 26.3 | 20.1 | 14.9 | 26.5 |
| 33 | SHASTA | 87,346 | 23.0 | 26.3 | 20.4 | 12.9 | 30.6 |
| 34 | SACRAMENTO | 745,758 | 131.3 | 17.6 | 20.6 | 17.0 | 24.2 |
| 35 | SUTTER | 48,896 | 10.3 | 21.1 * | 20.7 * | 10.0 | 37.6 |
| 36 | RIVERSIDE | 1,187,674 | 245.3 | 20.7 | 20.8 | 18.2 | 23.4 |
| 37 | AMADOR | 20,004 | 6.3 | 31.7 * | 20.9 * | 7.9 | 44.6 |
| 38 | TEHAMA | 31,927 | 8.3 | 26.1 * | 21.1 * | 9.3 | 41.1 |
| 39 | SAN DIEGO | 1,666,995 | 327.3 | 19.6 | 21.4 | 19.1 | 23.8 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2017 MALE POPULATION | $\begin{array}{r} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{array}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | YOLO | 106,943 | 17.0 | 15.9 * | 21.4 * | 12.5 | 34.3 |
| 41 | KERN | 459,972 | 67.3 | 14.6 | 21.4 | 16.6 | 27.2 |
|  | HPO 2020: C-7 |  |  |  | 21.8 |  |  |
| 42 | BUTTE | 112,685 | 28.0 | 24.8 | 22.1 | 14.7 | 32.0 |
| 43 | SANTA CRUZ | 138,013 | 29.3 | 21.3 | 22.5 | 15.1 | 32.2 |
| 44 | MERCED | 139,353 | 22.3 | 16.0 | 22.6 | 14.2 | 34.1 |
| 45 | TRINITY | 6,820 | 3.3 | 48.9 * | 23.4 * | 5.4 | 64.9 |
| 46 | CALAVERAS | 22,220 | 9.3 | 42.0 * | 23.7 * | 11.0 | 44.4 |
| 47 | LAKE | 32,438 | 10.7 | 32.9 * | 23.8 * | 11.7 | 43.0 |
| 48 | SAN BERNARDINO | 1,073,162 | 189.0 | 17.6 | 25.1 | 21.4 | 28.8 |
| 49 | SISKIYOU | 21,896 | 9.0 | 41.1 * | 25.3 * | 11.6 | 48.0 |
| 50 | HUMBOLDT | 68,047 | 18.3 | 26.9 * | 25.4 * | 15.2 | 40.1 |
| 51 | MENDOCINO | 44,457 | 13.0 | 29.2 * | 25.8 * | 13.8 | 44.2 |
| 52 | STANISLAUS | 272,599 | 56.7 | 20.8 | 27.1 | 20.5 | 35.2 |
| 53 | SAN JOAQUIN | 373,624 | 74.7 | 20.0 | 27.1 | 21.3 | 34.0 |
| 54 | YUBA | 38,567 | 8.0 | 20.7 * | 28.0 * | 12.1 | 55.2 |
| 55 | SOLANO | 217,609 | 55.7 | 25.6 | 28.0 | 21.1 | 36.4 |
| 56 | NAPA | 70,263 | 18.7 | 26.6 * | 28.5 * | 17.1 | 44.6 |
| 57 | GLENN | 14,781 | 4.3 | 29.3 * | 29.9 * | 8.7 | 74.0 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 581 | 0.7 | 114.7 * | 48.9 * | 0.2 | 365.1 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.


Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate from diabetes for California was 23.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $9,399.3$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 36.5 in Solano County to a low of 14.0 in Marin County, a factor of 2.6 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from diabetes for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 21.2 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 38.4 in Kern County to a low of 8.6 in Marin County.

The Healthy People 2020 National Objective D-3 for diabetes mortality does not apply to the County Health Status Profiles 2020 report as the calculations do not include data for multiple causes of death.

The California age-adjusted death rate from diabetes for the 2013-2015 period averaged 20.6 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 7
DEATHS DUE TO DIABETES
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020 D-3: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | MONO | 13,846 | 0.3 | 2.4 * | 4.3 * | <0.1 | 56.5 |
| 3 | MARIN | 262,092 | 36.7 | 14.0 | 8.6 | 6.1 | 11.9 |
| 4 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 111.3 | 14.4 | 11.1 | 9.0 | 13.1 |
| 5 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 8.0 | 21.4 * | 11.3 * | 4.9 | 22.3 |
| 6 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 2.3 | 17.3 * | 11.5 * | 1.7 | 38.2 |
| 7 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 10.7 | 20.2 * | 11.6 * | 5.7 | 21.0 |
| 8 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 0.3 | 10.6 * | 11.7 * | <0.1 | 153.4 |
| 9 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 138.0 | 15.7 | 11.9 | 9.9 | 14.0 |
| 10 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 33.3 | 17.9 | 12.7 | 8.8 | 17.8 |
| 11 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 52.0 | 18.7 | 13.0 | 9.7 | 17.1 |
| 12 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 3.3 | 14.7 * | 13.3 * | 3.1 | 36.8 |
| 13 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 22.0 | 22.3 | 13.7 | 8.6 | 20.8 |
| 14 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 517.3 | 16.1 | 14.1 | 12.9 | 15.3 |
| 15 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 45.0 | 16.3 | 14.6 | 10.6 | 19.5 |
| 16 | PLACER | 382,977 | 87.3 | 22.8 | 15.5 | 12.4 | 19.1 |
| 17 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 12.0 | 26.9 * | 15.8 * | 8.2 | 27.6 |
| 18 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 84.0 | 18.7 | 15.8 | 12.6 | 19.6 |
| 19 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 5.7 | 31.5 * | 16.4 * | 5.8 | 36.5 |
| 20 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 76.0 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 13.1 | 20.8 |
| 21 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 235.7 | 20.7 | 17.0 | 14.8 | 19.3 |
| 22 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 121.7 | 24.2 | 17.4 | 14.2 | 20.6 |
| 23 | KINGS | 150,992 | 21.7 | 14.3 | 18.1 | 11.3 | 27.5 |
| 24 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 488.7 | 20.4 | 18.2 | 16.6 | 19.8 |
| 25 | NAPA | 141,205 | 35.3 | 25.0 | 18.3 | 12.8 | 25.4 |
| 26 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 335.3 | 20.3 | 18.5 | 16.5 | 20.5 |
| 27 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 24.7 | 27.7 | 18.9 | 12.2 | 28.0 |
| 28 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 192.3 | 22.5 | 19.3 | 16.5 | 22.1 |
| 29 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 7.3 | 24.0 * | 20.0 * | 8.2 | 40.5 |
| 30 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 442.7 | 22.7 | 20.2 | 18.3 | 22.0 |
| 31 | LAKE | 64,930 | 19.0 | 29.3 * | 20.3 * | 12.2 | 31.7 |
| 32 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 773.7 | 23.3 | 20.8 | 19.3 | 22.3 |
| 33 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 23.7 | 24.1 | 21.1 | 13.5 | 31.6 |
| 34 | INYO | 18,566 | 5.7 | 30.5 * | 21.2 * | 7.5 | 47.1 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 9,399.3 | 23.7 | 21.2 | 20.8 | 21.7 |
| 35 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 53.3 | 29.9 | 21.6 | 16.2 | 28.2 |
| 36 | MADERA | 156,915 | 35.7 | 22.7 | 21.7 | 15.1 | 30.0 |
| 37 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 19.7 | 30.5 * | 21.8 * | 13.3 | 33.8 |
| 38 | YUBA | 76,767 | 16.0 | 20.8 * | 22.4 * | 12.8 | 36.3 |


| $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 DEATHS (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE |  | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | TULARE | 472,416 | 97.0 | 20.5 | 22.6 | 18.3 | 27.6 |
| 40 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 64.0 | 28.2 | 23.2 | 17.8 | 29.6 |
| 41 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 2,615.7 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 22.3 | 24.1 |
| 42 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 8.7 | 44.3 * | 23.4 * | 10.5 | 45.0 |
| 43 | YOLO | 219,758 | 50.3 | 22.9 | 25.1 | 18.6 | 33.0 |
| 44 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 15.7 | 26.0 * | 25.5 * | 14.5 | 41.6 |
| 45 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 19.3 | 43.7 * | 25.6 * | 15.5 | 39.8 |
| 46 | GLENN | 29,205 | 8.7 | 29.7 * | 26.5 * | 11.9 | 50.9 |
| 47 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 197.0 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 22.8 | 30.3 |
| 48 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 258.0 | 25.8 | 27.4 | 24.0 | 30.8 |
| 49 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 10.0 | 37.3 * | 27.8 * | 13.3 | 51.1 |
| 50 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 156.3 | 28.4 | 28.5 | 24.0 | 33.0 |
| 51 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 466.7 | 30.7 | 28.5 | 25.9 | 31.2 |
| 52 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 49.3 | 36.3 | 29.3 | 21.7 | 38.7 |
| 53 | MERCED | 276,611 | 71.3 | 25.8 | 30.2 | 23.6 | 38.0 |
| 54 | MODOC | 9,488 | 5.0 | 52.7 * | 30.4 * | 9.9 | 71.0 |
| 55 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 159.7 | 36.5 | 31.7 | 26.7 | 36.7 |
| 56 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 66.3 | 35.3 | 34.9 | 27.0 | 44.4 |
| 57 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 692.0 | 32.0 | 35.1 | 32.4 | 37.8 |
| 58 | KERN | 897,949 | 290.7 | 32.4 | 38.4 | 33.9 | 42.9 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0 .
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.


The crude death rate from Alzheimer's disease for California averaged 40.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $16,126.7$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 86.0 in Shasta County to a low of 13.3 in Santa Clara County ${ }^{\dagger}$, a factor of 6.5 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from Alzheimer's disease for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 36.9 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 60.9 in Shasta County to a low of 11.6 in Santa Clara County ${ }^{\dagger}$.

A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for deaths due to Alzheimer's disease has not been established.

The California age-adjusted death rate from Alzheimer's disease for the 2013-2015 period averaged 32.6 per 100,000 population.

[^0]TABLE 8
DEATHS DUE TO ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE
CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $\qquad$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 258.7 | 13.3 † | $11.6 \dagger$ | 10.2 | 13.0 |
| 2 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 4.7 | 17.4 * | 12.5 * | 3.9 | 30.1 |
| 3 | INYO | 18,566 | 3.7 | 19.7 * | 12.9 * | 3.3 | 34.4 |
| 4 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 4.3 | 14.2 * | 13.0 * | 3.8 | 32.3 |
| 5 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 16.0 | 18.0 * | 13.5 * | 7.7 | 21.9 |
| 6 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 13.0 | 24.6 * | 13.8 * | 7.4 | 23.7 |
| 7 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 7.3 | 12.2 * | 13.9 * | 5.7 | 28.1 |
| 8 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 28.7 | 15.3 | 14.0 | 9.3 | 20.1 |
| 9 | MODOC | 9,488 | 2.7 | 28.1 * | 15.0 * | 2.7 | 46.6 |
| 10 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 1.0 | 31.8 * | 16.2 * | 0.4 | 90.3 |
| 11 | LAKE | 64,930 | 19.7 | 30.3 * | 19.7 * | 12.0 | 30.6 |
| 12 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.3 | 29.1 * | 19.9 * | <0.1 | 260.6 |
| 13 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 7.3 | 40.8 * | 20.2 * | 8.3 | 40.9 |
| 14 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 5.3 | 39.6 * | 20.5 * | 7.0 | 46.7 |
| 15 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 21.0 | 15.0 | 28.6 |
| 16 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 8.3 | 42.6 * | 22.7 * | 10.0 | 44.2 |
| 17 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 39.0 | 28.7 | 23.7 | 16.8 | 32.3 |
| 18 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 338.7 | 38.4 | 25.6 | 22.9 | 28.4 |
| 19 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 19.3 | 43.3 * | 25.7 * | 15.5 | 39.9 |
| 20 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 126.3 | 28.6 | 26.2 | 21.6 | 30.8 |
| 21 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.7 | 12.0 * | 26.4 * | 2.3 | 106.0 |
| 22 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 312.0 | 40.4 | 28.8 | 25.5 | 32.0 |
| 23 | MERCED | 276,611 | 63.0 | 22.8 | 29.0 | 22.3 | 37.0 |
| 24 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 71.3 | 38.2 | 29.3 | 22.9 | 37.0 |
| 25 | KINGS | 150,992 | 34.0 | 22.5 | 31.2 | 21.6 | 43.6 |
| 26 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 25.3 | 57.3 | 31.6 | 20.5 | 46.5 |
| 27 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 95.0 | 34.4 | 32.7 | 26.4 | 40.0 |
| 28 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 609.0 | 36.9 | 35.5 | 32.7 | 38.3 |
| 29 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 4,097.0 | 39.9 | 36.2 | 35.1 | 37.3 |
| 30 | NAPA | 141,205 | 69.3 | 49.1 | 36.6 | 28.5 | 46.3 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 16,126.7 | 40.7 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.4 |
| 31 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 1,020.0 | 42.6 | 37.3 | 35.0 | 39.6 |
| 32 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 167.0 | 59.9 | 38.8 | 32.9 | 44.7 |
| 33 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 1,446.3 | 43.6 | 38.8 | 36.8 | 40.9 |
| 34 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 356.3 | 35.6 | 39.0 | 34.9 | 43.0 |
| 35 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 1,449.0 | 45.2 | 39.0 | 37.0 | 41.0 |
| 36 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 26.3 | 70.4 | 39.2 | 25.7 | 57.3 |
| 37 | MADERA | 156,915 | 64.0 | 40.8 | 39.7 | 30.6 | 50.7 |
| 38 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 283.0 | 56.2 | 39.8 | 35.1 | 44.4 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> DEATHS <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> DEATH <br> RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | TULARE | 472,416 | 154.0 | 32.6 | 39.8 | 33.5 | 46.1 |
| 40 | MARIN | 262,092 | 176.7 | 67.4 | 40.4 | 34.4 | 46.4 |
| 41 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 237.7 | 52.8 | 40.5 | 35.3 | 45.8 |
| 42 | CONTRA COSTA | $1,138,201$ | 544.7 | 47.9 | 40.5 | 37.1 | 44.0 |
| 43 | PLACER | 382,977 | 237.7 | 62.1 | 40.5 | 35.4 | 45.7 |
| 44 | GLENN | 29,205 | 14.0 | $47.9 *$ | $40.8 *$ | 22.3 | 68.4 |
| 45 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 36.3 | 56.4 | 41.4 | 29.0 | 57.2 |
| 46 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 420.7 | 49.2 | 43.1 | 38.9 | 47.2 |
| 47 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 211.7 | 48.4 | 44.3 | 38.3 | 50.3 |
| 48 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 11.3 | $50.1 *$ | $44.4 *$ | 22.4 | 78.7 |
| 49 | SAN BERNARDINO | $2,163,561$ | 746.0 | 34.5 | 45.4 | 42.1 | 48.6 |
| 50 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 293.3 | 39.1 | 45.6 | 40.4 | 50.9 |
| 51 | YOLO | 219,758 | 92.7 | 42.2 | 46.4 | 37.5 | 56.9 |
| 52 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 51.3 | 52.2 | 46.4 | 34.6 | 61.0 |
| 53 | YUBA | 76,767 | 29.0 | 37.8 | 47.5 | 31.8 | 68.3 |
| 54 | SACRAMENTO | $1,520,685$ | 745.0 | 49.0 | 48.7 | 45.2 | 52.2 |
| 55 | KERN | 897,949 | 346.3 | 38.6 | 53.2 | 47.6 | 58.8 |
| 56 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 299.3 | 54.4 | 59.7 | 52.9 | 66.5 |
| 57 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 191.7 | 84.6 | 60.0 | 51.5 | 68.6 |
| 58 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 153.3 | 86.0 | 60.9 | 51.2 | 70.6 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$\dagger$ Data and rates for Santa Clara County may not provide the true reflection of Alzheimer's deaths due to reporting inconsistencies. See technical notes for more information.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

## Age-Adjusted Death Rate

 per 100,000 Population by County of ResidenceLess than or equal to 85.1
Within 85.2 to 103.4
Greater than 103.4
Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.

| HP 2020 Target: 103.4 |
| :---: |
| California Average: 85.1 <br> (per 100,000 Population) |

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate from coronary heart disease for California averaged 95.4 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged 37,799.3 with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 203.8 in Mariposa County to a low of 57.1 in Monterey County, a factor of 3.6 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate from coronary heart disease for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 85.1 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 137.4 in Yuba County to a low of 46.5 in Marin County.

Thirty-eight counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective HDS-2 of no more than 103.4 age-adjusted deaths due to coronary heart disease per 100,000 population. An additional four counties with unreliable rates also met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from coronary heart disease for the 2013-2015 period averaged 93.8 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 9
DEATHS DUE TO CORONARY HEART DISEASE RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2016-2018 DEATHS (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MARIN | 262,092 | 203.3 | 77.6 | 46.5 | 40.0 | 53.0 |
| 2 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 545.3 | 70.6 | 52.4 | 48.0 | 56.9 |
| 3 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 252.7 | 57.1 | 53.0 | 46.3 | 59.6 |
| 4 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 643.0 | 73.0 | 53.1 | 48.9 | 57.3 |
| 5 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 1,185.3 | 60.9 | 53.5 | 50.4 | 56.6 |
| 6 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 784.3 | 68.9 | 57.0 | 52.9 | 61.0 |
| 7 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 1,033.7 | 62.6 | 58.2 | 54.6 | 61.8 |
| 8 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 182.3 | 66.1 | 58.3 | 49.6 | 67.0 |
| 9 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 330.0 | 75.4 | 65.0 | 57.9 | 72.1 |
| 10 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 274.0 | 98.3 | 65.3 | 57.3 | 73.2 |
| 11 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 17.3 | 128.8 * | 66.0 * | 38.7 | 105.3 |
| 12 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 38.7 | 64.1 | 67.8 | 48.1 | 92.8 |
| 13 | MODOC | 9,488 | 11.7 | 123.0 * | 68.2 * | 34.9 | 120.1 |
| 14 | YOLO | 219,758 | 146.3 | 66.6 | 69.7 | 58.3 | 81.1 |
| 15 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 28.0 | 143.2 | 69.8 | 46.4 | 100.9 |
| 16 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 398.0 | 88.4 | 71.6 | 64.5 | 78.8 |
| 17 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 516.0 | 102.5 | 71.7 | 65.4 | 78.0 |
| 18 | PLACER | 382,977 | 412.3 | 107.7 | 71.9 | 64.9 | 79.0 |
| 19 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 142.3 | 75.7 | 73.6 | 61.4 | 85.8 |
| 20 | INYO | 18,566 | 24.0 | 129.3 | 74.7 | 47.9 | 111.1 |
| 21 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 2,819.0 | 84.9 | 75.5 | 72.7 | 78.3 |
| 22 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 2,817.7 | 87.9 | 75.5 | 72.7 | 78.3 |
| 23 | GLENN | 29,205 | 27.7 | 94.7 | 77.2 | 51.2 | 111.9 |
| 24 | MADERA | 156,915 | 131.7 | 83.9 | 79.7 | 66.0 | 93.5 |
| 25 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 149.7 | 151.9 | 80.1 | 66.9 | 93.4 |
| 26 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 21.0 | 92.8 | 80.6 | 49.9 | 123.2 |
| 27 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 99.7 | 111.9 | 81.1 | 66.0 | 98.7 |
| 28 | MONO | 13,846 | 6.3 | 45.7 * | 81.4 * | 30.9 | 173.7 |
| 29 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 65.0 | 145.6 | 82.2 | 63.5 | 104.8 |
| 30 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 818.7 | 95.8 | 82.3 | 76.6 | 88.0 |
| 31 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 221.0 | 118.5 | 83.5 | 72.1 | 94.8 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 37,799.3 | 95.4 | 85.1 | 84.2 | 86.0 |
| 32 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 58.7 | 156.8 | 85.9 | 65.3 | 110.8 |
| 33 | NAPA | 141,205 | 167.0 | 118.3 | 86.6 | 73.4 | 99.9 |
| 34 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 266.0 | 117.4 | 88.0 | 77.1 | 98.8 |
| 35 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 65.7 | 148.4 | 88.5 | 68.4 | 112.6 |
| 36 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 6.0 | 190.5 * | 89.1 * | 32.7 | 193.9 |
| 37 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 646.3 | 86.2 | 91.2 | 84.0 | 98.3 |
| 38 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 34.7 | 129.3 | 94.8 | 65.9 | 132.0 |
| 39 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 1,546.7 | 101.7 | 96.1 | 91.3 | 101.0 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{array}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{gathered} \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) |  <br> $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | LAKE | 64,930 | 97.3 | 149.9 | 96.7 | 78.4 | 117.9 |
| 41 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 11,240.0 | 109.5 | 98.9 | 97.0 | 100.7 |
| 42 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 36.0 | 117.6 | 99.2 | 69.4 | 137.3 |
|  | HPO 2020: HDS-2 |  |  |  | 103.4 |  |  |
| 43 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 36.7 | 203.8 | 103.6 | 72.8 | 143.0 |
| 44 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 2,881.3 | 120.4 | 105.7 | 101.8 | 109.6 |
| 45 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 98.3 | 186.0 | 106.1 | 86.1 | 129.2 |
| 46 | MERCED | 276,611 | 248.7 | 89.9 | 106.4 | 93.0 | 119.8 |
| 47 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 1,005.3 | 100.5 | 107.0 | 100.4 | 113.7 |
| 48 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 1,946.3 | 90.0 | 107.4 | 102.6 | 112.3 |
| 49 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 182.7 | 134.4 | 108.6 | 92.4 | 124.8 |
| 50 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 95.3 | 148.0 | 110.0 | 89.0 | 134.4 |
| 51 | KINGS | 150,992 | 133.7 | 88.5 | 112.3 | 93.1 | 131.6 |
| 52 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 127.3 | 129.5 | 114.7 | 94.6 | 134.7 |
| 53 | TULARE | 472,416 | 481.7 | 102.0 | 117.6 | 107.0 | 128.2 |
| 54 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 318.7 | 178.8 | 123.5 | 109.7 | 137.3 |
| 55 | KERN | 897,949 | 945.7 | 105.3 | 125.7 | 117.6 | 133.9 |
| 56 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 685.0 | 124.4 | 127.4 | 117.8 | 137.1 |
| 57 | YUBA | 76,767 | 99.7 | 129.8 | 137.4 | 111.8 | 167.2 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 2.7 | 232.7 * | 195.3 * | 35.2 | 605.2 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


Less than or equal to 34.8
Within 34.9 to 36.9
Greater than 36.9
Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health. California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Thhe crude death rate from cerebrovascular disease for California averaged 40.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $16,140.0$ with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 93.5 in Humboldt County to a low of 29.8 in Kings County, a factor of 3.1 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from cerebrovascular disease for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 36.9 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 77.1 in Humboldt County to a low of 22.3 in Marin County.

Seventeen counties with reliable death rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective HDS-3 of no more than 34.8 age-adjusted deaths due to cerebrovascular disease per 100,000 population. An additional seven counties with unreliable rates also met the objective. The California age-adjusted death rate due to cerebrovascular disease did not meet the national objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from cerebrovascular disease for the 2013-2015 period averaged 35.0 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 10
DEATHS DUE TO CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE (STROKE) RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \end{aligned}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{gathered} \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MARIN | 262,092 | 96.0 | 36.6 | 22.3 | 18.0 | 27.2 |
| 2 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 9.3 | 47.7 * | 26.9 * | 12.5 | 50.6 |
| 3 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 9.3 | 30.5 * | 27.4 * | 12.7 | 51.4 |
| 4 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 628.0 | 32.3 | 28.3 | 26.1 | 30.6 |
| 5 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 10.0 | 55.6 * | 28.6 * | 13.7 | 52.7 |
| 6 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 301.0 | 39.0 | 28.9 | 25.5 | 32.2 |
| 7 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 7.0 | 30.9 * | 29.0 * | 11.7 | 59.7 |
| 8 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 23.7 | 53.0 | 29.1 | 18.6 | 43.4 |
| 9 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.7 | 12.0 * | 29.3 * | 2.6 | 117.5 |
| 10 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 57.0 | 30.3 | 29.6 | 22.4 | 38.3 |
| 11 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 7.0 | 52.0 * | 29.8 * | 12.0 | 61.3 |
| 12 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 75.0 | 40.2 | 29.9 | 23.5 | 37.5 |
| 13 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 90.7 | 32.9 | 30.9 | 24.9 | 38.0 |
| 14 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 27.0 | 41.9 | 31.1 | 20.5 | 45.3 |
| 15 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 149.3 | 33.8 | 31.7 | 26.5 | 36.8 |
| 16 | MODOC | 9,488 | 6.0 | 63.2 * | 31.7 * | 11.6 | 69.0 |
| 17 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 59.7 | 60.5 | 32.3 | 24.6 | 41.6 |
| 18 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 392.0 | 44.5 | 32.3 | 29.1 | 35.6 |
| 19 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 183.7 | 40.8 | 32.8 | 27.9 | 37.6 |
| 20 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 3,731.3 | 36.4 | 33.4 | 32.3 | 34.5 |
| 21 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 23.3 | 62.4 | 33.9 | 21.6 | 50.8 |
| 22 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 240.0 | 47.7 | 33.9 | 29.6 | 38.3 |
| 23 | NAPA | 141,205 | 65.3 | 46.3 | 34.1 | 26.3 | 43.4 |
| 24 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 931.0 | 38.9 | 34.5 | 32.2 | 36.7 |
|  | HPO 2020: HDS-3 |  |  |  | 34.8 |  |  |
| 25 | PLACER | 382,977 | 206.3 | 53.9 | 35.8 | 30.9 | 40.8 |
| 26 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 32.7 | 61.8 | 36.1 | 24.8 | 50.8 |
| 27 | MADERA | 156,915 | 60.7 | 38.7 | 36.8 | 28.1 | 47.2 |
| 28 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 43.7 | 49.0 | 36.8 | 26.7 | 49.4 |
| 29 | KERN | 897,949 | 270.0 | 30.1 | 36.8 | 32.3 | 41.3 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 16,140.0 | 40.7 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.5 |
| 30 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 13.0 | 48.5 * | 37.1 * | 19.8 | 63.5 |
| 31 | INYO | 18,566 | 10.0 | 53.9 * | 37.2 * | 17.8 | 68.4 |
| 32 | YOLO | 219,758 | 77.0 | 35.0 | 37.7 | 29.7 | 47.1 |
| 33 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 30.0 | 67.8 | 37.7 | 25.4 | 53.8 |
| 34 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 1,403.3 | 42.3 | 38.0 | 36.0 | 40.0 |
| 35 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 1,405.3 | 43.8 | 38.0 | 36.0 | 40.0 |
| 36 | KINGS | 150,992 | 45.0 | 29.8 | 38.5 | 28.1 | 51.5 |
| 37 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 382.3 | 44.7 | 39.0 | 35.1 | 43.0 |
| 38 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 24.0 | 39.8 | 40.6 | 26.0 | 60.4 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> DEATHS <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> DEATH <br> RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 39 | ALAMEDA | $1,651,319$ | 711.0 | 43.1 | 40.8 | 37.7 | 43.8 |
| 40 | MERCED | 276,611 | 95.7 | 34.6 | 41.7 | 33.8 | 51.0 |
| 41 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 103.0 | 57.8 | 42.2 | 33.8 | 50.6 |
| 42 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 223.0 | 40.5 | 42.2 | 36.6 | 47.8 |
| 43 | SAN BERNARDINO | $2,163,561$ | 764.0 | 35.3 | 42.4 | 39.3 | 45.4 |
| 44 | CONTRA COSTA | $1,138,201$ | 583.0 | 51.2 | 43.3 | 39.7 | 46.8 |
| 45 | LAKE | 64,930 | 41.7 | 64.2 | 43.8 | 31.5 | 59.2 |
| 46 | TULARE | 472,416 | 180.3 | 38.2 | 44.2 | 37.6 | 50.7 |
| 47 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 2.7 | $84.7 *$ | $44.5 *$ | 8.0 | 137.8 |
| 48 | SACRAMENTO | $1,520,685$ | 700.3 | 46.1 | 44.6 | 41.2 | 47.9 |
| 49 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 136.3 | 60.1 | 44.8 | 37.1 | 52.4 |
| 50 | FRESNO | $1,000,143$ | 419.0 | 41.9 | 45.2 | 40.9 | 49.6 |
| 51 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 233.0 | 53.3 | 47.2 | 41.1 | 53.3 |
| 52 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 55.7 | 56.6 | 50.9 | 38.4 | 66.2 |
| 53 | YUBA | 76,767 | 33.3 | 43.4 | 51.0 | 35.2 | 71.6 |
| 54 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 218.3 | 78.3 | 51.5 | 44.6 | 58.5 |
| 55 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 364.7 | 48.6 | 53.6 | 48.0 | 59.1 |
| 56 | GLENN | 29,205 | 19.3 | $66.2 *$ | $56.9 *$ | 34.4 | 88.5 |
| 57 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 127.0 | 93.5 | 77.1 | 63.6 | 90.7 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 1.0 | $87.3 *$ | $80.7 *$ | 2.0 | 449.9 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


Less than or equal to 14.6
Within 14.7 to 18.9
Greater than 18.9
Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.


Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate from influenza or pneumonia for California averaged 16.2 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged 6,405.3 with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 30.8 in Lake County to a low of 10.3 in Ventura County, a factor of 3 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from influenza or pneumonia for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 14.6 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 22.4 in Sutter County to a low of 9.0 in Ventura County.

A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for deaths due to influenza or pneumonia has not been established.

The California age-adjusted death rate from influenza or pneumonia for the 2013-2015 period averaged 15.4 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 11
DEATHS DUE TO INFLUENZA/PNEUMONIA
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE
CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{gathered}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 0.3 | 10.6 * | 3.9 * | <0.1 | 50.5 |
| 2 | MONO | 13,846 | 0.7 | 4.8 * | 5.6 * | <0.1 | 41.7 |
| 3 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 3.0 | 15.3 * | 7.4 * | 1.5 | 21.7 |
| 4 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 88.3 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 11.0 |
| 5 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 3.0 | 16.7 * | 9.1 * | 1.9 | 26.5 |
| 6 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 211.0 | 10.8 | 9.5 | 8.2 | 10.8 |
| 7 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 106.3 | 13.8 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 12.1 |
| 8 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 57.7 | 12.8 | 10.2 | 7.8 | 13.2 |
| 9 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 75.0 | 14.9 | 10.4 | 8.2 | 13.1 |
| 10 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 130.7 | 14.8 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 12.6 |
| 11 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 403.0 | 12.1 | 10.9 | 9.8 | 11.9 |
| 12 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 46.0 | 16.5 | 11.1 | 8.1 | 14.7 |
| 13 | MARIN | 262,092 | 47.3 | 18.1 | 11.1 | 8.2 | 14.8 |
| 14 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 52.7 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 8.3 | 14.6 |
| 15 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 30.0 | 16.1 | 11.7 | 7.9 | 16.7 |
| 16 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 320.0 | 13.4 | 11.8 | 10.5 | 13.1 |
| 17 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 10.7 | 16.6 * | 12.0 * | 5.9 | 21.7 |
| 18 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 163.3 | 14.4 | 12.2 | 10.3 | 14.1 |
| 19 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 21.0 | 15.5 | 12.4 | 7.7 | 18.9 |
| 20 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 23.3 | 23.7 | 12.7 | 8.1 | 19.1 |
| 21 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 226.0 | 13.7 | 12.9 | 11.2 | 14.6 |
| 22 | PLACER | 382,977 | 75.3 | 19.7 | 13.2 | 10.4 | 16.5 |
| 23 | KERN | 897,949 | 100.0 | 11.1 | 13.4 | 10.7 | 16.1 |
| 24 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 39.0 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 9.7 | 18.6 |
| 25 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 13.3 | 25.2 * | 13.7 * | 7.4 | 23.4 |
| 26 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 11.0 | 24.6 * | 13.8 * | 6.9 | 24.8 |
| 27 | MADERA | 156,915 | 22.3 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 8.8 | 21.2 |
| 28 | NAPA | 141,205 | 27.3 | 19.4 | 14.2 | 9.4 | 20.6 |
| 29 | KINGS | 150,992 | 17.3 | 11.5 * | 14.2 * | 8.3 | 22.6 |
| 30 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 4.0 | 29.7 * | 14.3 * | 3.9 | 36.6 |
| 31 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 11.7 | 26.4 * | 14.3 * | 7.3 | 25.2 |
| 32 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 8.0 | 13.3 * | 14.4 * | 6.2 | 28.4 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 6,405.3 | 16.2 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.0 |
| 33 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 274.3 | 12.7 | 14.9 | 13.1 | 16.7 |
| 34 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 3.7 | 16.2 * | 15.0 * | 3.8 | 39.9 |
| 35 | YOLO | 219,758 | 31.7 | 14.4 | 15.1 | 10.3 | 21.3 |
| 36 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 555.0 | 17.3 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 16.4 |
| 37 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 249.7 | 16.4 | 15.6 | 13.7 | 17.6 |
| 38 | GLENN | 29,205 | 5.3 | 18.3 * | 15.8 * | 5.4 | 35.9 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 17.7 | 19.8 * | 15.9 * | 9.4 | 25.2 |
| 40 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 83.3 | 15.1 | 16.2 | 12.9 | 20.1 |
| 41 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 11.7 | 31.2 * | 16.2 * | 8.3 | 28.5 |
| 42 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 48.7 | 21.5 | 16.4 | 12.1 | 21.7 |
| 43 | MODOC | 9,488 | 3.0 | 31.6 * | 17.0 * | 3.5 | 49.6 |
| 44 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 162.7 | 16.3 | 17.4 | 14.7 | 20.1 |
| 45 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 2,072.7 | 20.2 | 18.5 | 17.7 | 19.4 |
| 46 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 95.3 | 21.8 | 19.2 | 15.5 | 23.4 |
| 47 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 133.3 | 17.8 | 19.4 | 16.1 | 22.8 |
| 48 | MERCED | 276,611 | 45.7 | 16.5 | 19.6 | 14.3 | 26.2 |
| 49 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 50.0 | 28.1 | 20.0 | 14.9 | 26.4 |
| 50 | LAKE | 64,930 | 20.0 | 30.8 | 20.2 | 12.3 | 31.2 |
| 51 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 7.3 | 27.4 * | 20.6 * | 8.5 | 41.8 |
| 52 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 7.0 | 22.9 * | 21.1 * | 8.5 | 43.5 |
| 53 | TULARE | 472,416 | 86.7 | 18.3 | 21.3 | 17.0 | 26.2 |
| 54 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 42.0 | 22.3 | 21.9 | 15.8 | 29.6 |
| 55 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 24.7 | 25.1 | 22.4 | 14.4 | 33.1 |
| 56 | INYO | 18,566 | 7.3 | 39.5 * | 25.0 * | 10.3 | 50.7 |
| 57 | YUBA | 76,767 | 17.3 | 22.6 * | 25.6 * | 15.0 | 40.7 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.7 | 58.2 * | 26.0 * | 0.1 | 194.0 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence

Less than or equal to 31.4
Within 31.5 to 43.5
Greater than 43.5
Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.
Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

TThe crude death rate from chronic lower respiratory disease for California averaged 34.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $13,727.0$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 110.0 in Siskiyou County to a low of 19.1 in Santa Clara County, a factor of 5.8 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from chronic lower respiratory disease for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 31.4 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 73.5 in Yuba County to a low of 17.2 in Santa Clara County.

A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for deaths due to chronic lower respiratory disease has not been established.

The California age-adjusted death rate from chronic lower respiratory disease for the 2013-2015 period averaged 33.3 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 12
DEATHS DUE TO CHRONIC LOWER RESPIRATORY DISEASE RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 371.7 | 19.1 | 17.2 | 15.5 | 19.0 |
| 2 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 213.7 | 24.3 | 17.9 | 15.5 | 20.3 |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 201.0 | 26.0 | 19.8 | 17.1 | 22.6 |
| 4 | MARIN | 262,092 | 87.7 | 33.4 | 20.4 | 16.3 | 25.1 |
| 5 | MONO | 13,846 | 2.0 | 14.4 * | 21.9 * | 2.7 | 79.1 |
| 6 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 43.3 | 23.1 | 22.1 | 16.0 | 29.7 |
| 7 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 71.7 | 26.0 | 23.6 | 18.5 | 29.8 |
| 8 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 414.7 | 25.1 | 23.7 | 21.4 | 26.0 |
| 9 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 119.0 | 26.9 | 25.1 | 20.5 | 29.6 |
| 10 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 958.7 | 29.9 | 26.4 | 24.7 | 28.0 |
| 11 | NAPA | 141,205 | 51.7 | 36.6 | 26.6 | 19.8 | 34.9 |
| 12 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 6.7 | 29.5 * | 26.7 * | 10.4 | 56.0 |
| 13 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 364.0 | 32.0 | 26.8 | 24.0 | 29.6 |
| 14 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 197.3 | 39.2 | 27.6 | 23.7 | 31.6 |
| 15 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 3,093.7 | 30.1 | 27.8 | 26.8 | 28.8 |
| 16 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 1,028.0 | 31.0 | 28.0 | 26.3 | 29.8 |
| 17 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 167.3 | 37.2 | 30.4 | 25.8 | 35.1 |
| 18 | PLACER | 382,977 | 178.0 | 46.5 | 30.8 | 26.2 | 35.3 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 13,727.0 | 34.7 | 31.4 | 30.9 | 31.9 |
| 19 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 310.0 | 36.3 | 31.6 | 28.0 | 35.1 |
| 20 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 58.3 | 59.2 | 31.9 | 24.2 | 41.2 |
| 21 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 18.3 | 30.4 * | 32.6 * | 19.4 | 51.3 |
| 22 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 165.3 | 37.8 | 32.8 | 27.8 | 37.9 |
| 23 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.7 | 58.2 * | 32.9 * | 0.2 | 245.9 |
| 24 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 9.3 | 69.4 * | 33.3 * | 15.5 | 62.5 |
| 25 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 12.7 | 70.4 * | 33.8 * | 17.8 | 58.2 |
| 26 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 23.7 | 63.3 | 34.3 | 21.9 | 51.2 |
| 27 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 331.3 | 33.1 | 36.1 | 32.2 | 40.1 |
| 28 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 14.7 | 75.0 * | 36.3 * | 20.2 | 60.3 |
| 29 | YOLO | 219,758 | 76.0 | 34.6 | 37.1 | 29.2 | 46.4 |
| 30 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 157.7 | 56.6 | 37.5 | 31.6 | 43.5 |
| 31 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 43.0 | 43.7 | 38.2 | 27.6 | 51.5 |
| 32 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 607.3 | 39.9 | 38.8 | 35.6 | 41.9 |
| 33 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 102.3 | 54.9 | 38.8 | 31.2 | 46.5 |
| 34 | KINGS | 150,992 | 46.3 | 30.7 | 39.8 | 29.2 | 53.1 |
| 35 | MADERA | 156,915 | 66.7 | 42.5 | 39.9 | 30.9 | 50.7 |
| 36 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 1,079.3 | 45.1 | 39.9 | 37.5 | 42.3 |
| 37 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 35.7 | 79.9 | 41.5 | 29.0 | 57.6 |
| 38 | TULARE | 472,416 | 175.7 | 37.2 | 42.7 | 36.3 | 49.1 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> DEATHS <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> DEATH <br> RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 39 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 54.3 | 61.0 | 44.2 | 33.2 | 57.6 |
| 40 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 316.7 | 42.2 | 44.5 | 39.5 | 49.5 |
| 41 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 79.3 | 58.4 | 46.1 | 36.5 | 57.4 |
| 42 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 144.3 | 63.7 | 46.1 | 38.5 | 53.7 |
| 43 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 249.0 | 45.2 | 46.2 | 40.4 | 52.1 |
| 44 | MERCED | 276,611 | 110.0 | 39.8 | 47.1 | 38.1 | 56.0 |
| 45 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 18.0 | $58.8 *$ | $49.5^{*}$ | 29.3 | 78.2 |
| 46 | SAN BERNARDINO | $2,163,561$ | 928.0 | 42.9 | 50.8 | 47.5 | 54.2 |
| 47 | GLENN | 29,205 | 18.3 | $62.8 *$ | $52.2 *$ | 31.1 | 82.1 |
| 48 | KERN | 897,949 | 395.3 | 44.0 | 53.9 | 48.5 | 59.3 |
| 49 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 52.3 | 99.0 | 54.0 | 40.4 | 70.8 |
| 50 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 52.0 | 80.7 | 57.3 | 42.8 | 75.2 |
| 51 | LAKE | 64,930 | 60.3 | 92.9 | 57.8 | 44.1 | 74.3 |
| 52 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 23.3 | 87.0 | 61.1 | 38.9 | 91.4 |
| 53 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 48.7 | 110.0 | 61.4 | 45.4 | 81.3 |
| 54 | INYO | 18,566 | 18.7 | $100.5 *$ | $62.2 *$ | 37.2 | 97.5 |
| 55 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 4.3 | $137.6 *$ | $66.2 *$ | 19.3 | 163.7 |
| 56 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 182.3 | 102.3 | 69.2 | 59.1 | 79.4 |
| 57 | YUBA | 76,767 | 54.0 | 70.3 | 73.5 | 55.2 | 95.9 |
| 58 | MODOC | 9,488 | 13.3 | $140.5 *$ | $74.6 *$ | 40.1 | 126.8 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence

Less than or equal to 8.2


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health. California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Thhe crude death rate from chronic liver disease and cirrhosis for California averaged 13.4 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $5,325.0$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 37.5 in Lake County to a low of 7.7 in Santa Clara County, a factor of 4.8 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from chronic liver disease and cirrhosis for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 11.9 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 27.7 in Lake County to a low of 5.8 in Marin County.

Four counties with reliable death rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective SA-11 of no more than 8.2 age-adjusted deaths due to chronic liver disease and cirrhosis per 100,000 population. The California age-adjusted death rate due to chronic liver disease and cirrhosis did not meet the national objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from chronic liver disease and cirrhosis for the 2013-2015 period averaged 12.1 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 13
DEATHS DUE TO CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MARIN | 262,092 | 23.7 | 9.0 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 8.7 |
| 2 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 150.7 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 7.9 |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 74.3 | 9.6 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 9.5 |
| 4 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 111.3 | 9.8 | 7.8 | 6.3 | 9.3 |
|  | HPO 2020: SA-11 |  |  |  | 8.2 |  |  |
| 5 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 90.0 | 10.2 | 8.4 | 6.8 | 10.3 |
| 6 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.7 | 12.0 * | 8.6 * | 0.8 | 34.6 |
| 7 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 164.0 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 10.2 |
| 8 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 61.7 | 12.2 | 9.2 | 7.0 | 11.8 |
| 9 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 368.0 | 11.1 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 11.0 |
| 10 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 385.7 | 12.0 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 11.4 |
| 11 | NAPA | 141,205 | 17.7 | 12.5 * | 10.5 * | 6.2 | 16.7 |
| 12 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 109.0 | 12.7 | 10.8 | 8.7 | 12.9 |
| 13 | PLACER | 382,977 | 54.7 | 14.3 | 11.0 | 8.2 | 14.3 |
| 14 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 51.3 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 8.3 | 14.6 |
| 15 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 2.3 | 13.0 * | 11.1 * | 1.7 | 37.0 |
| 16 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 6.7 | 11.1 * | 11.3 * | 4.4 | 23.6 |
| 17 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 54.3 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 8.8 | 15.2 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 5,325.0 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 12.3 |
| 18 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 38.0 | 13.8 | 12.1 | 8.5 | 16.6 |
| 19 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 203.7 | 13.4 | 12.3 | 10.6 | 14.0 |
| 20 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 64.3 | 14.7 | 12.3 | 9.5 | 15.7 |
| 21 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 14.3 | 16.1 * | 12.3 * | 6.8 | 20.6 |
| 22 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 4.7 | 15.2 * | 12.4 * | 3.8 | 29.7 |
| 23 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 1,438.0 | 14.0 | 12.6 | 11.9 | 13.2 |
| 24 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 338.0 | 14.1 | 12.7 | 11.3 | 14.0 |
| 25 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 14.0 | 14.2 * | 12.7 * | 6.9 | 21.3 |
| 26 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 40.7 | 14.6 | 12.8 | 9.2 | 17.4 |
| 27 | GLENN | 29,205 | 4.0 | 13.7 * | 13.2 * | 3.6 | 33.7 |
| 28 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 25.0 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 8.7 | 19.8 |
| 29 | YOLO | 219,758 | 30.0 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 9.5 | 20.2 |
| 30 | MERCED | 276,611 | 37.3 | 13.5 | 14.5 | 10.2 | 19.9 |
| 31 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 10.7 | 23.9 * | 14.7 * | 7.2 | 26.5 |
| 32 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 40.3 | 21.6 | 14.9 | 10.7 | 20.3 |
| 33 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 335.3 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 13.8 | 17.2 |
| 34 | KERN | 897,949 | 133.0 | 14.8 | 15.8 | 13.1 | 18.5 |
| 35 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 157.3 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 13.8 | 19.0 |
| 36 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 22.0 | 22.3 | 16.7 | 10.5 | 25.3 |
| 37 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 14.3 | 22.3 * | 16.8 * | 9.2 | 28.0 |
| 38 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 97.7 | 17.7 | 17.1 | 13.8 | 20.8 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | YUBA | 76,767 | 13.3 | 17.4 * | 17.3 * | 9.3 | 29.4 |
| 40 | KINGS | 150,992 | 23.0 | 15.2 | 17.8 | 11.3 | 26.7 |
| 41 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 1.3 | 42.3 * | 18.3 * | 1.0 | 84.1 |
| 42 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 143.0 | 19.1 | 18.6 | 15.4 | 21.7 |
| 43 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 4.0 | 17.7 * | 18.6 * | 5.1 | 47.7 |
| 44 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 4.3 | 22.2 * | 18.7 * | 5.4 | 46.2 |
| 45 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 47.7 | 21.0 | 18.8 | 13.9 | 25.0 |
| 46 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 11.3 | 25.6 * | 20.2 * | 10.2 | 35.9 |
| 47 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 33.7 | 24.8 | 20.3 | 14.0 | 28.4 |
| 48 | MADERA | 156,915 | 33.0 | 21.0 | 20.7 | 14.2 | 29.0 |
| 49 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 48.7 | 27.3 | 20.9 | 15.4 | 27.7 |
| 50 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 11.7 | 31.2 * | 21.4 * | 11.0 | 37.7 |
| 51 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 14.0 | 26.5 * | 21.6 * | 11.8 | 36.3 |
| 52 | TULARE | 472,416 | 95.0 | 20.1 | 21.7 | 17.5 | 26.5 |
| 53 | INYO | 18,566 | 6.7 | 35.9 * | 22.3 * | 8.7 | 46.6 |
| 54 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 9.0 | 33.6 * | 25.1 * | 11.5 | 47.7 |
| 55 | LAKE | 64,930 | 24.3 | 37.5 | 27.7 | 17.8 | 41.2 |
| 56 | MODOC | 9,488 | 3.7 | 38.6 * | 28.0 * | 7.1 | 74.5 |
| 57 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 6.3 | 47.1 * | 31.3 * | 11.9 | 66.8 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 1.3 | 116.3 * | 66.8 * | 3.7 | 307.4 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

DEATHS DUE TO ACCIDENTS (UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES), 2016-2018

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


Less than or equal to 33.0
Within 33.1 to 36.4

Greater than 36.4
Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.
HP 2020 Target: $\mathbf{3 6 . 4}$
California Average: 33.0 (per 100,000 Population)

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

T
The crude death rate from accidents for California averaged 34.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged 13,747.7 with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 104.7 in Lake County to a low of 25.5 in Los Angeles County, a factor of 4.1 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from accidents for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 33.0 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 84.0 in Lake County to a low of 22.4 in San Mateo County.

Sixteen counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective IVP-11 of no more than 36.4 age-adjusted deaths due to accidents per 100,000 population.

The California age-adjusted death rate from accidents for the 2013-2015 period averaged 29.5 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 14
DEATHS DUE TO ACCIDENTS (UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES) RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2016-2018 DEATHS (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 197.7 | 25.6 | 22.4 | 19.2 | 25.7 |
| 2 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 422.7 | 25.6 | 24.1 | 21.8 | 26.5 |
| 3 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 2,615.0 | 25.5 | 24.3 | 23.4 | 25.3 |
| 4 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 520.0 | 26.7 | 24.8 | 22.6 | 26.9 |
| 5 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 923.0 | 28.8 | 27.2 | 25.4 | 29.0 |
| 6 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 355.0 | 31.2 | 29.4 | 26.2 | 32.5 |
| 7 | MARIN | 262,092 | 100.0 | 38.2 | 31.0 | 25.2 | 37.7 |
| 8 | PLACER | 382,977 | 150.0 | 39.2 | 32.9 | 27.4 | 38.4 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 13,747.7 | 34.7 | 33.0 | 32.5 | 33.6 |
| 9 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 357.0 | 40.5 | 33.7 | 30.1 | 37.2 |
| 10 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 1,205.7 | 36.3 | 34.5 | 32.6 | 36.5 |
| 11 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 729.3 | 33.7 | 34.8 | 32.3 | 37.4 |
| 12 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 198.7 | 39.4 | 35.0 | 29.9 | 40.1 |
| 13 | YOLO | 219,758 | 73.0 | 33.2 | 35.1 | 27.5 | 44.1 |
| 14 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 161.3 | 36.5 | 35.6 | 30.0 | 41.2 |
| 15 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 317.7 | 37.2 | 35.6 | 31.6 | 39.6 |
| 16 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 111.0 | 39.8 | 36.1 | 28.9 | 43.3 |
|  | HPO 2020: IVP-11 |  |  |  | 36.4 |  |  |
| 17 | NAPA | 141,205 | 61.7 | 43.7 | 36.5 | 27.9 | 46.8 |
| 18 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 170.0 | 38.9 | 37.0 | 31.3 | 42.7 |
| 19 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 183.0 | 40.7 | 37.9 | 32.2 | 43.5 |
| 20 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 1.0 | 87.3 * | 38.3 * | 1.0 | 213.2 |
| 21 | MONO | 13,846 | 4.7 | 33.7 * | 39.2 * | 12.1 | 94.1 |
| 22 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 972.7 | 40.7 | 39.4 | 36.9 | 41.9 |
| 23 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 636.0 | 41.8 | 40.3 | 37.1 | 43.5 |
| 24 | KINGS | 150,992 | 55.7 | 36.9 | 40.4 | 30.5 | 52.5 |
| 25 | TULARE | 472,416 | 187.7 | 39.7 | 42.2 | 36.1 | 48.4 |
| 26 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 25.3 | 42.0 | 42.7 | 27.7 | 62.9 |
| 27 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 44.7 | 45.4 | 43.5 | 31.7 | 58.3 |
| 28 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 127.3 | 46.2 | 44.1 | 36.1 | 52.0 |
| 29 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 239.3 | 43.5 | 44.6 | 38.9 | 50.3 |
| 30 | MADERA | 156,915 | 71.3 | 45.5 | 45.7 | 35.7 | 57.7 |
| 31 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 438.3 | 43.8 | 45.8 | 41.5 | 50.2 |
| 32 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 11.0 | 48.6 * | 46.3 * | 23.1 | 82.8 |
| 33 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 94.7 | 50.7 | 46.4 | 37.5 | 56.7 |
| 34 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 85.0 | 45.2 | 46.4 | 37.0 | 57.6 |
| 35 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 344.7 | 46.0 | 46.9 | 41.9 | 52.0 |
| 36 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 59.0 | 59.9 | 49.3 | 37.6 | 63.6 |
| 37 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 24.7 | 55.2 | 51.8 | 33.4 | 76.7 |
| 38 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 18.3 | 59.9 * | 52.9 * | 31.5 | 83.2 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | MERCED | 276,611 | 141.3 | 51.1 | 54.3 | 45.2 | 63.4 |
| 40 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 24.0 | 64.2 | 56.2 | 36.0 | 83.6 |
| 41 | KERN | 897,949 | 487.7 | 54.3 | 57.5 | 52.3 | 62.7 |
| 42 | GLENN | 29,205 | 17.3 | 59.4 * | 57.6 * | 33.7 | 91.8 |
| 43 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 34.3 | 64.9 | 57.8 | 40.1 | 80.6 |
| 44 | INYO | 18,566 | 12.3 | 66.4 * | 59.9 * | 31.3 | 103.8 |
| 45 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 41.3 | 64.2 | 60.8 | 43.7 | 82.4 |
| 46 | YUBA | 76,767 | 45.7 | 59.5 | 62.4 | 45.6 | 83.3 |
| 47 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 124.3 | 69.8 | 63.2 | 51.5 | 74.9 |
| 48 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 172.0 | 75.9 | 68.5 | 57.7 | 79.4 |
| 49 | MODOC | 9,488 | 7.7 | 80.8 * | 70.0 * | 29.6 | 139.9 |
| 50 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 21.3 | 79.6 | 70.4 | 43.8 | 107.3 |
| 51 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 101.3 | 74.6 | 71.5 | 57.0 | 86.0 |
| 52 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 71.7 | 80.5 | 74.1 | 58.0 | 93.4 |
| 53 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 16.7 | 85.3 * | 76.0 * | 44.0 | 122.3 |
| 54 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 15.3 | 85.2 * | 76.6 * | 43.2 | 125.7 |
| 55 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 3.3 | 105.9 * | 80.3 * | 18.5 | 223.2 |
| 56 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 37.0 | 83.6 | 80.7 | 56.9 | 111.3 |
| 57 | LAKE | 64,930 | 68.0 | 104.7 | 84.0 | 65.2 | 106.4 |
| 58 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 12.0 | 89.2 * | 84.9 * | 43.9 | 148.3 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


Less than or equal to 9.8
Within 9.9 to 12.4

Greater than 12.4

Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.
California Average: 9.8 (per 100,000 Population)

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Thhe crude death rate from motor vehicle traffic crashes for California averaged 10.2 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged 4,023.3 with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 20.8 in Merced County to a low of 4.3 in San Francisco County, a factor of 4.8 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from motor vehicle traffic crashes for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 9.8 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 21.0 in Merced County to a low of 3.7 in San Francisco County.

Eighteen counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective IVP-13.1 of no more than 12.4 age-adjusted deaths due to motor vehicle traffic crashes per 100,000 population. An additional three counties with unreliable rates also met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from motor vehicle traffic crashes for the 2013-2015 period averaged 8.3 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 15
DEATHS DUE TO MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC CRASHES RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MONO | 13,846 | 0.7 | 4.8 * | 2.7 * | <0.1 | 20.2 |
| 2 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 38.0 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 5.0 |
| 3 | MARIN | 262,092 | 13.7 | 5.2 * | 4.7 * | 2.6 | 8.0 |
| 4 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 42.0 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 7.0 |
| 5 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 99.7 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 4.7 | 7.0 |
| 6 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 124.7 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 7.3 |
| 7 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 236.0 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 8.1 |
| 8 | NAPA | 141,205 | 12.3 | 8.7 * | 7.5 * | 3.9 | 13.0 |
| 9 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 257.7 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 8.5 |
| 10 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 92.7 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 10.0 |
| 11 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 878.0 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.8 |
| 12 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 40.0 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 5.9 | 11.3 |
| 13 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 75.3 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 10.9 |
| 14 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 47.7 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 6.6 | 11.9 |
| 15 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 26.3 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 6.0 | 13.4 |
| 16 | PLACER | 382,977 | 35.0 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 6.4 | 12.8 |
| 17 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 43.0 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 7.0 | 13.0 |
| 18 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 27.0 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 6.4 | 14.1 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 4,023.3 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 9.5 | 10.2 |
| 19 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 177.3 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 9.7 | 13.0 |
| 20 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 50.7 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 8.5 | 15.0 |
| 21 | YOLO | 219,758 | 24.3 | 11.1 | 12.0 | 7.7 | 17.7 |
|  | HPO 2020: IVP-13.1 |  |  |  | 12.4 |  |  |
| 22 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 307.3 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 11.2 | 14.1 |
| 23 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.3 | 29.1 * | 13.0 * | <0.1 | 169.8 |
| 24 | INYO | 18,566 | 2.3 | 12.6 * | 13.1 * | 2.0 | 43.4 |
| 25 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 24.7 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 8.6 | 19.7 |
| 26 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 25.0 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 8.6 | 19.6 |
| 27 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 14.3 | 14.5 * | 13.9 * | 7.7 | 23.2 |
| 28 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 309.7 | 14.3 | 14.2 | 12.6 | 15.8 |
| 29 | MODOC | 9,488 | 1.0 | 10.5 * | 14.5 * | 0.4 | 80.9 |
| 30 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 8.0 | 15.1 * | 14.6 * | 6.3 | 28.7 |
| 31 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 5.0 | 16.3 * | 14.6 * | 4.8 | 34.2 |
| 32 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 16.3 | 16.6 * | 16.0 * | 9.2 | 25.8 |
| 33 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 157.3 | 15.7 | 16.2 | 13.6 | 18.7 |
| 34 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 37.0 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 11.5 | 22.4 |
| 35 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 90.0 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 13.3 | 20.4 |
| 36 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 31.0 | 17.4 | 16.6 | 11.3 | 23.6 |
| 37 | KINGS | 150,992 | 24.3 | 16.1 | 16.7 | 10.7 | 24.8 |
| 38 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 126.0 | 16.8 | 16.8 | 13.9 | 19.8 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | TULARE | 472,416 | 78.3 | 16.6 | 17.1 | 13.5 | 21.4 |
| 40 | MADERA | 156,915 | 27.0 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 11.6 | 25.5 |
| 41 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 11.0 | 18.2 * | 18.0 * | 9.0 | 32.3 |
| 42 | KERN | 897,949 | 165.0 | 18.4 | 18.7 | 15.8 | 21.7 |
| 43 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 5.7 | 21.1 * | 19.6 * | 6.9 | 43.6 |
| 44 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 7.7 | 20.5 * | 20.7 * | 8.8 | 41.4 |
| 45 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 28.0 | 20.6 | 20.8 | 13.8 | 30.1 |
| 46 | MERCED | 276,611 | 57.7 | 20.8 | 21.0 | 15.9 | 27.1 |
| 47 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 19.0 | 21.3 * | 21.3 * | 12.8 | 33.2 |
| 48 | LAKE | 64,930 | 15.0 | 23.1 * | 21.5 * | 12.0 | 35.4 |
| 49 | YUBA | 76,767 | 16.7 | 21.7 * | 23.5 * | 13.6 | 37.8 |
| 50 | GLENN | 29,205 | 6.3 | 21.7 * | 23.6 * | 9.0 | 50.4 |
| 51 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 14.7 | 22.8 * | 23.7 * | 13.2 | 39.3 |
| 52 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 5.3 | 27.3 * | 25.2 * | 8.6 | 57.4 |
| 53 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 12.0 | 26.9 * | 27.8 * | 14.4 | 48.6 |
| 54 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 7.0 | 30.9 * | 29.2 * | 11.7 | 60.2 |
| 55 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 12.7 | 28.6 * | 30.4 * | 16.0 | 52.4 |
| 56 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 1.0 | 31.8 * | 31.0 * | 0.8 | 172.6 |
| 57 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 6.3 | 35.2 * | 34.6 * | 13.1 | 73.7 |
| 58 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 5.3 | 39.6 * | 43.8 * | 14.9 | 99.7 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health.

California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.

| HP 2020 Target: 10.2 |
| :---: |
| California Average: 10.6 |
| (per 100,000 Population) |

Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Thhe crude death rate from suicide for California averaged 11.0 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $4,361.3$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 26.2 in Shasta County to a low of 7.6 in Santa Clara County, a factor of 3.4 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate from suicide for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 10.6 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 25.1 in Shasta County to a low of 7.4 in Santa Clara County.

Eight counties with reliable death rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective MHMD1 of no more than 10.2 age-adjusted deaths due to suicide per 100,000 population. An additional four counties with unreliable rates also met the objective. The California age-adjusted death rate due to suicide did not meet the national objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from suicide for the 2013-2015 period averaged 10.3 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 16
DEATHS DUE TO SUICIDE
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 13.3 | 7.1 * | 7.3 * | 3.9 | 12.4 |
| 2 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 148.7 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 8.6 |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 66.0 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 6.1 | 10.1 |
| 4 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 887.3 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 8.8 |
| 5 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 37.3 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 5.9 | 11.4 |
| 6 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 156.3 | 9.5 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 10.3 |
| 7 | NAPA | 141,205 | 14.0 | 9.9 * | 8.9 * | 4.9 | 15.0 |
| 8 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 2.0 | 8.8 * | 9.0 * | 1.1 | 32.6 |
| 9 | MERCED | 276,611 | 23.7 | 8.6 | 9.5 | 6.1 | 14.2 |
| 10 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 98.0 | 11.1 | 9.7 | 7.9 | 11.8 |
| 11 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 339.7 | 10.6 | 10.0 | 9.0 | 11.1 |
| 12 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 6.0 | 10.0 * | 10.1 * | 3.7 | 22.1 |
|  | HPO 2020: MHMD-1 |  |  |  | 10.2 |  |  |
| 13 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 121.7 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 8.4 | 12.2 |
| 14 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 77.3 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 12.9 |
| 15 | TULARE | 472,416 | 46.3 | 9.8 | 10.4 | 7.6 | 13.8 |
| 16 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 95.0 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 8.5 | 12.8 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 4,361.3 | 11.0 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.9 |
| 17 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.3 | 9.6 * | 10.7 * | 0.6 | 49.2 |
| 18 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 59.0 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 8.4 | 14.2 |
| 19 | YOLO | 219,758 | 22.7 | 10.3 | 11.1 | 7.0 | 16.6 |
| 20 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 231.0 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 9.6 | 12.5 |
| 21 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 107.3 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 9.2 | 13.6 |
| 22 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 54.0 | 12.0 | 11.4 | 8.6 | 14.9 |
| 23 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 288.7 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 13.2 |
| 24 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 55.7 | 12.7 | 12.3 | 9.3 | 16.0 |
| 25 | MADERA | 156,915 | 19.0 | 12.1 * | 12.5 * | 7.5 | 19.5 |
| 26 | PLACER | 382,977 | 52.7 | 13.8 | 12.6 | 9.4 | 16.5 |
| 27 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 431.7 | 13.0 | 12.7 | 11.4 | 13.9 |
| 28 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 205.0 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 11.2 | 14.9 |
| 29 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 13.3 | 13.6 * | 13.1 * | 7.0 | 22.3 |
| 30 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 72.7 | 14.4 | 13.1 | 10.3 | 16.5 |
| 31 | KERN | 897,949 | 115.7 | 12.9 | 13.4 | 10.9 | 15.9 |
| 32 | KINGS | 150,992 | 19.0 | 12.6 * | 13.6 * | 8.2 | 21.2 |
| 33 | MARIN | 262,092 | 42.7 | 16.3 | 13.9 | 10.1 | 18.8 |
| 34 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 4.7 | 17.4 * | 15.1 * | 4.7 | 36.3 |
| 35 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 44.7 | 16.2 | 15.5 | 11.3 | 20.8 |
| 36 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 32.3 | 17.3 | 16.8 | 11.5 | 23.7 |
| 37 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 4.0 | 20.5 * | 17.5 * | 4.8 | 44.7 |
| 38 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 19.7 | 20.0 * | 17.6 * | 10.6 | 27.3 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 57.7 | 20.7 | 18.2 | 13.8 | 23.6 |
| 40 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 10.7 | 23.9 * | 19.4 * | 9.5 | 35.0 |
| 41 | YUBA | 76,767 | 14.3 | 18.7 * | 19.6 * | 10.8 | 32.6 |
| 42 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 13.3 | 25.2 * | 19.6 * | 10.5 | 33.3 |
| 43 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 18.3 | 20.6 * | 19.9 * | 11.9 | 31.3 |
| 44 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 48.7 | 21.5 | 20.7 | 15.3 | 27.4 |
| 45 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 10.3 | 23.4 * | 21.0 * | 10.2 | 38.2 |
| 46 | MODOC | 9,488 | 1.7 | 17.6 * | 21.5 * | 1.9 | 86.5 |
| 47 | GLENN | 29,205 | 7.0 | 24.0 * | 22.1 * | 8.9 | 45.6 |
| 48 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 15.0 | 23.3 * | 22.5 * | 12.6 | 37.1 |
| 49 | INYO | 18,566 | 4.7 | 25.1 * | 22.6 * | 7.0 | 54.2 |
| 50 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 31.3 | 23.1 | 23.2 | 15.8 | 32.9 |
| 51 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 46.7 | 26.2 | 25.1 | 18.4 | 33.4 |
| 52 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 11.0 | 29.4 * | 27.3 * | 13.6 | 48.9 |
| 53 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 5.3 | 29.6 * | 29.3 * | 9.9 | 66.6 |
| 54 | LAKE | 64,930 | 19.0 | 29.3 * | 30.2 * | 18.2 | 47.2 |
| 55 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 9.7 | 31.6 * | 30.6 * | 14.4 | 56.8 |
| 56 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 1.7 | 52.9 * | 37.1 * | 3.3 | 148.8 |
| 57 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 5.3 | 39.6 * | 41.4 * | 14.1 | 94.1 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.3 | 29.1 * | 55.3 * | <0.1 | 723.2 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.


Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

ThThe crude death rate from homicide for California averaged 5.0 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $2,000.0$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 11.2 in Kern County to a low of 2.3 in Orange County, a factor of 4.9 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate from homicide for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 5.1 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 11.3 in Kern County to a low of 2.3 in Orange County.

Seven counties with reliable death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective IVP-29 of no more than 5.5 age-adjusted deaths due to homicide per 100,000 population. An additional eighteen counties with unreliable rates and three counties with zero deaths due to homicide met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from homicide for the 2013-2015 period averaged 4.9 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 17
DEATHS DUE TO HOMICIDE
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{array}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 0.0 | - | - | - - | - - |
| 2 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 3 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - |
| 4 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 1.0 | 1.9 * | 1.9 * | <0.1 | 10.6 |
| 5 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 15.0 | 1.9 * | 2.1 * | 1.2 | 3.5 |
| 6 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 6.3 | 2.3 * | 2.3 * | 0.9 | 4.9 |
| 7 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 73.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.9 |
| 8 | NAPA | 141,205 | 3.0 | 2.1 * | 2.3 * | 0.5 | 6.9 |
| 9 | MARIN | 262,092 | 6.0 | 2.3 * | 2.3 * | 0.9 | 5.1 |
| 10 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 46.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 3.2 |
| 11 | PLACER | 382,977 | 8.7 | 2.3 * | 2.4 * | 1.1 | 4.6 |
| 12 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 11.0 | 2.2 * | 2.4 * | 1.2 | 4.3 |
| 13 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 6.3 | 2.3 * | 2.5 * | 0.9 | 5.3 |
| 14 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 3.0 | 3.0 * | 2.8 * | 0.6 | 8.0 |
| 15 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 93.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| 16 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 13.0 | 2.9 * | 2.9 * | 1.5 | 4.9 |
| 17 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 5.3 | 2.9 * | 3.0 * | 1.0 | 6.8 |
| 18 | YOLO | 219,758 | 5.7 | 2.6 * | 3.2 * | 1.1 | 7.0 |
| 19 | INYO | 18,566 | 0.7 | 3.6 * | 3.5 * | <0.1 | 26.5 |
| 20 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 8.3 | 3.7 * | 3.9 * | 1.7 | 7.5 |
| 21 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 32.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 5.6 |
| 22 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 2.3 | 3.9 * | 4.0 * | 0.6 | 13.4 |
| 23 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 24.0 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 6.7 |
| 24 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 107.3 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 5.5 |
| 25 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 8.3 | 4.4 * | 4.7 * | 2.1 | 9.2 |
| 26 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 44.3 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 6.4 |
| 27 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 1.0 | 4.4 * | 5.0 * | 0.1 | 27.6 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 2,000.0 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.3 |
| 28 | MERCED | 276,611 | 14.7 | 5.3 * | 5.3 * | 3.0 | 8.8 |
|  | HPO 2020: IVP-29 |  |  |  | 5.5 |  |  |
| 29 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 96.0 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 4.6 | 7.0 |
| 30 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 62.7 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 7.5 |
| 31 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 613.3 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 6.4 |
| 32 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 1.7 | 5.4 * | 6.0 * | 0.5 | 24.0 |
| 33 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 92.0 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 7.5 |
| 34 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 3.7 | 5.7 * | 6.3 * | 1.6 | 16.8 |
| 35 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 11.0 | 6.2 * | 6.3 * | 3.2 | 11.3 |
| 36 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 5.7 | 6.4 * | 6.4 * | 2.3 | 14.2 |
| 37 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 145.0 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 7.9 |
| 38 | MADERA | 156,915 | 9.7 | 6.2 * | 6.8 * | 3.2 | 12.6 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | KINGS | 150,992 | 10.3 | 6.8 * | 7.0 * | 3.4 | 12.8 |
| 40 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 6.7 | 6.8 * | 7.0 * | 2.7 | 14.7 |
| 41 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 74.0 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 5.8 | 9.3 |
| 42 | GLENN | 29,205 | 2.0 | 6.8 * | 7.5 * | 0.9 | 27.1 |
| 43 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 31.7 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 10.7 |
| 44 | TULARE | 472,416 | 34.7 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 5.3 | 10.6 |
| 45 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 2.7 | 7.1 * | 7.9 * | 1.4 | 24.6 |
| 46 | YUBA | 76,767 | 6.0 | 7.8 * | 8.3 * | 3.1 | 18.2 |
| 47 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.0 | 7.2 * | 8.4 * | 0.2 | 46.8 |
| 48 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 11.7 | 8.6 * | 8.7 * | 4.5 | 15.4 |
| 49 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 2.7 | 6.0 * | 8.8 * | 1.6 | 27.2 |
| 50 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 72.0 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 7.5 | 12.1 |
| 51 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 42.7 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 7.2 | 13.4 |
| 52 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 4.7 | 10.5 * | 11.1 * | 3.4 | 26.7 |
| 53 | KERN | 897,949 | 100.3 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 9.0 | 13.5 |
| 54 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 3.3 | 12.4 * | 13.3 * | 3.1 | 36.9 |
| 55 | MODOC | 9,488 | 1.0 | 10.5 * | 13.4 * | 0.3 | 74.5 |
| 56 | LAKE | 64,930 | 8.3 | 12.8 * | 14.6 * | 6.4 | 28.5 |
| 57 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 1.7 | 12.4 * | 18.0 * | 1.6 | 72.1 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.3 | 29.1 * | 47.6 * | <0.1 | 622.0 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.


Th
he crude death rate from deaths due to firearm related injuries for California averaged 7.9 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $3,131.0$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 17.4 in Humboldt County to a low of 4.0 in Santa Clara County, a factor of 4.3 to 1 .

The age-adjusted death rate from firearm related deaths for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 7.8 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 17.4 in Humboldt County to a low of 3.9 in Santa Clara County.

Seventeen counties with reliable age-adjusted death rates and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective IVP-30 of no more than 9.3 age-adjusted deaths due to firearm related injuries per 100,000 population. An additional six counties with unreliable rates due to firearm related deaths met the objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from deaths due to firearm related injuries for the 2013-2015 period averaged 7.6 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 18
FIREARM RELATED DEATHS
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 78.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 4.8 |
| 2 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 156.3 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 5.4 |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 38.0 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 6.5 |
| 4 | YOLO | 219,758 | 10.0 | 4.6 * | 4.8 * | 2.3 | 8.8 |
| 5 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 28.7 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 7.0 |
| 6 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 47.0 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 6.8 |
| 7 | MARIN | 262,092 | 17.3 | 6.6 * | 5.3 * | 3.1 | 8.4 |
| 8 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 9.7 | 5.1 * | 5.3 * | 2.5 | 9.8 |
| 9 | PLACER | 382,977 | 24.3 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 8.5 |
| 10 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 1.3 | 5.9 * | 5.7 * | 0.3 | 26.5 |
| 11 | NAPA | 141,205 | 9.7 | 6.8 * | 5.8 * | 2.8 | 10.8 |
| 12 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 217.3 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 7.3 |
| 13 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 31.3 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 9.3 |
| 14 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 38.0 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 5.0 | 9.8 |
| 15 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 122.7 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 5.9 | 8.5 |
| 16 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 63.3 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 9.3 |
| 17 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 775.0 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 8.0 |
| 18 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 21.0 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 4.7 | 11.6 |
| 19 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 187.0 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 6.7 | 9.0 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 3,131.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.1 |
| 20 | MERCED | 276,611 | 20.7 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 4.9 | 12.2 |
| 21 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 95.3 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 10.6 |
| 22 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 5.0 | 8.3 * | 8.8 * | 2.8 | 20.4 |
| 23 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 28.3 | 10.2 | 9.0 | 6.0 | 13.0 |
|  | HPO 2020: IVP-30 |  |  |  | 9.3 |  |  |
| 24 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 93.3 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 11.7 |
| 25 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 147.7 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 11.1 |
| 26 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 19.7 | 10.5 * | 9.6 * | 5.8 | 14.9 |
| 27 | KINGS | 150,992 | 14.3 | 9.5 * | 10.1 * | 5.6 | 16.9 |
| 28 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 223.7 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 12.1 |
| 29 | MADERA | 156,915 | 15.3 | 9.8 * | 10.7 * | 6.0 | 17.5 |
| 30 | TULARE | 472,416 | 48.7 | 10.3 | 10.9 | 8.1 | 14.5 |
| 31 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 48.7 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 8.1 | 14.5 |
| 32 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 48.7 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 8.2 | 14.7 |
| 33 | MODOC | 9,488 | 1.0 | 10.5 * | 11.1 * | 0.3 | 61.8 |
| 34 | INYO | 18,566 | 2.7 | 14.4 * | 11.4 * | 2.1 | 35.5 |
| 35 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 8.3 | 15.8 * | 11.9 * | 5.2 | 23.1 |
| 36 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 91.3 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 9.7 | 14.8 |
| 37 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 13.3 | 13.5 * | 12.5 * | 6.7 | 21.2 |
| 38 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 12.0 | 12.2 * | 12.6 * | 6.5 | 22.0 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AGE-ADJUSTED } \\ \text { DEATH } \\ \text { RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | KERN | 897,949 | 120.0 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 11.1 | 16.1 |
| 40 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 13.3 | 15.0 * | 14.1 * | 7.6 | 23.9 |
| 41 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 4.3 | 16.2 * | 14.9 * | 4.3 | 36.9 |
| 42 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 35.0 | 15.4 | 15.0 | 10.5 | 20.9 |
| 43 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 11.3 | 17.6 * | 15.3 * | 7.7 | 27.1 |
| 44 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 3.7 | 18.8 * | 15.4 * | 3.9 | 40.9 |
| 45 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 5.0 | 16.3 * | 15.5 * | 5.0 | 36.2 |
| 46 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 31.0 | 17.4 | 16.3 | 11.1 | 23.1 |
| 47 | YUBA | 76,767 | 12.0 | 15.6 * | 16.5 * | 8.5 | 28.9 |
| 48 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 8.0 | 18.1 * | 16.8 * | 7.3 | 33.1 |
| 49 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 23.7 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 11.1 | 25.9 |
| 50 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 7.0 | 18.7 * | 17.7 * | 7.1 | 36.5 |
| 51 | GLENN | 29,205 | 5.7 | 19.4 * | 18.3 * | 6.5 | 40.6 |
| 52 | MONO | 13,846 | 2.0 | 14.4 * | 18.3 * | 2.2 | 66.1 |
| 53 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 3.7 | 20.4 * | 18.5 * | 4.7 | 49.3 |
| 54 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 9.3 | 20.9 * | 19.0 * | 8.8 | 35.6 |
| 55 | LAKE | 64,930 | 15.0 | 23.1 * | 25.0 * | 14.0 | 41.3 |
| 56 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 1.3 | 42.3 * | 32.3 * | 1.8 | 148.8 |
| 57 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 5.0 | 37.2 * | 41.1 * | 13.3 | 95.9 |
| 58 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.7 | 58.2 * | 102.9 * | 0.5 | 768.6 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Age-Adjusted Death Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence


Zero events
Less than or equal to 11.3
Within 11.4 to 13.1

Greater than 13.1
Unreliable*
*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health. California Comprehensive Master Death Files 2016-2018. Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.
Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude death rate from drug induced deaths for California averaged 13.7 deaths per 100,000 population. The crude death rate resulted from averaging the number of deaths for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of deaths for the three years averaged $5,408.7$ with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude death rate ranged from a high of 49.8 in Lake County to 8.8 in Santa Clara County, a factor of 5.7 to 1.

The age-adjusted death rate from drug induced deaths for California during the 2016 through 2018 three-year period totaled 13.1 deaths per 100,000 population. The reliable age-adjusted death rates ranged from a high of 41.3 in Lake County to a low of 8.0 in Santa Clara County.

Six counties with reliable age-adjusted death rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective SA-12 of no more than 11.3 age-adjusted deaths due to drug induced causes per 100,000 population. An additional six counties with unreliable rates and one county with zero deaths due to drug induced causes met the objective. The California age-adjusted death rate due to drug induced causes did not meet the national objective.

The California age-adjusted death rate from deaths due to drug induced causes for the 2013-2015 period averaged 12.1 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 19
DRUG INDUCED DEATHS
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{array}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.0 | - | - | - - | - |
| 2 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 170.7 | 8.8 | 8.0 | 6.8 | 9.2 |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 68.3 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 10.4 |
| 4 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 962.3 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 9.6 |
| 5 | MONO | 13,846 | 1.7 | 12.0 * | 9.5 * | 0.8 | 38.0 |
| 6 | NAPA | 141,205 | 14.3 | 10.2 * | 9.5 * | 5.2 | 15.8 |
| 7 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 173.0 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 11.1 |
| 8 | GLENN | 29,205 | 3.3 | 11.4 * | 10.3 * | 2.4 | 28.6 |
| 9 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 6.7 | 11.1 * | 10.3 * | 4.0 | 21.6 |
| 10 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 6.0 | 9.3 * | 10.5 * | 3.8 | 22.8 |
| 11 | TULARE | 472,416 | 49.3 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 8.2 | 14.7 |
| 12 | MADERA | 156,915 | 17.3 | 11.0 * | 11.2 * | 6.6 | 17.8 |
| 13 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 51.3 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 8.5 | 14.9 |
|  | HPO 2020: SA-12 |  |  |  | 11.3 |  |  |
| 14 | PLACER | 382,977 | 49.3 | 12.9 | 12.0 | 8.9 | 15.8 |
| 15 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 148.0 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 10.2 | 14.2 |
| 16 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 413.3 | 12.9 | 12.4 | 11.2 | 13.6 |
| 17 | KINGS | 150,992 | 16.7 | 11.0 * | 12.7 * | 7.4 | 20.5 |
| 18 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 279.3 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 11.3 | 14.4 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 5,408.7 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 13.4 |
| 19 | MARIN | 262,092 | 36.0 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 9.5 | 18.9 |
| 20 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 2.7 | 11.8 * | 13.8 * | 2.5 | 42.6 |
| 21 | YOLO | 219,758 | 29.3 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 9.3 | 19.9 |
| 22 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 496.7 | 15.0 | 14.5 | 13.2 | 15.8 |
| 23 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 14.3 | 14.6 * | 14.6 * | 8.0 | 24.3 |
| 24 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 77.7 | 15.4 | 14.8 | 11.7 | 18.5 |
| 25 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 68.3 | 15.6 | 14.9 | 11.5 | 18.8 |
| 26 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 141.7 | 14.2 | 15.0 | 12.5 | 17.5 |
| 27 | MERCED | 276,611 | 40.0 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 11.1 | 21.1 |
| 28 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 6.0 | 16.0 * | 15.6 * | 5.7 | 34.0 |
| 29 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 137.0 | 16.0 | 15.6 | 12.9 | 18.3 |
| 30 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 71.3 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 12.4 | 19.9 |
| 31 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 47.7 | 17.3 | 16.3 | 12.0 | 21.7 |
| 32 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 0.7 | 21.2 * | 16.5 * | <0.1 | 123.4 |
| 33 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 47.3 | 17.0 | 16.6 | 12.2 | 22.0 |
| 34 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 91.3 | 16.6 | 17.2 | 13.8 | 21.1 |
| 35 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 277.7 | 18.3 | 17.2 | 15.2 | 19.3 |
| 36 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 2.3 | 11.9 * | 17.3 * | 2.6 | 57.6 |
| 37 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 426.0 | 17.8 | 17.5 | 15.8 | 19.2 |
| 38 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 17.7 | 17.9 * | 17.8 * | 10.5 | 28.3 |


| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE DEATH RATE | AGE-ADJUSTED <br> DEATH <br> RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 8.0 | 17.9 * | 17.9 * | 7.7 | 35.2 |
| 40 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 134.0 | 17.9 | 17.9 | 14.8 | 21.0 |
| 41 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 3.0 | 16.7 * | 19.4 * | 4.0 | 56.6 |
| 42 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 38.0 | 20.4 | 20.0 | 14.2 | 27.5 |
| 43 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 209.3 | 23.8 | 20.3 | 17.5 | 23.1 |
| 44 | MODOC | 9,488 | 2.0 | 21.1 * | 20.4 * | 2.5 | 73.6 |
| 45 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 2.7 | 19.8 * | 20.8 * | 3.7 | 64.3 |
| 46 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 7.3 | 24.0 * | 21.1 * | 8.7 | 42.8 |
| 47 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 36.0 | 19.2 | 21.4 | 15.0 | 29.6 |
| 48 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 43.3 | 24.3 | 23.5 | 17.0 | 31.6 |
| 49 | YUBA | 76,767 | 17.3 | 22.6 * | 23.9 * | 14.0 | 38.1 |
| 50 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 6.0 | 22.4 * | 23.9 * | 8.8 | 52.1 |
| 51 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 13.3 | 25.2 * | 26.0 * | 14.0 | 44.2 |
| 52 | KERN | 897,949 | 230.3 | 25.7 | 26.6 | 23.1 | 30.1 |
| 53 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 13.0 | 29.4 * | 26.6 * | 14.2 | 45.5 |
| 54 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 62.7 | 27.6 | 27.5 | 21.1 | 35.2 |
| 55 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 29.3 | 32.9 | 30.7 | 20.6 | 44.0 |
| 56 | INYO | 18,566 | 6.7 | 35.9 * | 34.5 * | 13.5 | 72.4 |
| 57 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 51.3 | 37.8 | 37.2 | 27.7 | 48.8 |
| 58 | LAKE | 64,930 | 32.3 | 49.8 | 41.3 | 28.3 | 58.2 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0 .
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing age-adjusted death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, California Comprehensive Master Death Files, [2016-2018]. Compiled, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Crude Case Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence
$\square$



Less than or equal to 404.6

Within 404.7 to 497.0

Greater than 497.0

*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements

## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, Office of AIDS. Compiled by HIV Surveillance Section. Accessed May 2019. 2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.

Unreliable* Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

TThe crude case rate of persons ages 13 years and older living with HIV/AIDS in California between 2015 and 2017 averaged 404.6 cases per 100,000 persons of corresponding age population ${ }^{\dagger}$. This rate resulted from averaging the total number of cases of persons ages 13 years and older living with HIV/AIDS for 2015 to 2017 and dividing by the corresponding age population count. The total number of HIVIAIDS cases for the three years averaged 132,287.0 with the corresponding age population count of $32,696,844$ as of July 1, 2016.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate ranged from a high of 1,740.4 in San Francisco County to a low of 86.7 in Tehama County, a factor of 20.1 to 1.

A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for the reported prevalence of persons living with HIV/AIDS among persons ages 13 years and older has not been established.

Five counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of reported persons living with HIV/AIDS, ages 13 years and older, for the 2012-2014 period averaged 389.5 per 100,000 persons of the respective age population.

[^1]TABLE 20
REPORTED PREVALENCE OF PERSONS LIVING WITH HIVIAIDS
AMONG AGES 13 YEARS AND OVER
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE, 2015-2017

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016 <br> POPULATION <br> AGED 13 AND OVER | $\begin{gathered} 2015-2017 \\ \text { CASES } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | GLENN | 23,690 | 18.0 | 76.0 * | 45.0 | 120.1 |
| 2 | TEHAMA | 53,427 | 46.3 | 86.7 | 63.6 | 115.6 |
| 3 | SAN BENITO | 49,385 | 43.3 | 87.7 | 63.6 | 118.1 |
| 4 | TUOLUMNE | 47,182 | 43.3 | 91.8 | 66.6 | 123.6 |
| 5 | PLUMAS | 17,349 | 16.0 | 92.2 * | 52.7 | 149.8 |
| 6 | LASSEN | 26,747 | 25.3 | 94.7 | 61.5 | 139.5 |
| 7 | PLACER | 323,550 | 311.3 | 96.2 | 85.5 | 106.9 |
| 8 | SUTTER | 79,990 | 84.7 | 105.8 | 84.5 | 130.9 |
| 9 | CALAVERAS | 39,806 | 42.7 | 107.2 | 77.5 | 144.5 |
| 10 | DEL NORTE | 22,782 | 25.0 | 109.7 | 71.0 | 162.0 |
| 11 | TULARE | 363,175 | 412.7 | 113.6 | 102.7 | 124.6 |
| 12 | EL DORADO | 160,133 | 184.7 | 115.3 | 98.7 | 132.0 |
| 13 | MARIPOSA | 16,090 | 19.0 | 118.1 * | 71.1 | 184.4 |
| 14 | MERCED | 215,340 | 254.3 | 118.1 | 103.6 | 132.6 |
| 15 | NEVADA | 87,245 | 109.7 | 125.7 | 102.2 | 149.2 |
| 16 | INYO | 15,833 | 20.3 | 128.4 | 78.8 | 197.6 |
| 17 | BUTTE | 192,787 | 256.7 | 133.1 | 116.8 | 149.4 |
| 18 | YUBA | 59,898 | 82.3 | 137.5 | 109.4 | 170.5 |
| 19 | SHASTA | 150,654 | 209.3 | 138.9 | 120.1 | 157.8 |
| 20 | SISKIYOU | 38,220 | 56.0 | 146.5 | 110.7 | 190.3 |
| 21 | MADERA | 124,859 | 184.7 | 147.9 | 126.6 | 169.2 |
| 22 | KINGS | 115,950 | 172.3 | 148.6 | 126.4 | 170.8 |
| 23 | YOLO | 181,752 | 273.3 | 150.4 | 132.6 | 168.2 |
| 24 | VENTURA | 712,371 | 1,073.7 | 150.7 | 141.7 | 159.7 |
| 25 | SANTA BARBARA | 374,478 | 587.7 | 156.9 | 144.2 | 169.6 |
| 26 | TRINITY | 11,892 | 18.7 | 157.0 * | 94.0 | 246.1 |
| 27 | STANISLAUS | 439,618 | 712.0 | 162.0 | 150.1 | 173.9 |
| 28 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 243,256 | 445.0 | 182.9 | 165.9 | 199.9 |
| 29 | HUMBOLDT | 115,936 | 228.3 | 196.9 | 171.4 | 222.5 |
| 30 | MONTEREY | 354,901 | 701.0 | 197.5 | 182.9 | 212.1 |
| 31 | IMPERIAL | 147,493 | 298.0 | 202.0 | 179.1 | 225.0 |
| 32 | SANTA CLARA | 1,609,290 | 3,455.7 | 214.7 | 207.6 | 221.9 |
| 33 | NAPA | 120,891 | 261.0 | 215.9 | 189.7 | 242.1 |
| 34 | SANTA CRUZ | 233,943 | 512.7 | 219.1 | 200.2 | 238.1 |
| 35 | SAN JOAQUIN | 597,058 | 1,340.3 | 224.5 | 212.5 | 236.5 |
| 36 | KERN | 702,086 | 1,622.3 | 231.1 | 219.8 | 242.3 |
| 37 | SAN BERNARDINO | 1,730,356 | 4,046.0 | 233.8 | 226.6 | 241.0 |
| 38 | FRESNO | 783,873 | 1,870.0 | 238.6 | 227.7 | 249.4 |
| 39 | MENDOCINO | 74,878 | 180.7 | 241.3 | 206.1 | 276.5 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016 <br> POPULATION <br> AGED 13 AND <br> OVER | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2015-2017 } \\ \text { CASES } \end{gathered}$ <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) <br> 25. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | SAN MATEO | 647,137 | 1,583.7 | 244.7 | 232.7 | 256.8 |
| 41 | LAKE | 54,844 | 144.7 | 263.8 | 220.8 | 306.8 |
| 42 | CONTRA COSTA | 952,479 | 2,534.7 | 266.1 | 255.8 | 276.5 |
| 43 | ORANGE | 2,666,419 | 7,208.3 | 270.3 | 264.1 | 276.6 |
| 44 | SONOMA | 433,686 | 1,449.7 | 334.3 | 317.1 | 351.5 |
| 45 | SACRAMENTO | 1,244,582 | 4,229.0 | 339.8 | 329.6 | 350.0 |
| 46 | SOLANO | 363,841 | 1,310.3 | 360.1 | 340.6 | 379.6 |
| 47 | MARIN | 225,721 | 837.3 | 371.0 | 345.8 | 396.1 |
|  | ALPINE | 1,021 | <11.0 | NA * | 7.2 | 601.3 |
|  | COLUSA | 18,071 | <11.0 | NA * | 16.7 | 82.3 |
|  | MODOC | 8,220 | <11.0 | NA * | 1.8 | 81.4 |
|  | MONO | 11,718 | <11.0 | NA * | 22.2 | 119.2 |
|  | SIERRA | 2,832 | <11.0 | NA * | 57.3 | 412.0 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 32,696,844 | 132,287.0 | 404.6 | 402.4 | 406.8 |
| 48 | RIVERSIDE | 1,937,838 | 7,986.3 | 412.1 | 403.1 | 421.2 |
| 49 | ALAMEDA | 1,384,797 | 6,317.0 | 456.2 | 444.9 | 467.4 |
| 50 | SAN DIEGO | 2,720,669 | 13,507.3 | 496.5 | 488.1 | 504.8 |
| 51 | AMADOR | 33,029 | 164.3 | 497.5 | 421.5 | 573.6 |
| 52 | LOS ANGELES | 8,556,767 | 51,259.7 | 599.1 | 593.9 | 604.2 |
| 53 | SAN FRANCISCO | 775,009 | 13,488.3 | 1,740.4 | 1,711.0 | 1,769.8 |

[^2]
## Crude Case Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence



## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch, Compiled by Surveillance \& Data Management Unit. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.
Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude case rate of reported incidence of chlamydia for California averaged 546.1 cases per 100,000 population. The crude case rate for California resulted from averaging the number of new chlamydia cases for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of chlamydia cases for the three years averaged 216,315.0 with a population count of 39,610,556 as of July 1, 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate of reported incidence of chlamydia ranged from a high of $1,015.1$ in San Francisco County to a low of 156.1 in Trinity County, a factor of 6.5 to 1 .

Incidence data are not available in all California counties to evaluate the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-1, as the Healthy People objective is restricted to females ages 15 to 24 years old identified at a family planning clinic, and males and females under 24 years old who participate in a national job training program.

Two counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of reported incidence of chlamydia for the 2013-2015 period averaged 457.4 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 21
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF CHLAMYDIA
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { CASES } \end{gathered}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE |  | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: STD-1 N/A |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 21.0 | 156.1 | 96.6 | 238.6 |
| 2 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 32.0 | 177.9 | 121.7 | 251.1 |
| 3 | MODOC | 9,488 | 18.3 | 193.2 * | 115.1 | 304.1 |
| 4 | MONO | 13,846 | 27.0 | 195.0 | 128.5 | 283.7 |
| 5 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 74.7 | 199.6 | 156.9 | 250.3 |
| 6 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 93.3 | 209.0 | 168.8 | 256.0 |
| 7 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 226.7 | 230.0 | 200.1 | 259.9 |
| 8 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 447.3 | 239.8 | 217.6 | 262.0 |
| 9 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 112.7 | 254.7 | 207.6 | 301.7 |
| 10 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 58.3 | 257.7 | 195.9 | 333.0 |
| 11 | PLACER | 382,977 | 1,035.7 | 270.4 | 254.0 | 286.9 |
| 12 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 145.7 | 275.6 | 230.8 | 320.3 |
| 13 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 95.7 | 312.6 | 253.1 | 381.9 |
| 14 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 84.0 | 313.3 | 249.9 | 387.9 |
| 15 | MARIN | 262,092 | 826.3 | 315.3 | 293.8 | 336.8 |
| 16 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 62.7 | 320.5 | 246.1 | 410.4 |
| 17 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 2,821.3 | 330.0 | 317.8 | 342.2 |
| 18 | INYO | 18,566 | 62.3 | 335.7 | 257.6 | 430.1 |
| 19 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 221.0 | 343.1 | 297.9 | 388.4 |
| 20 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 626.0 | 351.2 | 323.7 | 378.7 |
| 21 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 346.3 | 352.2 | 315.1 | 389.3 |
| 22 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 217.0 | 359.9 | 312.0 | 407.8 |
| 23 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 2,851.0 | 369.3 | 355.8 | 382.9 |
| 24 | NAPA | 141,205 | 524.7 | 371.6 | 339.8 | 403.4 |
| 25 | GLENN | 29,205 | 113.0 | 386.9 | 315.6 | 458.3 |
| 26 | SANTA CLARA | 1,945,911 | 7,659.7 | 393.6 | 384.8 | 402.4 |
| 27 | YUBA | 76,767 | 305.3 | 397.7 | 353.1 | 442.4 |
| 28 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 1,116.3 | 404.7 | 380.9 | 428.4 |
| 29 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 2,069.0 | 410.8 | 393.1 | 428.5 |
| 30 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 375.7 | 421.8 | 379.1 | 464.4 |
| 31 | ORANGE | 3,205,855 | 13,739.3 | 428.6 | 421.4 | 435.7 |
| 32 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 1,201.7 | 431.2 | 406.8 | 455.6 |
| 33 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 10,407.7 | 435.0 | 426.7 | 443.4 |
| 34 | LAKE | 64,930 | 292.0 | 449.7 | 398.1 | 501.3 |
| 35 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 2,062.7 | 466.5 | 446.3 | 486.6 |
| 36 | MERCED | 276,611 | 1,297.3 | 469.0 | 443.5 | 494.5 |
| 37 | YOLO | 219,758 | 1,037.0 | 471.9 | 443.2 | 500.6 |
| 38 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 2,613.0 | 474.7 | 456.5 | 492.9 |
| 39 | CONTRA COSTA | 1,138,201 | 5,693.3 | 500.2 | 487.2 | 513.2 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 CASES <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 970.7 | 516.5 | 484.0 | 549.0 |
| 41 | MADERA | 156,915 | 834.7 | 531.9 | 495.8 | 568.0 |
| 42 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 4,044.3 | 539.4 | 522.8 | 556.0 |
|  | SIERRA | 3,149 | <11.0 | NA * | 63.7 | 400.1 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 39,610,556 | 216,315.0 | 546.1 | 543.8 | 548.4 |
| 43 | ALAMEDA | 1,651,319 | 9,023.7 | 546.5 | 535.2 | 557.7 |
| 44 | TULARE | 472,416 | 2,600.0 | 550.4 | 529.2 | 571.5 |
| 45 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 2,482.7 | 551.5 | 529.8 | 573.2 |
| 46 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 751.0 | 552.8 | 513.2 | 592.3 |
| 47 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 1,272.7 | 561.5 | 530.6 | 592.3 |
| 48 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 12,682.0 | 586.2 | 576.0 | 596.4 |
| 49 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 2,705.0 | 618.4 | 595.1 | 641.7 |
| 50 | SAN DIEGO | 3,320,387 | 20,608.0 | 620.7 | 612.2 | 629.1 |
| 51 | LOS ANGELES | 10,261,736 | 63,827.3 | 622.0 | 617.2 | 626.8 |
| 52 | KINGS | 150,992 | 942.0 | 623.9 | 584.0 | 663.7 |
| 53 | SACRAMENTO | 1,520,685 | 9,970.0 | 655.6 | 642.8 | 668.5 |
| 54 | FRESNO | 1,000,143 | 6,917.3 | 691.6 | 675.3 | 707.9 |
| 55 | KERN | 897,949 | 6,712.7 | 747.6 | 729.7 | 765.4 |
| 56 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 8,943.0 | 1,015.1 | 994.1 | 1,036.2 |
|  | ALPINE | 1,146 | <11.0 | NA * | 320.4 | 1,414.1 |

[^3]Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

# REPORTED INCIDENCE OF GONORRHEA AMONG FEMALES 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD, 2016-2018 



The crude case rate of reported incidence of gonorrhea among females (FG-Cases), ages 15 to 44 years old for California averaged 282.9 cases per 100,000 female population in the corresponding age group. The crude case rate for California resulted from averaging the number of reported new cases of FG-Cases for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of gonorrhea cases for the three years averaged 22,369.7 with the corresponding female population count of $7,905,915$ as of July $1,2017$.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate ranged from a high of 872.5 in Lake County to a low of 105.7 in San Mateo County, a factor of 8.3 to 1.

Nineteen counties with reliable crude case rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-6.1 of no more than 251.9 new reported FG-Cases per 100,000 female population. An additional thirteen counties with unreliable rates and two counties with zero recorded incidences of FG-Cases met the objective. California's crude case rate for the FGCases did not meet the national objective.

Eleven counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of reported incidence of FG-Cases for the 2013-2015 period averaged 191.4 per 100,000 female population in the corresponding age group.

TABLE 22F
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF GONORRHEA AMONG FEMALES 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2017 FEMALE <br> POPULATION <br> 15 TO 44 <br> YRS OLD | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SIERRA | 386 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | ALPINE | 174 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | SAN MATEO | 139,331 | 147.3 | 105.7 | 88.7 | 122.8 |
| 4 | EL DORADO | 30,745 | 42.0 | 136.6 | 98.5 | 184.7 |
| 5 | MARIN | 37,887 | 52.0 | 137.3 | 102.5 | 180.0 |
| 6 | PLACER | 69,490 | 106.0 | 152.5 | 123.5 | 181.6 |
| 7 | SANTA CLARA | 376,976 | 583.7 | 154.8 | 142.3 | 167.4 |
| 8 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 49,465 | 78.7 | 159.0 | 125.8 | 198.3 |
| 9 | VENTURA | 161,550 | 259.0 | 160.3 | 140.8 | 179.8 |
| 10 | NAPA | 25,746 | 41.3 | 160.5 | 115.4 | 217.5 |
| 11 | YOLO | 53,459 | 88.7 | 165.9 | 133.1 | 204.2 |
| 12 | MONTEREY | 85,302 | 143.7 | 168.4 | 140.9 | 196.0 |
| 13 | NEVADA | 14,840 | 25.0 | 168.5 | 109.0 | 248.7 |
| 14 | ORANGE | 623,294 | 1,061.3 | 170.3 | 160.0 | 180.5 |
| 15 | SANTA BARBARA | 93,398 | 160.0 | 171.3 | 144.8 | 197.9 |
| 16 | SAN BENITO | 12,380 | 21.7 | 175.0 | 109.2 | 265.8 |
| 17 | SISKIYOU | 6,708 | 12.3 | 183.9 * | 96.0 | 318.8 |
| 18 | SONOMA | 89,657 | 165.0 | 184.0 | 156.0 | 212.1 |
| 19 | SANTA CRUZ | 54,024 | 100.0 | 185.1 | 148.8 | 221.4 |
| 20 | TUOLUMNE | 7,188 | 15.7 | 218.0* | 123.7 | 355.7 |
| 21 | RIVERSIDE | 477,697 | 1,144.0 | 239.5 | 225.6 | 253.4 |
| 22 | SAN DIEGO | 651,666 | 1,593.0 | 244.5 | 232.4 | 256.5 |
| 23 | IMPERIAL | 35,745 | 90.0 | 251.8 | 202.5 | 309.5 |
|  | AMADOR | 4,626 | <11.0 | M * | 70.0 | 331.1 |
|  | CALAVERAS | 6,122 | <11.0 | M * | 82.1 | 307.5 |
|  | COLUSA | 4,286 | <11.0 | M * | 42.3 | 283.1 |
|  | GLENN | 5,545 | <11.0 | M * | 66.2 | 292.3 |
|  | INYO | 2,653 | <11.0 | M * | 54.3 | 422.1 |
|  | LASSEN | 3,322 | <11.0 | M * | 43.3 | 337.1 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 2,506 | <11.0 | M * | 36.9 | 389.3 |
|  | MODOC | 1,449 | <11.0 | M * | 33.2 | 570.2 |
|  | MONO | 2,444 | <11.0 | M * | 3.0 | 251.2 |
|  | PLUMAS | 2,772 | <11.0 | M * | 22.3 | 316.3 |
|  | TRINITY | 1,885 | <11.0 | M * | 66.9 | 568.8 |
|  | HPO 2020: STD-6.1 |  |  | 251.9 |  |  |
| 24 | SAN FRANCISCO | 197,876 | 523.3 | 264.5 | 241.8 | 287.1 |
| 25 | ALAMEDA | 348,258 | 924.3 | 265.4 | 248.3 | 282.5 |
| 26 | SUTTER | 19,363 | 51.7 | 266.8 | 199.1 | 350.2 |
| 27 | MERCED | 58,699 | 161.0 | 274.3 | 231.9 | 316.6 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 7,905,915 | 22,369.7 | 282.9 | 279.2 | 286.7 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 FEMALE <br> POPULATION <br> 15 TO 44 <br> YRS OLD | 2016-2018 <br> CASES <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> CASE RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> IIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 28 | STANISLAUS | 112,971 | 323.7 | 286.5 | 255.3 | 317.7 |
| 29 | CONTRA COSTA | 212,999 | 662.0 | 310.8 | 287.1 | 334.5 |
| 30 | LOS ANGELES | $2,114,167$ | $6,794.7$ | 321.4 | 313.7 | 329.0 |
| 31 | TULARE | 96,648 | 315.3 | 326.3 | 290.3 | 362.3 |
| 32 | BUTTE | 46,162 | 151.0 | 327.1 | 274.9 | 379.3 |
| 33 | HUMBOLDT | 26,674 | 92.0 | 344.9 | 278.0 | 423.0 |
| 34 | MADERA | 33,928 | 122.0 | 359.6 | 295.8 | 423.4 |
| 35 | SAN BERNARDINO | 451,251 | $1,647.3$ | 365.1 | 347.4 | 382.7 |
| 36 | SAN JOAQUIN | 150,952 | 553.7 | 366.8 | 336.2 | 397.3 |
| 37 | YUBA | 15,258 | 57.0 | 373.6 | 282.9 | 484.0 |
| 38 | KINGS | 28,880 | 108.7 | 376.3 | 305.5 | 447.0 |
| 39 | TEHAMA | 11,291 | 43.0 | 380.8 | 275.6 | 513.0 |
| 40 | SHASTA | 31,356 | 123.3 | 393.3 | 323.9 | 462.8 |
| 41 | SACRAMENTO | 311,625 | $1,296.0$ | 415.9 | 393.2 | 438.5 |
| 42 | SOLANO | 83,081 | 349.7 | 420.9 | 376.8 | 465.0 |
| 43 | MENDOCINO | 14,926 | 65.0 | 435.5 | 336.1 | 555.1 |
| 44 | KERN | 181,893 | 859.7 | 472.6 | 441.0 | 504.2 |
| 45 | FRESNO | 208,630 | $1,041.0$ | 499.0 | 468.7 | 529.3 |
| 46 | DEL NORTE | 4,108 | 29.0 | 705.9 | 472.8 | $1,013.8$ |
| 47 | LAKE | 10,201 | 89.0 | 872.5 | 700.7 | $1,073.6$ |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

# REPORTED INCIDENCE OF GONORRHEA AMONG MALES 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD, 2016-2018 



The crude case rate of reported incidence of gonorrhea among males (MG-Cases), ages 15 to 44 years old for California averaged 501.4 cases per 100,000 male population in the corresponding age group. The crude case rate for California resulted from averaging the number of reported new cases of MG-Cases for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of MG-Cases for the three years averaged $41,733.3$ with the corresponding male population count of $8,322,901$ as of July 1, 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate ranged from a high of 1,960.2 in San Francisco County to a low of 135.2 in El Dorado County, a factor of 14.5 to 1 .

Six counties with reliable crude case rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-6.2 of no more than 194.8 new reported MG-Cases per 100,000 male population. An additional thirteen counties with unreliable rates met the objective. California's crude case rate for the reported incidences of MG-Cases did not meet the national objective.

Twelve counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of reported incidence of MG-Cases for the 2013-2015 period averaged 306.2 per 100,000 male population in the corresponding age group.

TABLE 22M
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF GONORRHEA AMONG MALES 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2017 \text { MALE } \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ 15 \text { TO } 44 \\ \text { YRS OLD } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | EL DORADO | 33,295 | 45.0 | 135.2 | 98.6 | 180.8 |
| 2 | TUOLUMNE | 9,733 | 15.3 | 157.5* | 88.8 | 258.5 |
| 3 | SISKIYOU | 7,321 | 11.7 | 159.4 * | 81.4 | 280.5 |
| 4 | CALAVERAS | 6,693 | 11.3 | 169.3* | 85.6 | 300.5 |
| 5 | NEVADA | 16,312 | 28.0 | 171.7 | 114.1 | 248.1 |
| 6 | IMPERIAL | 42,111 | 74.3 | 176.5 | 138.7 | 221.5 |
| 7 | PLACER | 72,658 | 129.0 | 177.5 | 146.9 | 208.2 |
| 8 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 59,498 | 106.7 | 179.3 | 145.3 | 213.3 |
| 9 | SAN BENITO | 12,842 | 24.7 | 192.1 | 123.9 | 284.3 |
|  | AMADOR | 7,014 | <11.0 | M * | 40.1 | 205.6 |
|  | COLUSA | 4,705 | <11.0 | M * | 73.4 | 335.0 |
|  | GLENN | 5,953 | <11.0 | M * | 40.4 | 227.1 |
|  | INYO | 2,963 | <11.0 | M * | 42.6 | 361.9 |
|  | LASSEN | 9,373 | <11.0 | M * | 32.3 | 158.7 |
|  | MODOC | 1,574 | <11.0 | M * | 30.5 | 524.9 |
|  | MONO | 2,903 | <11.0 | M * | 8.3 | 248.9 |
|  | PLUMAS | 2,963 | <11.0 | M * | 61.2 | 409.6 |
|  | SIERRA | 425 | <11.0 | M * | 0.8 | 1171.9 |
|  | TRINITY | 2,032 | <11.0 | M * | 30.4 | 431.5 |
|  | HPO 2020: STD-6.2 |  |  | 194.8 |  |  |
| 10 | VENTURA | 171,257 | 344.0 | 200.9 | 179.6 | 222.1 |
| 11 | NAPA | 27,871 | 57.3 | 205.7 | 155.9 | 266.3 |
| 12 | SANTA BARBARA | 103,161 | 213.7 | 207.1 | 179.3 | 234.9 |
| 13 | MONTEREY | 98,383 | 216.0 | 219.6 | 190.3 | 248.8 |
| 14 | MARIN | 42,088 | 103.3 | 245.5 | 198.2 | 292.9 |
| 15 | SANTA CRUZ | 57,199 | 148.7 | 259.9 | 218.1 | 301.7 |
| 16 | MADERA | 31,802 | 85.7 | 269.4 | 215.4 | 332.8 |
| 17 | YOLO | 52,170 | 144.3 | 276.7 | 231.5 | 321.8 |
| 18 | SUTTER | 20,168 | 58.0 | 287.6 | 218.4 | 371.8 |
| 19 | SONOMA | 95,991 | 282.3 | 294.1 | 259.8 | 328.4 |
| 20 | TEHAMA | 12,088 | 36.3 | 300.6 | 210.9 | 415.5 |
| 21 | MERCED | 62,821 | 200.3 | 318.9 | 274.7 | 363.1 |
| 22 | SANTA CLARA | 406,660 | 1,304.3 | 320.7 | 303.3 | 338.1 |
| 23 | KINGS | 39,264 | 126.7 | 322.6 | 266.4 | 378.8 |
| 24 | STANISLAUS | 116,910 | 378.0 | 323.3 | 290.7 | 355.9 |
| 25 | ORANGE | 650,558 | 2,105.3 | 323.6 | 309.8 | 337.4 |
| 26 | BUTTE | 50,762 | 166.3 | 327.7 | 277.9 | 377.5 |
| 27 | SAN MATEO | 145,297 | 477.0 | 328.3 | 298.8 | 357.8 |
| 28 | TULARE | 101,339 | 333.3 | 328.9 | 293.6 | 364.2 |
| 29 | RIVERSIDE | 493,559 | 1,658.0 | 335.9 | 319.8 | 352.1 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2017 \text { MALE } \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ 15 \text { TO } 44 \\ \text { YRS OLD } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | DEL NORTE | 6,137 | 21.7 | 353.0 | 220.4 | 536.2 |
| 31 | SHASTA | 32,937 | 116.7 | 354.2 | 289.9 | 418.5 |
| 32 | MENDOCINO | 16,400 | 63.0 | 384.1 | 295.2 | 491.5 |
| 33 | SAN BERNARDINO | 467,176 | 1,816.3 | 388.8 | 370.9 | 406.7 |
| 34 | SAN JOAQUIN | 158,732 | 617.3 | 388.9 | 358.2 | 419.6 |
| 35 | YUBA | 16,073 | 63.7 | 396.1 | 304.8 | 506.1 |
| 36 | CONTRA COSTA | 215,939 | 920.3 | 426.2 | 398.7 | 453.7 |
| 37 | HUMBOLDT | 28,884 | 124.3 | 430.5 | 354.8 | 506.1 |
| 38 | FRESNO | 219,494 | 946.7 | 431.3 | 403.8 | 458.8 |
| 39 | SOLANO | 88,825 | 404.3 | 455.2 | 410.8 | 499.6 |
| 40 | SAN DIEGO | 717,508 | 3,338.7 | 465.3 | 449.5 | 481.1 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 8,322,901 | 41,733.3 | 501.4 | 496.6 | 506.2 |
| 41 | SACRAMENTO | 318,849 | 1,630.3 | 511.3 | 486.5 | 536.1 |
| 42 | KERN | 208,864 | 1,110.3 | 531.6 | 500.3 | 562.9 |
| 43 | ALAMEDA | 348,140 | 2,088.3 | 599.9 | 574.1 | 625.6 |
| 44 | LOS ANGELES | 2,183,316 | 15,496.7 | 709.8 | 698.6 | 721.0 |
| 45 | LAKE | 11,225 | 80.3 | 715.7 | 567.8 | 890.3 |
| 46 | SAN FRANCISCO | 201,814 | 3,956.0 | 1960.2 | 1899.1 | 2021.3 |
|  | ALPINE | 167 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 2609.7 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 2,705 | <11.0 | NM * | 88.8 | 499.7 |

* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0 .
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and NM (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

## Crude Case Rate per 100,000 Population by County of Residence



California Average: 5.2
(per 100,000 Population)

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health. Case Counts by Reporting County of Residence, 2013-2018. Compiled byTuberculosis Control Branch. Accessed May 2019. 2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.

| HP 2020 Target: 1.0 |
| :---: |
| California Average: 5.2 |
| (per 100,000 Population) | Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

Thhe crude case rate of reported incidence of tuberculosis for California averaged 5.2 cases per 100,000 population. The crude case rate for California resulted from averaging the reported number of new cases of tuberculosis for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the 2017 population count. The total number of new cases of tuberculosis for the three years averaged 2,069.3 with a population count of $39,610,556$ as of July 1, 2017. Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate of reported incidence of tuberculosis ranged from a high of 24.8 in Imperial County to a low of 2.5 in both Riverside and Kern Counties, a factor of 10.1 to 1.

Zero counties with reliable crude rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective IID-29 of no more than 1.0 new reported incidence of tuberculosis case per 100,000 populations. Five counties with an unreliable rate and eight counties with zero reported incidences of tuberculosis cases met the objective. California's crude case rate for reported incidences of tuberculosis did not meet the national objective.

The California crude case rate of reported incidence of tuberculosis for 2013 to 2015 averaged 5.5 per 100,000 population.

TABLE 23
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF TUBERCULOSIS
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | TUOLUMNE | 52,862 | 0.0 | - | - | - - |
| 2 | SISKIYOU | 44,240 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | DEL NORTE | 26,811 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | MARIPOSA | 17,992 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | TRINITY | 13,453 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | MODOC | 9,488 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | SIERRA | 3,149 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 8 | ALPINE | 1,146 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 9 | SAN BENITO | 60,291 | 0.3 | 0.6 * | $<0.1$ | 7.2 |
| 10 | SHASTA | 178,240 | 1.0 | 0.6 * | <0.1 | 3.1 |
| 11 | AMADOR | 37,405 | 0.3 | 0.9 * | <0.1 | 11.7 |
| 12 | NEVADA | 98,554 | 1.0 | 1.0* | <0.1 | 5.7 |
| 13 | BUTTE | 226,661 | 2.3 | 1.0 * | 0.2 | 3.4 |
|  | HPO 2020: IID-29 |  |  | 1.0 |  |  |
| 14 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 278,680 | 3.0 | 1.1 * | 0.2 | 3.1 |
| 15 | GLENN | 29,205 | 0.3 | 1.1 * | $<0.1$ | 14.9 |
| 16 | EL DORADO | 186,556 | 2.3 | 1.3 * | 0.2 | 4.2 |
| 17 | TEHAMA | 64,407 | 1.0 | 1.6 * | <0.1 | 8.7 |
| 18 | PLUMAS | 19,550 | 0.3 | 1.7 * | <0.1 | 22.3 |
| 19 | KINGS | 150,992 | 2.7 | 1.8 * | 0.3 | 5.5 |
| 20 | INYO | 18,566 | 0.3 | 1.8 * | $<0.1$ | 23.5 |
| 21 | MENDOCINO | 89,071 | 1.7 | 1.9 * | 0.2 | 7.5 |
| 22 | PLACER | 382,977 | 7.3 | 1.9 * | 0.8 | 3.9 |
| 23 | HUMBOLDT | 135,865 | 2.7 | 2.0 * | 0.4 | 6.1 |
| 24 | SONOMA | 503,634 | 10.0 | 2.0 * | 1.0 | 3.7 |
| 25 | SANTA CRUZ | 275,859 | 5.7 | 2.1 * | 0.7 | 4.6 |
| 26 | MARIN | 262,092 | 5.7 | 2.2 * | 0.8 | 4.8 |
| 27 | STANISLAUS | 550,505 | 12.7 | 2.3 * | 1.2 | 4.0 |
| 28 | MADERA | 156,915 | 3.7 | 2.3 * | 0.6 | 6.2 |
| 29 | MONO | 13,846 | 0.3 | 2.4 * | <0.1 | 31.5 |
| 30 | KERN | 897,949 | 22.0 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 |
| 31 | RIVERSIDE | 2,392,511 | 58.7 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 3.2 |
| 32 | YUBA | 76,767 | 2.0 | 2.6 * | 0.3 | 9.4 |
| 33 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,163,561 | 59.0 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
| 34 | MERCED | 276,611 | 7.7 | 2.8 * | 1.2 | 5.5 |
| 35 | NAPA | 141,205 | 4.0 | 2.8 * | 0.8 | 7.3 |
| 36 | YOLO | 219,758 | 6.3 | 2.9 * | 1.1 | 6.2 |
| 37 | COLUSA | 22,632 | 0.7 | 2.9 * | <0.1 | 22.0 |
| 38 | SANTA BARBARA | 450,138 | 14.3 | 3.2 * | 1.8 | 5.3 |
| 39 | LASSEN | 30,604 | 1.0 | 3.3 * | <0.1 | 18.2 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> CASES <br> (AVERAGE) | CRUDE <br> CASE RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 40 | VENTURA | 854,987 | 29.0 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 4.9 |
| 41 | LAKE | 64,930 | 2.3 | $3.6^{*}$ | 0.5 | 11.9 |
| 42 | TULARE | 472,416 | 17.3 | $3.7^{*}$ | 2.2 | 5.8 |
| 43 | SACRAMENTO | $1,520,685$ | 62.7 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 5.3 |
| 44 | CONTRA COSTA | $1,138,201$ | 53.7 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 6.2 |
| 45 | CALAVERAS | 44,656 | 2.3 | $5.2^{*}$ | 0.8 | 17.4 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | $\mathbf{3 9 , 6 1 0 , 5 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 9 . 3}$ | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.4 |
| 46 | SUTTER | 98,342 | 5.3 | $5.4^{*}$ | 1.8 | 12.3 |
| 47 | LOS ANGELES | $10,261,736$ | 563.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.9 |
| 48 | MONTEREY | 442,196 | 24.3 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8.2 |
| 49 | ORANGE | $3,205,855$ | 177.7 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 6.4 |
| 50 | FRESNO | $1,000,143$ | 56.0 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 7.3 |
| 51 | SAN JOAQUIN | 749,810 | 44.3 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 7.9 |
| 52 | SOLANO | 437,434 | 26.3 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 8.8 |
| 53 | SAN MATEO | 771,902 | 55.7 | 7.2 | 5.4 | 9.4 |
| 54 | SAN DIEGO | $3,320,387$ | 240.3 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 8.2 |
| 55 | ALAMEDA | $1,651,319$ | 142.3 | 8.6 | 7.2 | 10.0 |
| 56 | SANTA CLARA | $1,945,911$ | 171.7 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 10.1 |
| 57 | SAN FRANCISCO | 880,955 | 108.0 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 14.6 |
| 58 | IMPERIAL | 187,943 | 46.7 | 24.8 | 18.2 | 33.1 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
*Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0 .
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, Tuberculosis Control Branch. Data Requested, May 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

## REPORTED INCIDENCE OF CONGENIT AL SYPHILIS, 2016-2018



Th
he crude case rate of reported incidence of congenital syphilis for California averaged 58.7 cases per 100,000 live births. The crude case rate for California is derived from averaging the number of new congenital syphilis cases, 277.0, and dividing by the average number of live births, 471,657, for years 2016 to 2018.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate ranged from a high of 344.7 in Fresno County to a low of 42.3 in Los Angeles County, a factor of 8.2 to 1 .

Zero counties with reliable crude case rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-8 of no more than 9.6 reported incidences of congenital syphilis per 100,000 live births. California did not meet the Healthy People 2020 National Objective. One county with an unreliable rate and twenty-three counties with zero reported incidences of congenital syphilis met the objective.

Twenty-eight counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of congenital syphilis for the 2013-2015 period averaged 20.8 per 100,000 live births.

TABLE 23C
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF CONGENITAL SYPHILIS RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SAN MATEO | 8,624.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 2,522.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | MARIN | 2,206.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | EL DORADO | 1,614.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | HUMBOLDT | 1,409.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | NAPA | 1,300.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | SUTTER | 1,299.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 8 | NEVADA | 783.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 9 | SAN BENITO | 762.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 10 | SISKIYOU | 448.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 11 | CALAVERAS | 390.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 12 | GLENN | 373.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 13 | LASSEN | 305.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 14 | AMADOR | 305.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 15 | DEL NORTE | 287.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 16 | INYO | 188.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 17 | PLUMAS | 168.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 18 | MARIPOSA | 148.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 19 | MONO | 136.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 20 | TRINITY | 115.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 21 | MODOC | 96.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 22 | SIERRA | 28.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 23 | ALPINE | 7.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | PLACER | 3,693.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 118.0 |
|  | HPO 2020: STD-8 |  |  | 9.6 |  |  |
| 24 | SAN DIEGO | 41,328.7 | 12.0 | 29.0 * | 15.0 | 50.7 |
| 25 | LOS ANGELES | 116,655.3 | 49.3 | 42.3 | 31.3 | 55.9 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 471,656.7 | 277.0 | 58.7 | 51.8 | 65.6 |
| 26 | SAN BERNARDINO | 29,927.0 | 28.0 | 93.6 | 62.2 | 135.2 |
| 27 | STANISLAUS | 7,550.0 | 11.3 | 150.1 * | 75.8 | 266.4 |
| 28 | SAN JOAQUIN | 10,004.0 | 20.0 | 199.9 | 122.1 | 308.8 |
| 29 | KERN | 13,314.7 | 38.7 | 290.4 | 206.2 | 397.5 |
| 30 | FRESNO | 14,697.7 | 50.7 | 344.7 | 256.4 | 453.7 |
|  | ALAMEDA | 18,900.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 4.9 | 51.6 |
|  | BUTTE | 2,433.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 19.7 | 339.6 |
|  | COLUSA | 292.0 | <11.0 | NM * | $<0.1$ | 1492.6 |
|  | CONTRA COSTA | 12,171.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.9 | 63.7 |
|  | IMPERIAL | 2,845.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.6 | 215.7 |
|  | KINGS | 2,293.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 15.4 | 337.9 |
|  | LAKE | 738.3 | <11.0 | NM | <0.1 | 590.3 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { CASES } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MADERA | 2,183.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 49.9 | 469.1 |
|  | MENDOCINO | 971.3 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 448.7 |
|  | MERCED | 4,063.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 3.6 | 164.6 |
|  | MONTEREY | 5,975.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 83.4 |
|  | ORANGE | 37,054.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 11.1 | 46.1 |
|  | RIVERSIDE | 29,747.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 12.3 | 54.5 |
|  | SACRAMENTO | 19,286.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 16.8 | 79.4 |
|  | SAN FRANCISCO | 8,901.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.3 | 62.6 |
|  | SANTA BARBARA | 5,431.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.4 | 113.0 |
|  | SANTA CLARA | 22,150.3 | <11.0 | NM | 5.7 | 48.4 |
|  | SANTA CRUZ | 2,636.7 | <11.0 | NM | 1.0 | 211.3 |
|  | SHASTA | 2,005.0 | <11.0 | NM | 1.3 | 277.9 |
|  | SOLANO | 5,141.3 | <11.0 | NM | 0.5 | 108.4 |
|  | SONOMA | 4,710.0 | <11.0 | NM | 0.5 | 118.3 |
|  | TEHAMA | 755.0 | <11.0 | NM | 3.4 | 738.0 |
|  | TULARE | 7,058.0 | <11.0 | NM | 23.0 | 165.3 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | 458.7 | <11.0 | NM | $<0.1$ | 950.2 |
|  | VENTURA | 9,313.7 | <11.0 | NM | 1.6 | 71.8 |
|  | YOLO | 2,274.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.1 | 219.0 |
|  | YUBA | 1,173.3 | <11.0 | NM | 40.9 | 704.2 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0 .
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

# REPORTED INCIDENCE OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS AMONG FEMALES, 2016-2018 

Crude Case Rate per 100,000 Female Population by County of Residence

*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch, Compiled by Surveillance \& Data Management Unit. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060.

> HP 2020 Target: 1.3
> California Average: 4.7
> (per 100,000 Female Population)

The crude case rate of reported incidence of primary and secondary syphilis among females (FS-Cases) for California averaged 4.7 cases per 100,000 female population. The crude case rate for California is derived from averaging the number of reported FS-Cases for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the average female population count for the last three years. The total number of new FS-Cases averaged 943.7 with the corresponding female population count of 19,925,547 as of July 1, 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate ranged from a high of 31.9 in San Joaquin County to a low of 1.4 in Orange County, a factor of 22.8 to 1 .

Zero counties with reliable crude case rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-7.1 of no more than 1.3 reported FS-Cases per 100,000 female population. California also did not meet the Healthy People 2020 National Objective. Five counties with unreliable rates and nine counties with zero events either met or exceeded the Healthy People 2020 National Objective.

Thirty-one counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of FS-Cases for the 2013-2015 period averaged 1.7 per 100,000 female population.

TABLE 23F
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS AMONG FEMALES RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { FEMALE } \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | DEL NORTE | 12,449 | 0.0 | - | - - | - |
| 2 | LASSEN | 11,639 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | COLUSA | 11,046 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | PLUMAS | 9,797 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | INYO | 9,150 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | MONO | 6,543 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | MODOC | 4,736 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 8 | SIERRA | 1,562 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 9 | ALPINE | 565 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | MARIN | 132,827 | $<11.0$ | M * | <0.1 | 4.6 |
|  | PLACER | 195,369 | <11.0 | M | <0.1 | 3.1 |
|  | SAN BENITO | 30,170 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 14.4 |
|  | SAN MATEO | 392,035 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 2.2 |
|  | VENTURA | 430,094 | <11.0 | M | 0.4 | 2.7 |
|  | HPO 2020: STD-7. 1 |  |  | 1.3 |  |  |
| 10 | ORANGE | 1,616,575 | 22.7 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.1 |
| 11 | SAN DIEGO | 1,653,392 | 27.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.4 |
| 12 | CONTRA COSTA | 581,872 | 13.3 | 2.3 * | 1.2 | 3.9 |
| 13 | RIVERSIDE | 1,204,837 | 29.7 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 3.5 |
| 14 | ALAMEDA | 840,889 | 23.3 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 4.2 |
| 15 | LOS ANGELES | 5,201,009 | 169.7 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.8 |
| 16 | SAN BERNARDINO | 1,090,399 | 46.7 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 5.7 |
| 17 | SAN FRANCISCO | 435,568 | 19.3 | 4.4 * | 2.7 | 6.9 |
| 18 | SANTA CLARA | 966,233 | 43.7 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 6.1 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 19,925,547 | 943.7 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 5.0 |
| 19 | SONOMA | 256,019 | 12.7 | 4.9 * | 2.6 | 8.5 |
| 20 | SACRAMENTO | 774,927 | 59.3 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 9.9 |
| 21 | MERCED | 137,258 | 13.7 | 10.0* | 5.4 | 16.8 |
| 22 | STANISLAUS | 277,906 | 39.3 | 14.2 | 10.1 | 19.3 |
| 23 | BUTTE | 113,976 | 17.3 | 15.2 * | 8.9 | 24.2 |
| 24 | KERN | 437,977 | 77.7 | 17.7 | 14.0 | 22.1 |
| 25 | FRESNO | 500,813 | 100.3 | 20.0 | 16.1 | 24.0 |
| 26 | MADERA | 81,156 | 17.0 | 20.9 * | 12.2 | 33.5 |
| 27 | SAN JOAQUIN | 376,186 | 120.0 | 31.9 | 26.2 | 37.6 |
|  | AMADOR | 17,401 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 28.6 |
|  | CALAVERAS | 22,436 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.3 | 27.4 |
|  | EL DORADO | 92,757 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 6.6 |
|  | GLENN | 14,424 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 30.2 |
|  | HUMBOLDT | 67,818 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.5 | 11.4 |
|  | IMPERIAL | 92,735 | <11.0 | NM | 1.4 | 11.6 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> FEMALE <br> POPULATION | $\begin{gathered} 2016-2018 \\ \text { CASES } \\ \text { (AVERAGE) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CRUDE } \\ \text { CASE RATE } \end{gathered}$ | $95 \%$ CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | KINGS | 68,748 | <11.0 | NM * | 5.7 | 24.2 |
|  | LAKE | 32,492 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.5 | 20.6 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 8,906 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 55.9 |
|  | MENDOCINO | 44,614 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.2 | 13.8 |
|  | MONTEREY | 215,546 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.4 | 4.3 |
|  | NAPA | 70,942 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.3 | 10.2 |
|  | NEVADA | 49,774 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.1 | 12.3 |
|  | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 136,312 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.4 | 6.1 |
|  | SANTA BARBARA | 223,491 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.4 | 4.4 |
|  | SANTA CRUZ | 137,846 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.5 | 9.1 |
|  | SHASTA | 90,894 | <11.0 | NM | 5.5 | 20.7 |
|  | SISKIYOU | 22,344 | <11.0 | NM | 0.1 | 24.9 |
|  | SOLANO | 219,825 | <11.0 | NM | 1.5 | 7.0 |
|  | SUTTER | 49,446 | <11.0 | NM | 0.3 | 13.5 |
|  | TEHAMA | 32,480 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 15.3 |
|  | TRINITY | 6,633 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 65.7 |
|  | TULARE | 236,240 | <11.0 | NM | 1.3 | 6.3 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | 25,454 | <11.0 | NM * | 3.6 | 38.3 |
|  | YOLO | 112,815 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.5 | 7.8 |
|  | YUBA | 38,200 | <11.0 | NM | 1.6 | 23.0 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0 .
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

# REPORTED INCIDENCE OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS AMONG MALES, 2016-2018 

## Crude Case Rate per 100,000 Male Population by County of Residence

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch, Compiled by Surveillance \& Data Management Unit. Accessed September 2019. 2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

The crude case rate of reported incidence of primary and secondary syphilis among males (MS-Cases), for California averaged 29.4 cases per 100,000 male population. The crude case rate for California is derived from averaging the number of reported MS-Cases for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the average male population count for the last three years. The total number of new MS-Cases averaged 6,792.3 with the corresponding male population count of 19,686,009 as of July 1, 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the crude case rate ranged from a high of 116.3 in San Francisco County to a low of 11.7 in Tulare County, a factor of 9.8 to 1.

Zero counties with reliable crude case rates met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-7.2 of no more than 6.7 reported MS-Cases per 100,000 male population. California also did not meet the Healthy People 2020 National Objective. Three counties with unreliable rates and five counties with zero incidences met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective.

Nineteen counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average case count and crude case rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California crude case rate of MS-Cases for the 2013-2016 period averaged 19.6 per 100,000 male population.

TABLE 23M
REPORTED INCIDENCE OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SYPHILIS AMONG MALES RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE CRUDE CASE RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { MALE } \\ \text { POPULATION } \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 CASES (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | PLUMAS | 9,753 | 0.0 | - | - - | - |
| 2 | INYO | 9,416 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | MODOC | 4,752 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | SIERRA | 1,587 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | ALPINE | 581 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | CALAVERAS | 22,220 | <11.0 | M * | 0.1 | 25.1 |
|  | LAKE | 32,438 | <11.0 | M * | 0.7 | 22.3 |
|  | LASSEN | 18,965 | <11.0 | M | <0.1 | 26.3 |
|  | HPO 2020: STD-7.2 |  |  | 6.7 |  |  |
| 6 | PLACER | 187,608 | 17.7 | 9.4 * | 5.6 | 14.9 |
| 7 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 142,368 | 14.7 | 10.3 * | 5.7 | 17.1 |
| 8 | TULARE | 236,176 | 27.7 | 11.7 | 7.8 | 17.0 |
| 9 | VENTURA | 424,893 | 50.7 | 11.9 | 8.9 | 15.7 |
| 10 | IMPERIAL | 95,208 | 12.0 | 12.6 * | 6.5 | 22.0 |
| 11 | MARIN | 129,265 | 16.7 | 12.9 * | 7.5 | 20.7 |
| 12 | MONTEREY | 226,650 | 32.3 | 14.3 | 9.8 | 20.1 |
| 13 | SANTA BARBARA | 226,647 | 35.7 | 15.7 | 11.0 | 21.8 |
| 14 | SAN MATEO | 379,867 | 63.7 | 16.8 | 12.9 | 21.4 |
| 15 | SAN BERNARDINO | 1,073,162 | 196.7 | 18.3 | 15.8 | 20.9 |
| 16 | NAPA | 70,263 | 13.0 | 18.5* | 9.9 | 31.6 |
| 17 | HUMBOLDT | 68,047 | 12.7 | 18.6* | 9.8 | 32.0 |
| 18 | SANTA CLARA | 979,678 | 198.7 | 20.3 | 17.5 | 23.1 |
| 19 | SOLANO | 217,609 | 44.7 | 20.5 | 15.0 | 27.5 |
| 20 | CONTRA COSTA | 556,329 | 114.7 | 20.6 | 16.8 | 24.4 |
| 21 | KINGS | 82,244 | 17.3 | 21.1 * | 12.4 | 33.6 |
| 22 | RIVERSIDE | 1,187,674 | 251.7 | 21.2 | 18.6 | 23.8 |
| 23 | YOLO | 106,943 | 23.0 | 21.5 | 13.6 | 32.3 |
| 24 | SANTA CRUZ | 138,013 | 30.0 | 21.7 | 14.7 | 31.0 |
| 25 | ORANGE | 1,589,280 | 354.3 | 22.3 | 20.0 | 24.6 |
| 26 | ALAMEDA | 810,430 | 189.3 | 23.4 | 20.0 | 26.7 |
| 27 | SONOMA | 247,615 | 63.0 | 25.4 | 19.6 | 32.6 |
| 28 | MERCED | 139,353 | 38.0 | 27.3 | 19.3 | 37.4 |
| 29 | SHASTA | 87,346 | 25.0 | 28.6 | 18.5 | 42.3 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 19,685,009 | 5,792.3 | 29.4 | 28.7 | 30.2 |
| 30 | STANISLAUS | 272,599 | 85.3 | 31.3 | 25.0 | 38.7 |
| 31 | SAN DIEGO | 1,666,995 | 529.3 | 31.8 | 29.0 | 34.5 |
| 32 | MADERA | 75,759 | 24.3 | 32.1 | 20.6 | 47.7 |
| 33 | BUTTE | 112,685 | 37.0 | 32.8 | 23.1 | 45.3 |
| 34 | SACRAMENTO | 745,758 | 252.7 | 33.9 | 29.7 | 38.1 |
| 35 | LOS ANGELES | 5,060,727 | 1,890.7 | 37.4 | 35.7 | 39.0 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { MALE } \\ \text { POPULATION } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 } \\ \text { CASES } \end{gathered}$ (AVERAGE) | CRUDE CASE RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | FRESNO | 499,330 | 187.7 | 37.6 | 32.2 | 43.0 |
| 37 | KERN | 459,972 | 184.0 | 40.0 | 34.2 | 45.8 |
| 38 | SAN JOAQUIN | 373,624 | 186.0 | 49.8 | 42.6 | 56.9 |
| 39 | SAN FRANCISCO | 445,387 | 513.3 | 115.3 | 105.3 | 125.2 |
|  | AMADOR | 20,004 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.4 | 41.3 |
|  | COLUSA | 11,586 | <11.0 | NM | 2.1 | 62.4 |
|  | DEL NORTE | 14,362 | <11.0 | NM | 1.0 | 46.6 |
|  | EL DORADO | 93,799 | <11.0 | NM | 2.8 | 14.9 |
|  | GLENN | 14,781 | <11.0 | NM | 1.6 | 48.9 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 9,086 | <11.0 | NM | $<0.1$ | 54.8 |
|  | MENDOCINO | 44,457 | <11.0 | NM | 2.1 | 21.9 |
|  | MONO | 7,303 | <11.0 | NM | 0.3 | 76.3 |
|  | NEVADA | 48,780 | <11.0 | NM | 2.6 | 22.0 |
|  | SAN BENITO | 30,121 | <11.0 | NM | 3.1 | 32.4 |
|  | SISKIYOU | 21,896 | <11.0 | NM | 1.1 | 33.0 |
|  | SUTTER | 48,896 | <11.0 | NM | 5.3 | 28.6 |
|  | TEHAMA | 31,927 | <11.0 | NM | 2.4 | 29.0 |
|  | TRINITY | 6,820 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.4 | 81.7 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | 27,408 | <11.0 | NM * | 12.6 | 57.5 |
|  | YUBA | 38,567 | <11.0 | NM | 5.7 | 33.9 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
$<0.1$ Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.


The California birth cohort infant mortality death rate (IMR) for all race/ethnic groups under 12 months of age, averaged 4.3 infant deaths per 1,000 live births. The IMR for all race/ethnic groups is derived from averaging the number of infant deaths, 2,096.7, and dividing by the average number of live births, 484,228.7, for years 2015 through 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the birth cohort IMR for all race/ethnic groups ranged from a high of 6.6 in Fresno County to a low of 2.8 in San Francisco County, a factor of 2.4 to 1.

California as a whole, along with 47 counties, met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective (HP 2020) MICH-1.3 of no more than 6.0 infant deaths for all race/ethnic groups per 1,000 live births. The counties include 18 with reliable rates and 26 with unreliable rates. Three counties had zero deaths. Eleven counties did not meet HP 2020, and nine of these counties had unreliable rates.

Twenty-nine counties contain suppressed data per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). For these counties, the following suppressions were applied: average infant death counts and IMR. Three-year average live birth counts were suppressed where applicable. See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California birth cohort IMR for all race/ethnic groups for the 2012-2014 period averaged 4.6 per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 24A
INFANT MORTALITY, ALL RACE/ETHNIC GROUPS RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2015-2017

| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORTINFANTDEATH RATE | $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} 95 \% \\ \text { CONFIDENCE } \\ \text { LIMIT } \\ \text { (UPPER) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIVE } \\ & \text { BIRTHS } \end{aligned}$ | INFANT DEATHS |  |  |  |
| 1 | MONO | 143.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | SIERRA | 31.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | ALPINE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | SAN FRANCISCO | 8,994.7 | 25.3 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 4.1 |
| 5 | ORANGE | 37,714.7 | 114.7 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 3.6 |
| 6 | PLACER | 3,724.3 | 11.3 | 3.0 * | 1.5 | 5.4 |
| 7 | SAN MATEO | 8,863.7 | 28.0 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 4.6 |
| 8 | CONTRA COSTA | 12,377.0 | 39.7 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 4.4 |
| 9 | SONOMA | 4,875.7 | 16.0 | 3.3 * | 1.9 | 5.3 |
| 10 | SANTA CLARA | 22,860.0 | 76.3 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 4.2 |
| 11 | SAN DIEGO | 42,657.0 | 162.3 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 4.4 |
| 12 | ALAMEDA | 19,306.3 | 73.7 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| 13 | LOS ANGELES | 121,427.3 | 511.3 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.6 |
| 14 | VENTURA | 9,659.7 | 41.0 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 5.8 |
| 15 | IMPERIAL | 3,043.7 | 13.0 | 4.3 * | 2.3 | 7.3 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 484,228.7 | 2,096.7 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.5 |
| 16 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 2,600.3 | 11.7 | 4.5* | 2.3 | 7.9 |
| 17 | MERCED | 4,141.3 | 18.7 | 4.5* | 2.7 | 7.1 |
| 18 | RIVERSIDE | 30,361.3 | 137.0 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 5.3 |
| 19 | SANTA BARBARA | 5,569.3 | 27.0 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 7.1 |
| 20 | STANISLAUS | 7,671.3 | 37.3 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 6.7 |
| 21 | MONTEREY | 6,154.0 | 30.0 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 7.0 |
| 22 | SACRAMENTO | 19,412.0 | 94.7 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 6.0 |
| 23 | KINGS | 2,299.3 | 11.3 | 4.9 * | 2.5 | 8.7 |
| 24 | SAN JOAQUIN | 10,062.3 | 52.3 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 6.8 |
| 25 | SOLANO | 5,176.0 | 27.7 | 5.3 | 3.5 | 7.7 |
| 26 | MADERA | 2,234.3 | 12.0 | 5.4 * | 2.8 | 9.4 |
| 27 | SAN BERNARDINO | 30,484.0 | 179.3 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 6.7 |
| 28 | KERN | 13,611.7 | 82.0 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 7.5 |
|  | BUTTE | 2,440.7 | <11.0 | M * | 2.0 | 7.5 |
|  | CALAVERAS | 392.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 11.1 |
|  | COLUSA | 302.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 20.3 |
|  | DEL NORTE | 293.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 17.0 |
|  | EL DORADO | 1,590.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.9 | 7.0 |
|  | GLENN | 378.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.6 | 19.1 |
|  | LAKE | 741.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.8 | 11.8 |
|  | MARIN | 2,260.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.3 | 3.9 |
|  | MODOC | 88.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 49.3 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFANT } \\ & \text { DEATHS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | NAPA | 1,385.0 | <11.0 | M * | 1.3 | 8.8 |
|  | NEVADA | 818.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.8 | 10.7 |
|  | PLUMAS | 168.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 29.6 |
|  | SAN BENITO | 744.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.3 | 9.7 |
|  | SANTA CRUZ | 2,768.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.8 | 6.8 |
|  | SHASTA | 2,043.7 | <11.0 | M * | 2.5 | 9.2 |
|  | SISKIYOU | 458.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 13.4 |
|  | TEHAMA | 786.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.2 | 12.4 |
|  | TRINITY | 112.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 44.3 |
|  | YOLO | 2,365.7 | <11.0 | M * | 2.1 | 8.0 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-1.3 |  |  | 6.0 |  |  |
| 29 | TULARE | 7,230.0 | 46.0 | 6.4 | 4.7 | 8.5 |
| 30 | FRESNO | 15,014.3 | 99.7 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 8.1 |
|  | AMADOR | 305.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.8 | 23.7 |
|  | HUMBOLDT | 1,436.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 3.2 | 12.5 |
|  | INYO | 199.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.2 | 36.3 |
|  | LASSEN | 300.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.8 | 24.1 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 151.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.2 | 36.7 |
|  | MENDOCINO | 1,023.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.5 | 13.6 |
|  | SUTTER | 1,311.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.8 | 12.4 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | 464.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.3 | 18.9 |
|  | YUBA | 1,192.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 3.8 | 15.1 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
$<11.0$ refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result,
suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing birth cohort death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing total number of live births.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

Infant Death Rate per 1,000 Live Births by County of Residence
*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

## Data Source:

California Department of Public Health:
 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

TThe California birth cohort infant mortality death rate (IMR) for Asian/Pacific Islanders was 3.0 deaths per 1,000 live births. The IMR for Asian/Pacific Islanders is derived from averaging the number of infant deaths, 224.0, and dividing by the average number of live births, 73,870.3, for years 2015 through 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the birth cohort IMR for Asian/Pacific Islanders ranged from a high of 3.1 in Los Angeles County to a low of 2.9 in Santa Clara County, a factor of 1.1 to 1.

California as a whole, along with 50 counties, met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective (HP 2020) MICH-1.3 of no more than 6.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births among Asian/Pacific Islander infants. The counties include two with reliable rates, 24 with unreliable rates, and 22 with zero deaths. Eight counties did not meet HP 2020 and had unreliable rates; two counties had zero births.

Thirty-eight counties data is suppressed per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). For these counties, the following suppressions were applied: average infant death counts and IMR. Three-year average live birth counts were suppressed where applicable. See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California birth cohort IMR for Asian/Pacific Islander infants under 12 months of age for the 2012-2014 period averaged 3.3 infant deaths per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 24B
ASIAN/PACIFIC ISLANDER INFANT MORTALITY RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2015-2017

| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | INFANT DEATHS |  |  |  |
| 1 | MARIN | 193.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | NAPA | 86.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | KINGS | 80.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | SANTA CRUZ | 79.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | EL DORADO | 77.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | IMPERIAL | 30.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | MENDOCINO | 18.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 8 | DEL NORTE | 17.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 9 | NEVADA | 14.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 10 | SAN BENITO | 13.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 11 | TEHAMA | 13.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 12 | LASSEN | 13.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 13 | AMADOR | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 14 | CALAVERAS | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 15 | COLUSA | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 16 | INYO | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 17 | LAKE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 18 | MARIPOSA | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 19 | MODOC | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 20 | MONO | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 21 | PLUMAS | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 22 | TRINITY | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 23 | ORANGE | 9,426.7 | 17.3 | 1.8 * | 1.1 | 2.9 |
| 24 | ALAMEDA | 6,192.7 | 14.7 | 2.4 * | 1.3 | 3.9 |
| 25 | SANTA CLARA | 8,727.7 | 25.0 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 4.2 |
| 26 | SAN DIEGO | 4,701.7 | 13.7 | 2.9 * | 1.6 | 4.9 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 73,870.3 | 224.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.4 |
| 27 | LOS ANGELES | 19,354.0 | 60.7 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 4.0 |
| 28 | SACRAMENTO | 3,589.7 | 13.3 | 3.7 * | 2.0 | 6.3 |
|  | CONTRA COSTA | 2,063.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.9 | 5.9 |
|  | FRESNO | 1,776.3 | <11.0 | M * | 2.8 | 10.6 |
|  | HUMBOLDT | 65.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 66.7 |
|  | MERCED | 312.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 19.7 |
|  | MONTEREY | 230.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.1 | 24.2 |
|  | PLACER | 331.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 16.8 |
|  | RIVERSIDE | 2,184.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.9 | 5.8 |
|  | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,881.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.3 | 5.6 |
|  | SAN FRANCISCO | 2,909.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.5 | 6.0 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFANT } \\ & \text { DEATHS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | SAN JOAQUIN | 1,568.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.9 | 7.1 |
|  | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 81.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 53.4 |
|  | SAN MATEO | 2,856.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.7 | 6.4 |
|  | SANTA BARBARA | 214.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.1 | 26.0 |
|  | SOLANO | 728.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.1 | 12.7 |
|  | SONOMA | 218.0 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 22.8 |
|  | SUTTER | 213.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 23.4 |
|  | TULARE | 213.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.1 | 26.2 |
|  | VENTURA | 652.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.9 | 13.4 |
|  | YOLO | 298.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 18.7 |
|  | YUBA | 96.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 45.2 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-1.3 |  |  | 6.0 |  |  |
|  | BUTTE | 171.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.4 | 35.8 |
|  | GLENN | <11.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 484.3 |
|  | KERN | 536.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.0 | 19.1 |
|  | MADERA | 45.7 | <11.0 | NM * | $<0.1$ | 109.1 |
|  | SHASTA | 86.7 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 57.5 |
|  | SISKIYOU | <11.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 523.0 |
|  | STANISLAUS | 445.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.4 | 19.7 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | <11.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 502.9 |
|  | ALPINE | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | SIERRA | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
$<11.0$ refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result,
suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing birth cohort death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing total number of live births.
Counties with zero live births are placed at the bottom of the list.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

Infant Death Rate per
1,000 Live Births by
County of Residence
*Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Data Source:
California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

The California birth cohort infant mortality death rate (IMR) for Blacks averaged 8.7 deaths per 1,000 live births. The IMR for Blacks is derived from averaging the number of infant deaths, 207.0, and dividing by the average number of live births, 23,672.0, for years 2015 through 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the birth cohort infant death rate for Blacks ranged from a high of 11.6 in San Bernardino County to a low of 9.3 in Los Angeles County, a factor of 1.2 to 1.

Thirty-six counties met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective (HP 2020) MICH-1.3 of no more than 6.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births among the Black population. Of the 36 counties, seven had unreliable rates and 29 had zero deaths. Five counties had zero births. California as a whole, along with 17 counties, did not meet HP 2020.

Thirty-four counties contain suppressed data per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). For these counties, the following suppressions were applied: average infant death counts and IMR. Three-year average live birth counts were suppressed where applicable. See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California birth cohort IMR for Black infants under 12 months of age for the 2012-2014 period averaged 10.2 infant deaths per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 24C
BLACK INFANT MORTALITY
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2015-2017

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE | $\qquad$ | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | INFANT DEATHS |  |  |  |
| 1 | VENTURA | 102.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | KINGS | 82.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | MONTEREY | 65.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | PLACER | 40.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | MARIN | 34.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | BUTTE | 33.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | SUTTER | 23.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 8 | SHASTA | 20.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 9 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 20.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 10 | IMPERIAL | 18.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 11 | NAPA | 12.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 12 | SANTA CRUZ | 11.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 13 | EL DORADO | 11.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 14 | AMADOR | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 15 | CALAVERAS | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 16 | COLUSA | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 17 | DEL NORTE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 18 | GLENN | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 19 | INYO | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 20 | LAKE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 21 | LASSEN | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 22 | MENDOCINO | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 23 | MONO | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 24 | NEVADA | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 25 | PLUMAS | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 26 | SAN BENITO | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 27 | SISKIYOU | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 28 | TEHAMA | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 29 | TUOLUMNE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | CONTRA COSTA | 1,001.3 | <11.0 | M * | 2.2 | 13.0 |
|  | MERCED | 103.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 42.3 |
|  | RIVERSIDE | 1,569.3 | <11.0 | M * | 2.8 | 11.2 |
|  | SAN FRANCISCO | 359.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 17.1 |
|  | SONOMA | 56.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 76.9 |
|  | STANISLAUS | 159.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 31.2 |
|  | YOLO | 61.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 71.1 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-1.3 |  |  | 6.0 |  |  |
| 30 | SAN DIEGO | 1,808.3 | 13.0 | 7.2 * | 3.8 | 12.3 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORTINFANTDEATH RATE | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFANT } \\ & \text { DEATHS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| 31 | ALAMEDA | 1,602.7 | 12.7 | 7.9* | 4.2 | 13.6 |
| 32 | SACRAMENTO | 1,892.0 | 15.3 | 8.1 * | 4.6 | 13.3 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 23,672.0 | 207.0 | 8.7 | 7.6 | 9.9 |
| 33 | LOS ANGELES | 8,309.3 | 77.7 | 9.3 | 7.4 | 11.7 |
| 34 | SAN BERNARDINO | 2,448.3 | 28.3 | 11.6 | 7.7 | 16.7 |
| 35 | FRESNO | 699.7 | 12.0 | 17.2* | 8.9 | 30.0 |
|  | HUMBOLDT | 17.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.2 | 293.0 |
|  | KERN | 707.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.3 | 16.5 |
|  | MADERA | 26.7 | <11.0 | NM * | $<0.1$ | 163.4 |
|  | ORANGE | 411.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.6 | 24.9 |
|  | SAN JOAQUIN | 690.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 6.0 | 24.7 |
|  | SAN MATEO | 104.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.3 | 69.5 |
|  | SANTA BARBARA | 44.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 113.2 |
|  | SANTA CLARA | 387.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.2 | 21.3 |
|  | SOLANO | 584.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.2 | 18.3 |
|  | TULARE | 75.3 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 66.1 |
|  | YUBA | 34.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 128.2 |
|  | ALPINE | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | MARIPOSA | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | MODOC | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | SIERRA | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
|  | TRINITY | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
$<11.0$ refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result,
suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing birth cohort death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing total number of live births.
Counties with zero live births are placed at the bottom of the list.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

Infant Death Rate per 1,000 Live Births by County of Residence

Zero events

Less than or equal to 6.0

Greater than 6.0
Unreliable*

* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Data Source:
California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

The California birth cohort infant mortality rate (IMR) for Hispanics averaged 4.4 deaths per 1,000 live births. The IMR for Hispanics is derived from averaging the number of infant deaths, 1,009.7, and dividing by the average number of live births, 227,555.7, for years 2015 through 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the birth cohort IMR for Hispanics ranged from a high of 6.1 in Fresno County to a low of 3.4 in San Diego County, a factor of 1.8 to 1.

California as a whole, along with 47 counties, met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective (HP 2020) MICH-1.3 of no more than 6.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births among the Hispanic population. The counties include 12 with reliable rates, 27 with unreliable rates, and eight with zero deaths. Eleven counties, two with reliable rates and nine with unreliable rates, did not meet HP 2020.

Thirty-five counties contain suppressed data per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). For these counties, the following suppressions were applied: average infant death counts and IMR. Three-year average live birth counts were suppressed where applicable. See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California birth cohort IMR for Hispanic infants under 12 months of age for the 2012-2014 period averaged 4.5 infant deaths per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 24D
HISPANIC INFANT MORTALITY
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2015-2017

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORTINFANTDEATHRATE | $\begin{gathered} 95 \% \\ \text { CONFIDENCE } \\ \text { LIMIT } \\ \text { (LOWER) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIVE } \\ & \text { BIRTHS } \end{aligned}$ | INFANT DEATHS |  |  |  |
| 1 | MARIN | 679.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | SHASTA | 208.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | MONO | 62.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | PLUMAS | 21.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | MODOC | 11.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | ALPINE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | SIERRA | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 8 | TRINITY | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 9 | CONTRA COSTA | 4,088.7 | 13.7 | 3.3 * | 1.8 | 5.6 |
| 10 | SAN DIEGO | 17,175.0 | 58.7 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 4.4 |
| 11 | SANTA CLARA | 6,628.3 | 22.7 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 5.1 |
| 12 | ORANGE | 15,465.7 | 59.0 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 4.9 |
| 13 | ALAMEDA | 5,129.0 | 21.0 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 6.3 |
| 14 | STANISLAUS | 4,187.3 | 17.3 | 4.1 * | 2.4 | 6.6 |
| 15 | LOS ANGELES | 67,166.3 | 282.7 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| 16 | RIVERSIDE | 17,636.3 | 76.3 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 5.4 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 227,555.7 | 1,009.7 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
| 17 | VENTURA | 5,381.0 | 25.0 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 6.9 |
| 18 | SAN JOAQUIN | 4,887.7 | 23.3 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 7.1 |
| 19 | MERCED | 2,847.0 | 13.7 | 4.8 * | 2.6 | 8.1 |
| 20 | MONTEREY | 4,622.3 | 23.0 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 7.5 |
| 21 | SANTA BARBARA | 3,608.3 | 18.0 | 5.0 * | 3.0 | 7.9 |
| 22 | SACRAMENTO | 5,175.7 | 27.7 | 5.3 | 3.5 | 7.7 |
| 23 | SAN BERNARDINO | 17,459.7 | 97.3 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 6.8 |
| 24 | KERN | 8,410.3 | 48.7 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 7.7 |
|  | BUTTE | 466.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.8 | 16.6 |
|  | CALAVERAS | 57.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 76.5 |
|  | COLUSA | 215.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 20.2 |
|  | EL DORADO | 288.3 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 15.1 |
|  | GLENN | 189.3 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 26.3 |
|  | HUMBOLDT | 221.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.3 | 27.8 |
|  | IMPERIAL | 2,772.0 | <11.0 | M * | 1.8 | 6.8 |
|  | KINGS | 1,426.7 | <11.0 | M * | 2.1 | 10.4 |
|  | LAKE | 224.7 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 22.2 |
|  | MADERA | 1,642.0 | <11.0 | M * | 2.1 | 9.6 |
|  | NAPA | 676.0 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 8.2 |
|  | PLACER | 677.0 | $<11.0$ | M * | 0.9 | 13.0 |
|  | SAN BENITO | 482.0 | $<11.0$ | M * | 0.2 | 12.7 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { RANK } \\ \text { ORDER } \end{gathered}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { BIRTH COHORT } \\ \text { INFANT } \\ \text { DEATH RATE } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\qquad$ | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFANT } \\ & \text { DEATHS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | SAN FRANCISCO | 1,626.0 | <11.0 | M * | 1.9 | 9.1 |
|  | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 850.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.7 | 13.2 |
|  | SAN MATEO | 2,501.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.9 | 5.2 |
|  | SANTA CRUZ | 1,491.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.5 | 8.8 |
|  | SISKIYOU | 83.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 52.1 |
|  | SOLANO | 1,740.3 | <11.0 | M * | 2.2 | 9.6 |
|  | SONOMA | 1,794.0 | <11.0 | M * | 1.0 | 6.8 |
|  | SUTTER | 493.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.5 | 14.6 |
|  | TEHAMA | 288.7 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 15.1 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | 76.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 56.8 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-1.3 |  |  | 6.0 |  |  |
| 25 | TULARE | 5,268.7 | 32.0 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 8.6 |
| 26 | FRESNO | 9,110.0 | 56.0 | 6.1 | 4.6 | 8.0 |
|  | AMADOR | 46.0 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 94.7 |
|  | DEL NORTE | 51.3 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 84.9 |
|  | INYO | 55.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.3 | 111.6 |
|  | LASSEN | 52.0 | <11.0 | NM * | $<0.1$ | 83.8 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 23.3 | <11.0 | NM * | <0.1 | 186.8 |
|  | MENDOCINO | 370.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.7 | 23.7 |
|  | NEVADA | 127.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.2 | 43.6 |
|  | YOLO | 929.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.2 | 13.6 |
|  | YUBA | 376.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.0 | 24.6 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
$<11.0$ refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing birth cohort death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing total number of live births.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

Infant Death Rate per 1,000 Live Births by County of Residence


## Data Source:

California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

The California birth cohort infant mortality rate (IMR) for Whites averaged 3.4 deaths per 1,000 live births. The IMR is derived from averaging the number of infant deaths, 442.3, and dividing by the average number of live births, 131,862.3, among the White population for years 2015 through 2017.

Among counties with reliable rates, the birth cohort IMR for Whites ranged from a high of 5.8 in Kern County to a low of 2.4 in Orange County, a factor of 2.4 to 1.

California as a whole, along with 49 counties, met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective (HP 2020) MICH-1.3 of no more than 6.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births among the White population. The counties include seven with reliable rates, 36 with unreliable rates, and six with zero deaths. Nine counties did not meet HP 2020, and eight of these counties had unreliable rates.

Forty-three counties contain suppressed data per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). For these counties, the following suppressions were applied: average infant death counts and IMR. Three-year average live birth counts were suppressed where applicable. See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California birth cohort IMR for White infants under 12 months of age for the 2012-2014 period averaged 3.8 infant deaths per 1,000 live births.

TABLE 24E
WHITE INFANT MORTALITY
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2015-2017

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORTINFANTDEATHRATE | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | INFANT DEATHS |  |  |  |
| 1 | CALAVERAS | 299.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | IMPERIAL | 174.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 3 | DEL NORTE | 169.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 4 | MONO | 73.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 5 | SIERRA | 24.7 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 6 | ALPINE | <11.0 | 0.0 | - | - | - |
| 7 | ORANGE | 10,869.3 | 26.0 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 3.5 |
| 8 | SAN DIEGO | 14,417.7 | 37.7 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 3.6 |
| 9 | LOS ANGELES | 22,807.3 | 61.7 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 131,862.3 | 442.3 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 |
| 10 | ALAMEDA | 4,520.0 | 15.7 | 3.5 * | 2.0 | 5.7 |
| 11 | SACRAMENTO | 7,258.7 | 29.3 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 5.8 |
| 12 | RIVERSIDE | 7,517.3 | 31.7 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 6.0 |
| 13 | SAN BERNARDINO | 6,572.3 | 31.0 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 6.7 |
| 14 | STANISLAUS | 2,528.3 | 13.3 | 5.3 * | 2.8 | 9.0 |
| 15 | KERN | 3,520.3 | 20.3 | 5.8 | 3.5 | 8.9 |
|  | AMADOR | 227.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.3 | 27.0 |
|  | BUTTE | 1,598.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.4 | 8.2 |
|  | CONTRA COSTA | 4,135.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.0 | 4.1 |
|  | EL DORADO | 1,126.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.8 | 8.7 |
|  | GLENN | 167.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 33.3 |
|  | INYO | 95.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 45.9 |
|  | LAKE | 417.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.4 | 16.0 |
|  | LASSEN | 206.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.1 | 27.0 |
|  | MADERA | 454.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.1 | 18.2 |
|  | MARIN | 1,168.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.3 | 6.6 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 116.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 42.7 |
|  | MENDOCINO | 513.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.2 | 17.1 |
|  | MERCED | 807.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.4 | 9.6 |
|  | MODOC | 66.3 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 65.7 |
|  | MONTEREY | 1,064.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.7 | 8.7 |
|  | NEVADA | 619.7 | <11.0 | M * | 0.2 | 10.8 |
|  | PLACER | 2,467.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.8 | 5.1 |
|  | PLUMAS | 129.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 38.6 |
|  | SAN BENITO | 189.7 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 26.3 |
|  | SAN FRANCISCO | 3,571.0 | <11.0 | M * | 0.4 | 3.1 |
|  | SAN JOAQUIN | 2,308.7 | <11.0 | M * | 2.2 | 8.2 |
|  | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 1,472.3 | <11.0 | M * | 1.0 | 7.6 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | THREE-YEAR AVERAGE |  | BIRTH COHORT INFANT DEATH RATE | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (LOWER) | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFANT } \\ & \text { DEATHS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | SAN MATEO | 2,660.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.5 | 4.0 |
|  | SANTA BARBARA | 1,526.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.7 | 6.7 |
|  | SANTA CLARA | 4,848.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.0 | 3.9 |
|  | SANTA CRUZ | 1,086.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.3 | 7.1 |
|  | SHASTA | 1,566.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.7 | 8.9 |
|  | SISKIYOU | 303.3 | <11.0 | M * | $<0.1$ | 16.4 |
|  | SOLANO | 1,600.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.9 | 9.3 |
|  | SONOMA | 2,099.0 | <11.0 | M * | 1.0 | 6.2 |
|  | TEHAMA | 445.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.5 | 16.2 |
|  | TRINITY | 93.0 | <11.0 | M * | <0.1 | 46.9 |
|  | VENTURA | 3,073.0 | <11.0 | M * | 1.4 | 5.7 |
|  | YOLO | 927.3 | <11.0 | M * | 0.4 | 8.4 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-1.3 |  |  | 6.0 |  |  |
| 16 | FRESNO | 2,882.0 | 18.0 | 6.2 * | 3.7 | 9.9 |
|  | COLUSA | 73.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.3 | 76.0 |
|  | HUMBOLDT | 928.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.2 | 13.6 |
|  | KINGS | 606.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.5 | 16.1 |
|  | NAPA | 538.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.7 | 18.1 |
|  | SUTTER | 524.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.7 | 21.4 |
|  | TULARE | 1,458.3 | <11.0 | NM * | 3.1 | 12.3 |
|  | TUOLUMNE | 344.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.0 | 22.5 |
|  | YUBA | 600.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.1 | 17.9 |

- Rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
$<11.0$ refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result,
suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing birth cohort death rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing total number of live births.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2015-2017 Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files.

## Low Birthweight Infants per 100 Live Births by County of Residence

Less than or equal to 6.9
Within 7.0 to 7.8
Greater than 7.8
Unreliable*


* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Source:

1. California Department of Public Health.

2016-2017 Birth Statistical Master Files.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics. Accessed September 2019.
2. California Department of Public Health.

2018 California Comprehensive Master Birth File.
Compiled by Center for Health Statistics and Informatics.
Accessed September 2019.

The relative average number of low birthweight infants for California is 6.9 per 100 live births, or 6.9 percent. The percentage for California is derived from averaging the number of low birthweight infants, $32,597.0$, and dividing by the average number of live births, $471,618.3$, for years 2016 to 2018.

Among counties with reliable percentages, the percentage of low birthweight infants ranged from a high of 8.2 in Lassen County to a low of 5.3 percent in Nevada County, a factor of 1.5 to 1 .

Forty-six counties with reliable percentages and California as a whole met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective (HP 2020) MICH-8.1 of reducing the incidence of low birthweight infants to no more than 7.8 percent of live births. Five counties with an unreliable percentage also met HP 2020.

Five counties contain suppressed data per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). For these counties, the following suppressions have been applied: the three-year average live births, low birthweight count, and low birthweight percentage. Where applicable, the number of live births has also been suppressed. See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California percentage of low birthweight infants for the 2013-2015 period averaged 6.8 per 100 live births.

TABLE 25
LOW BIRTHWEIGHT INFANTS
RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE LOW BIRTHWEIGHT PERCENTAGE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTYOF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  |  |  | $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LOW BIRTHWEIGHT NUMBER | LOW BIRTHWEIGHT PERCENT |  |  |
| 1 | NEVADA | 783.3 | 41.7 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 7.2 |
| 2 | MARIN | 2,206.3 | 121.0 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 6.5 |
| 3 | IMPERIAL | 2,845.0 | 159.3 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 6.5 |
| 4 | PLACER | 3,693.3 | 211.7 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 6.5 |
| 5 | VENTURA | 9,313.7 | 537.7 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 6.3 |
| 6 | YOLO | 2,274.3 | 131.3 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 6.8 |
| 7 | GLENN | 373.3 | 21.7 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 8.8 |
| 8 | DEL NORTE | 287.0 | 16.7 | 5.8 * | 3.4 | 9.3 |
| 9 | SANTA CRUZ | 2,636.7 | 153.3 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 6.7 |
| 10 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 2,520.3 | 146.7 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 6.8 |
| 11 | BUTTE | 2,432.0 | 142.0 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 6.8 |
| 12 | COLUSA | 292.0 | 17.3 | 5.9 * | 3.5 | 9.5 |
| 13 | SONOMA | 4,709.0 | 280.0 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 6.6 |
| 14 | TUOLUMNE | 458.7 | 28.0 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 8.8 |
| 15 | ORANGE | 37,053.3 | 2,270.0 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.4 |
| 16 | TEHAMA | 755.0 | 46.3 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 8.2 |
| 17 | MONTEREY | 5,975.0 | 369.0 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 6.8 |
| 18 | MERCED | 4,063.3 | 256.3 | 6.3 | 5.5 | 7.1 |
| 19 | CALAVERAS | 390.3 | 24.7 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 9.4 |
| 20 | HUMBOLDT | 1,409.0 | 89.3 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 7.8 |
| 21 | NAPA | 1,299.3 | 83.0 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 7.9 |
| 22 | SAN BENITO | 761.3 | 49.3 | 6.5 | 4.8 | 8.6 |
| 23 | SAN MATEO | 8,623.7 | 563.3 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 7.1 |
| 24 | AMADOR | 305.0 | 20.0 | 6.6 | 4.0 | 10.1 |
| 25 | STANISLAUS | 7,547.3 | 497.3 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 7.2 |
| 26 | KINGS | 2,293.3 | 151.3 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 7.7 |
| 27 | LAKE | 738.3 | 49.3 | 6.7 | 4.9 | 8.8 |
| 28 | MADERA | 2,183.0 | 146.3 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 7.8 |
| 29 | SAN DIEGO | 41,326.3 | 2,789.7 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 7.0 |
| 30 | SHASTA | 2,004.7 | 135.7 | 6.8 | 5.6 | 7.9 |
| 31 | SOLANO | 5,141.3 | 351.7 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 7.6 |
| 32 | SUTTER | 1,299.0 | 89.7 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 8.5 |
| 33 | SANTA CLARA | 22,148.7 | 1,529.0 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 |
| 34 | EL DORADO | 1,613.3 | 112.0 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 8.2 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 471,618.3 | 32,597.0 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
| 35 | CONTRA COSTA | 12,171.0 | 846.3 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 7.4 |
| 36 | MENDOCINO | 971.0 | 67.7 | 7.0 | 5.4 | 8.8 |
| 37 | SACRAMENTO | 19,284.3 | 1,346.0 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 7.4 |
| 38 | SAN FRANCISCO | 8,900.7 | 623.3 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 7.6 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  |  |  | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { LIVE } \\ \text { BIRTHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | LOW BIRTHWEIGHT NUMBER | LOW BIRTHWEIGHT PERCENT |  |  |
| 39 | RIVERSIDE | 29,746.0 | 2,085.7 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 7.3 |
| 40 | SANTA BARBARA | 5,430.3 | 382.0 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 7.7 |
| 41 | tulare | 7,058.0 | 498.0 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 7.7 |
| 42 | FRESNO | 14,696.7 | 1,057.3 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 7.6 |
| 43 | ALAMEDA | 18,900.0 | 1,372.0 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 7.6 |
| 44 | LOS ANGELES | 116,651.3 | 8,478.3 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 7.4 |
| 45 | YUBA | 1,173.0 | 86.7 | 7.4 | 5.9 | 9.1 |
| 46 | SAN JOAQUIN | 10,004.0 | 747.3 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 8.0 |
| 47 | KERN | 13,308.0 | 998.3 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 8.0 |
| 48 | SAN BERNARDINO | 29,923.7 | 2,245.0 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 7.8 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-8.1 |  |  | 7.8 |  |  |
|  | MARIPOSA | 148.3 | <11.0 | M * | 3.2 | 12.4 |
|  | MODOC | 96.7 | <11.0 | M * | 2.9 | 14.9 |
|  | TRINITY | 115.7 | <11.0 | M * | 1.6 | 10.5 |
| 49 | SISKIYOU | 448.0 | 35.3 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 11.0 |
| 50 | MONO | 136.7 | 11.0 | 8.0 * | 4.0 | 14.4 |
| 51 | LASSEN | 305.7 | 25.0 | 8.2 | 5.3 | 12.1 |
| 52 | INYO | 188.7 | 16.7 | 8.8 * | 5.1 | 14.2 |
| 53 | PLUMAS | 168.7 | 17.3 | 10.3 * | 6.0 | 16.4 |
|  | ALPINE | <11.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 0.3 | 72.7 |
|  | SIERRA | 28.7 | <11.0 | NM * | 1.7 | 28.8 |

* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) and Not Met (NM) refer to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing percentage. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2016-2017 Birth Statistical Master Files.
2. California Department of Public Health: 2018 California Comprehensive Master Birth File.

## BIRTHS TO ADOLESCENT MOTHERS, <br> 15 TO 19 YEARS OLD, 2016-2018



The age-specific birth rate to adolescent mothers, ages 15 to 19 years old, in California averaged 14.2 births per 1,000 female population. The age-specific birth rate for California is derived from averaging the number of births to adolescent mothers for 2016 to 2018 and dividing by the female population as of July 1, 2017. The total number of births for the three years averaged 19,088.0 and the 2017 female population count was 1,348,748.

Among counties with reliable rates, the age-specific birth rate of births to adolescent mothers ranged from a high of 29.8 in Tulare County to a low of 5.9 in Marin County, a factor of 5 to 1 .

A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for births to adolescent mothers, ages 15 to 19 years old, has not been established.

Nine counties contain suppressed data for the three-year average live births and age specific birth rate per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California age-specific birth rate to adolescent mothers for the 2013-2015 period averaged 19.7 per 1,000 female population in the corresponding age group.

TABLE 26
BIRTHS TO ADOLESCENT MOTHERS, 15 TO 19 YEARS OLD RANKED BY THREE-YEAR AVERAGE AGE-SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { FEMALE } \\ \text { POPULATION } \end{gathered}$ | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) | AGE-SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | MARIN | 7,086 | 42.0 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 8.0 |
| 2 | SAN FRANCISCO | 17,807 | 106.0 | 6.0 | 4.8 | 7.1 |
| 3 | PLACER | 12,002 | 78.0 | 6.5 | 5.1 | 8.1 |
| 4 | YOLO | 11,344 | 74.3 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 8.2 |
| 5 | EL DORADO | 6,357 | 46.3 | 7.3 | 5.3 | 9.7 |
| 6 | SANTA CLARA | 58,731 | 437.7 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 8.2 |
| 7 | ALAMEDA | 51,446 | 384.3 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 8.2 |
| 8 | NEVADA | 2,651 | 21.7 | 8.2 | 5.1 | 12.4 |
| 9 | SAN MATEO | 19,309 | 158.0 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 9.5 |
| 10 | SONOMA | 15,930 | 140.7 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 10.3 |
| 11 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 10,549 | 93.3 | 8.8 | 7.1 | 10.8 |
| 12 | SANTA CRUZ | 11,767 | 104.3 | 8.9 | 7.2 | 10.6 |
| 13 | CONTRA COSTA | 35,196 | 318.7 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 10.0 |
| 14 | NAPA | 4,648 | 45.0 | 9.7 | 7.1 | 13.0 |
| 15 | ORANGE | 110,735 | 1,072.7 | 9.7 | 9.1 | 10.3 |
| 16 | HUMBOLDT | 4,929 | 53.0 | 10.8 | 8.1 | 14.1 |
| 17 | TUOLUMNE | 1,276 | 14.0 | 11.0* | 6.0 | 18.4 |
| 18 | SAN DIEGO | 109,276 | 1,285.3 | 11.8 | 11.1 | 12.4 |
| 19 | BUTTE | 8,770 | 107.0 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 14.5 |
| 20 | SOLANO | 15,173 | 185.7 | 12.2 | 10.5 | 14.0 |
| 21 | SACRAMENTO | 53,032 | 702.7 | 13.2 | 12.3 | 14.2 |
| 22 | VENTURA | 28,418 | 381.3 | 13.4 | 12.1 | 14.8 |
| 23 | LOS ANGELES | 342,249 | 4,656.7 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 14.0 |
| 24 | CALAVERAS | 1,219 | 16.7 | 13.7 * | 7.9 | 22.0 |
|  | AMADOR | 908 | <11.0 | NA * | 5.0 | 19.8 |
|  | SIERRA | 70 | <11.0 | NA * | <0.1 | 71.2 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 1,348,748 | 19,088.0 | 14.2 | 14.0 | 14.4 |
| 25 | SAN BENITO | 2,282 | 33.0 | 14.5 | 10.0 | 20.3 |
| 26 | SUTTER | 3,568 | 56.0 | 15.7 | 11.9 | 20.4 |
| 27 | RIVERSIDE | 90,369 | 1,426.0 | 15.8 | 15.0 | 16.6 |
| 28 | SANTA BARBARA | 18,998 | 324.0 | 17.1 | 15.2 | 18.9 |
| 29 | SAN JOAQUIN | 28,606 | 509.7 | 17.8 | 16.3 | 19.4 |
| 30 | SHASTA | 5,410 | 99.7 | 18.4 | 15.0 | 22.4 |
| 31 | GLENN | 1,109 | 20.7 | 18.6 | 11.5 | 28.6 |
| 32 | SISKIYOU | 1,313 | 24.7 | 18.8 | 12.1 | 27.8 |
| 33 | MENDOCINO | 2,610 | 50.0 | 19.2 | 14.2 | 25.3 |
| 34 | SAN BERNARDINO | 81,749 | 1,620.3 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 20.8 |
| 35 | COLUSA | 824 | 16.3 | 19.8* | 11.4 | 32.0 |
| 36 | STANISLAUS | 21,245 | 421.3 | 19.8 | 17.9 | 21.7 |


| RANK <br> ORDER | COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | 2017 <br> FEMALE <br> POPULATION | 2016-2018 <br> LIVE BIRTHS <br> (AVERAGE) | $95 \%$ <br> AGE-SPECIFIC <br> BIRTH RATE | CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | 95\% <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 37 | LASSEN | 731 | 16.0 | $21.9^{*}$ | 12.5 | 35.5 |
| 38 | MERCED | 12,103 | 286.3 | 23.7 | 20.9 | 26.4 |
| 39 | YUBA | 2,529 | 60.7 | 24.0 | 18.3 | 30.8 |
| 40 | TEHAMA | 2,075 | 50.0 | 24.1 | 17.9 | 31.8 |
| 41 | FRESNO | 40,020 | 975.3 | 24.4 | 22.8 | 25.9 |
| 42 | MONTEREY | 15,692 | 385.0 | 24.5 | 22.1 | 27.0 |
| 43 | LAKE | 1,783 | 45.0 | 25.2 | 18.4 | 33.8 |
| 44 | KINGS | 5,893 | 155.3 | 26.4 | 22.2 | 30.5 |
| 45 | MADERA | 5,728 | 151.0 | 26.4 | 22.2 | 30.6 |
| 46 | IMPERIAL | 6,834 | 195.3 | 28.6 | 24.6 | 32.6 |
| 47 | DEL NORTE | 844 | 24.3 | 28.8 | 18.5 | 42.8 |
| 48 | KERN | 34,500 | $1,003.3$ | 29.1 | 27.3 | 30.9 |
| 49 | TULARE | 18,609 | 554.0 | 29.8 | 27.3 | 32.2 |
|  | ALPINE | 46 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 0.6 | 121.1 |
|  | INYO | 469 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 11.2 | 41.1 |
|  | MARIPOSA | 425 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 8.1 | 37.1 |
|  | MODOC | 280 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 6.5 | 43.3 |
|  | MONO | 368 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 5.4 | 34.2 |
|  | PLUMAS | 509 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 8.1 | 33.6 |
|  | TRINITY | 349 | $<11.0$ | NA * | 12.4 | 50.2 |

* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<0.1 Indicates lower confidence limit is less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0.
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Not Applicable (NA) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered by increasing age-specific birth rate rate. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically.
See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2016-2017 Birth Statistical Master Files.
2. California Department of Public Health: 2018 California Comprehensive Master Birth File.
3. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

# PRENATAL CARE BEGUN DURING THE FIRST TRIMESTER OF PREGNANCY, 2016-2018 



Accessed September 2019.

The number of births to California mothers who began prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy averaged 83.9 per 100 live births or 83.9 percent. The California percentage is derived from averaging the number of live births to mothers who began prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy for 2016 to 2018, 390,720.0, and dividing by the average number of live births, $465,650.3$, which excluded births with an unknown number of prenatal care visits, during the same period.

Among counties with reliable percentages, the percentage of births to mothers who began prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy ranged from a high of 91.7 in San Mateo County to a low of 49.8 in Imperial County, a factor of 1.8 to 1.

Sixteen counties with reliable percentages met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective MICH-10.1 with at least 84.8 percent of live births born to mothers who began prenatal care during the first trimester. One county with an unreliable percentage did not meet the objective.

One county contains suppressed data for the prenatal care count and percentage per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California number of live births to mothers who began prenatal care during the first trimester of pregnancy for the 2013-2015 period averaged 83.3 per 100 live births, or 83.3 percent.

TABLE 27A
PRENATAL CARE BEGUN DURING THE FIRST TRIMESTER OF PREGNANCY RANKED BY PERCENTAGE OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  |  | $95 \%$CONFIDENCELIMIT(LOWER) | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TOTAL NUMBER | FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATALCARE |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 1 | SAN MATEO | 8,592.0 | 7,875.7 | 91.7 | 89.6 | 93.7 |
| 2 | ALAMEDA | 18,673.7 | 16,749.7 | 89.7 | 88.3 | 91.1 |
| 3 | NAPA | 1,292.7 | 1,147.7 | 88.8 | 83.6 | 93.9 |
| 4 | CONTRA COSTA | 12,132.3 | 10,712.7 | 88.3 | 86.6 | 90.0 |
| 5 | SONOMA | 4,691.0 | 4,121.3 | 87.9 | 85.2 | 90.5 |
| 6 | ORANGE | 36,700.3 | 32,052.0 | 87.3 | 86.4 | 88.3 |
| 7 | SAN FRANCISCO | 8,807.0 | 7,686.3 | 87.3 | 85.3 | 89.2 |
| 8 | FRESNO | 14,553.3 | 12,680.7 | 87.1 | 85.6 | 88.6 |
| 9 | SANTA CLARA | 22,066.0 | 19,212.0 | 87.1 | 85.8 | 88.3 |
| 10 | SAN BENITO | 746.3 | 645.7 | 86.5 | 79.8 | 93.2 |
| 11 | AMADOR | 301.7 | 260.0 | 86.2 | 75.7 | 96.7 |
| 12 | MARIN | 2,191.7 | 1,875.7 | 85.6 | 81.7 | 89.5 |
| 13 | SAN DIEGO | 41,243.7 | 35,119.3 | 85.2 | 84.3 | 86.0 |
| 14 | SACRAMENTO | 18,931.3 | 16,113.0 | 85.1 | 83.8 | 86.4 |
| 15 | LOS ANGELES | 114,675.0 | 97,429.0 | 85.0 | 84.4 | 85.5 |
| 16 | VENTURA | 9,296.7 | 7,896.0 | 84.9 | 83.1 | 86.8 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-10.1 |  |  | 84.8 |  |  |
| 17 | PLACER | 3,678.7 | 3,100.0 | 84.3 | 81.3 | 87.2 |
| 18 | SANTA CRUZ | 2,589.0 | 2,175.0 | 84.0 | 80.5 | 87.5 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 465,650.3 | 390,720.0 | 83.9 | 83.6 | 84.2 |
| 19 | RIVERSIDE | 29,582.0 | 24,635.7 | 83.3 | 82.2 | 84.3 |
| 20 | SAN BERNARDINO | 29,654.0 | 24,634.7 | 83.1 | 82.0 | 84.1 |
| 21 | YOLO | 2,225.3 | 1,839.3 | 82.7 | 78.9 | 86.4 |
| 22 | STANISLAUS | 6,919.0 | 5,706.0 | 82.5 | 80.3 | 84.6 |
| 23 | SOLANO | 5,107.7 | 4,149.0 | 81.2 | 78.8 | 83.7 |
| 24 | SAN JOAQUIN | 9,828.0 | 7,887.7 | 80.3 | 78.5 | 82.0 |
| 25 | INYO | 187.0 | 148.3 | 79.3 | 66.6 | 92.1 |
| 26 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 2,509.3 | 1,986.0 | 79.1 | 75.7 | 82.6 |
| 27 | HUMBOLDT | 1,400.0 | 1,105.0 | 78.9 | 74.3 | 83.6 |
| 28 | SANTA BARBARA | 5,418.3 | 4,242.0 | 78.3 | 75.9 | 80.6 |
| 29 | MONTEREY | 5,957.3 | 4,646.0 | 78.0 | 75.7 | 80.2 |
| 30 | KERN | 12,584.7 | 9,790.7 | 77.8 | 76.3 | 79.3 |
| 31 | DEL NORTE | 281.3 | 215.3 | 76.5 | 66.3 | 86.8 |
| 32 | EL DORADO | 1,601.7 | 1,225.3 | 76.5 | 72.2 | 80.8 |
| 33 | CALAVERAS | 383.7 | 291.3 | 75.9 | 67.2 | 84.7 |
| 34 | SISKIYOU | 440.7 | 333.0 | 75.6 | 67.5 | 83.7 |
| 35 | NEVADA | 773.7 | 583.7 | 75.4 | 69.3 | 81.6 |
| 36 | MADERA | 2,175.0 | 1,629.7 | 74.9 | 71.3 | 78.6 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) $\|$FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL <br> CARE |  |  | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TOTAL NUMBER | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 37 | TULARE | 6,997.0 | 5,116.3 | 73.1 | 71.1 | 75.1 |
| 38 | LASSEN | 295.7 | 215.7 | 72.9 | 63.2 | 82.7 |
| 39 | KINGS | 2,289.0 | 1,663.7 | 72.7 | 69.2 | 76.2 |
| 40 | BUTTE | 2,419.3 | 1,752.0 | 72.4 | 69.0 | 75.8 |
| 41 | MONO | 135.3 | 97.3 | 71.9 | 58.3 | 87.7 |
| 42 | SHASTA | 1,987.3 | 1,420.0 | 71.5 | 67.7 | 75.2 |
| 43 | GLENN | 372.7 | 264.0 | 70.8 | 62.3 | 79.4 |
| 44 | SIERRA | 28.3 | 20.0 | 70.6 | 43.1 | 100.0 |
| 45 | LAKE | 725.3 | 510.3 | 70.4 | 64.3 | 76.5 |
| 46 | PLUMAS | 161.7 | 113.7 | 70.3 | 57.4 | 83.2 |
| 47 | SUTTER | 1,294.0 | 894.0 | 69.1 | 64.6 | 73.6 |
| 48 | YUBA | 1,168.7 | 805.0 | 68.9 | 64.1 | 73.6 |
| 49 | TUOLUMNE | 453.7 | 311.7 | 68.7 | 61.1 | 76.3 |
| 50 | MENDOCINO | 950.7 | 650.7 | 68.4 | 63.2 | 73.7 |
| 51 | TEHAMA | 752.3 | 511.3 | 68.0 | 62.1 | 73.9 |
| 52 | MERCED | 4,001.7 | 2,695.7 | 67.4 | 64.8 | 69.9 |
| 53 | COLUSA | 287.3 | 183.0 | 63.7 | 54.5 | 72.9 |
| 54 | MARIPOSA | 145.0 | 90.7 | 62.5 | 50.3 | 76.8 |
| 55 | TRINITY | 114.7 | 71.0 | 61.9 | 48.4 | 78.1 |
| 56 | MODOC | 93.3 | 49.3 | 52.9 | 39.1 | 69.8 |
| 57 | IMPERIAL | 2,779.0 | 1,382.7 | 49.8 | 47.1 | 52.4 |
|  | ALPINE | <11.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 2.0 | 91.2 |

[^4]Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2016-2017 Birth Statistical Master Files.
2. California Department of Public Health: 2018 California Comprehensive Master Birth File.

# ADEQUATEIADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE (ADEQUACY OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION INDEX), 2016-2018 



Accessed September 2019.
About 78 per 100 babies in California, or 78.0 percent, were born to mothers who received Adequate/Adequate Plus prenatal care. The percentage is derived from averaging the number of births to mothers who received Adequate/Adequate Plus prenatal care, 361,258.0, and dividing by the average number of live births with the exclusion of unknown adequacy of prenatal care, 463,336.3, for years 2016 through 2018.

Among counties with reliable percentages for births to mothers who received Adequate/Adequate Plus prenatal care, the percentage ranged from a high of 87.3 in Fresno County to a low of 51.9 in Imperial County, a factor of 1.7 to 1.

Seven counties with reliable percentages met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective $\mathrm{MICH}-10.2$ of increasing the proportion of pregnant women receiving early and adequate prenatal care to at least 83.2 percent of total births according to the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. One county with an unreliable percentage did not meet the objective. See Technical Notes, Natality Section, for the determination of Adequate/Adequate Plus and additional clarification.

One county contains suppressed data for the total number of live births, Adequate/Adequate Plus prenatal care count, and percentage per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The California percentage of births to mothers who received Adequate/Adequate Plus prenatal care for 2013-2015 averaged 78.3 per 100 live births.

TABLE 27B
ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE (ADEQUACY OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION INDEX)
RANKED BY PERCENTAGE OF THREE-YEAR ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 95 \% \\ \text { CONFIDENCE } \\ \text { LIMIT } \\ \text { (LOWER) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TOTAL NUMBER | ADEQUATE / ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 1 | FRESNO | 14,515.7 | 12,678.0 | 87.3 | 85.8 | 88.9 |
| 2 | VENTURA | 9,292.3 | 7,969.0 | 85.8 | 83.9 | 87.6 |
| 3 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 2,505.7 | 2,147.0 | 85.7 | 82.1 | 89.3 |
| 4 | SANTA BARBARA | 5,416.0 | 4,577.0 | 84.5 | 82.1 | 87.0 |
| 5 | SAN BENITO | 744.0 | 628.0 | 84.4 | 77.8 | 91.0 |
| 6 | ORANGE | 36,545.7 | 30,666.0 | 83.9 | 83.0 | 84.9 |
| 7 | SANTA CRUZ | 2,554.0 | 2,134.3 | 83.6 | 80.0 | 87.1 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-10.2 |  |  | 83.2 |  |  |
| 8 | MONO | 135.3 | 112.3 | 83.0 | 67.7 | 98.4 |
| 9 | AMADOR | 300.3 | 248.3 | 82.7 | 72.4 | 93.0 |
| 10 | LOS ANGELES | 113,987.3 | 92,661.7 | 81.3 | 80.8 | 81.8 |
| 11 | MONTEREY | 5,951.3 | 4,828.3 | 81.1 | 78.8 | 83.4 |
| 12 | PLACER | 3,672.7 | 2,973.7 | 81.0 | 78.1 | 83.9 |
| 13 | YOLO | 2,222.3 | 1,791.7 | 80.6 | 76.9 | 84.4 |
| 14 | CALAVERAS | 382.7 | 308.3 | 80.6 | 71.6 | 89.6 |
| 15 | SHASTA | 1,984.3 | 1,596.0 | 80.4 | 76.5 | 84.4 |
| 16 | TUOLUMNE | 451.0 | 362.3 | 80.3 | 72.1 | 88.6 |
| 17 | NAPA | 1,290.0 | 1,035.7 | 80.3 | 75.4 | 85.2 |
| 18 | INYO | 186.3 | 149.0 | 80.0 | 67.1 | 92.8 |
| 19 | TEHAMA | 751.7 | 600.7 | 79.9 | 73.5 | 86.3 |
| 20 | SACRAMENTO | 18,878.7 | 15,082.3 | 79.9 | 78.6 | 81.2 |
| 21 | SAN MATEO | 8,589.7 | 6,860.7 | 79.9 | 78.0 | 81.8 |
| 22 | BUTTE | 2,415.3 | 1,924.0 | 79.7 | 76.1 | 83.2 |
| 23 | GLENN | 372.7 | 296.0 | 79.4 | 70.4 | 88.5 |
| 24 | SAN JOAQUIN | 9,734.7 | 7,717.7 | 79.3 | 77.5 | 81.0 |
| 25 | NEVADA | 736.3 | 583.3 | 79.2 | 72.8 | 85.7 |
| 26 | SISKIYOU | 439.3 | 347.0 | 79.0 | 70.7 | 87.3 |
| 27 | DEL NORTE | 281.3 | 221.7 | 78.8 | 68.4 | 89.2 |
| 28 | SUTTER | 1,294.0 | 1,017.7 | 78.6 | 73.8 | 83.5 |
| 29 | SIERRA | 27.7 | 21.7 | 78.3 | 48.9 | 100.0 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 463,336.3 | 361,258.0 | 78.0 | 77.7 | 78.2 |
| 30 | MENDOCINO | 945.3 | 736.3 | 77.9 | 72.3 | 83.5 |
| 31 | SANTA CLARA | 22,046.3 | 16,992.7 | 77.1 | 75.9 | 78.2 |
| 32 | TULARE | 6,981.3 | 5,378.7 | 77.0 | 75.0 | 79.1 |
| 33 | SONOMA | 4,685.0 | 3,578.7 | 76.4 | 73.9 | 78.9 |
| 34 | EL DORADO | 1,598.7 | 1,217.7 | 76.2 | 71.9 | 80.4 |
| 35 | YUBA | 1,167.3 | 886.3 | 75.9 | 70.9 | 80.9 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 LIVE BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | TOTAL NUMBER | ADEQUATE / ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 36 | SAN DIEGO | 41,148.3 | 31,148.7 | 75.7 | 74.9 | 76.5 |
| 37 | SAN FRANCISCO | 8,793.0 | 6,603.7 | 75.1 | 73.3 | 76.9 |
| 38 | STANISLAUS | 6,442.0 | 4,825.3 | 74.9 | 72.8 | 77.0 |
| 39 | CONTRA COSTA | 12,124.7 | 9,060.0 | 74.7 | 73.2 | 76.3 |
| 40 | HUMBOLDT | 1,397.7 | 1,032.3 | 73.9 | 69.4 | 78.4 |
| 41 | KERN | 12,529.7 | 9,236.7 | 73.7 | 72.2 | 75.2 |
| 42 | RIVERSIDE | 29,520.7 | 21,751.3 | 73.7 | 72.7 | 74.7 |
| 43 | COLUSA | 287.0 | 210.3 | 73.3 | 63.4 | 83.2 |
| 44 | SAN BERNARDINO | 29,405.3 | 21,122.3 | 71.8 | 70.9 | 72.8 |
| 45 | MADERA | 2,169.0 | 1,546.7 | 71.3 | 67.8 | 74.9 |
| 46 | TRINITY | 114.7 | 81.3 | 70.9 | 56.4 | 88.1 |
| 47 | KINGS | 2,289.0 | 1,620.3 | 70.8 | 67.3 | 74.2 |
| 48 | LAKE | 721.3 | 505.3 | 70.1 | 63.9 | 76.2 |
| 49 | ALAMEDA | 18,605.3 | 12,794.0 | 68.8 | 67.6 | 70.0 |
| 50 | SOLANO | 5,104.7 | 3,474.0 | 68.1 | 65.8 | 70.3 |
| 51 | MARIN | 2,191.3 | 1,470.0 | 67.1 | 63.7 | 70.5 |
| 52 | MERCED | 3,934.7 | 2,578.3 | 65.5 | 63.0 | 68.1 |
| 53 | MARIPOSA | 142.7 | 92.7 | 65.0 | 52.4 | 79.6 |
| 54 | LASSEN | 293.3 | 185.3 | 63.2 | 54.1 | 72.3 |
| 55 | PLUMAS | 160.7 | 93.7 | 58.3 | 47.1 | 71.4 |
| 56 | MODOC | 92.7 | 50.0 | 54.0 | 40.0 | 71.1 |
| 57 | IMPERIAL | 2,779.0 | 1,442.0 | 51.9 | 49.2 | 54.6 |
|  | ALPINE | <11.0 | <11.0 | NM * | 14.9 | 100.0 |

* Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Not Met (NM) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered first by decreasing percentage of births to mothers with Adequate/Adequate Plus prenatal care (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the total number of live births.
DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health: 2016-2017 Birth Statistical Master Files.
2. California Department of Public Health: 2018 California Comprehensive Master Birth File.

Breastfeeding Initiation During Early Postpartum per 100 Live Births With Known Feeding Method by County of Residence


* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.


## Data Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, Newborn Screening Data, 2016-2018, Accessed October 2019. 2. California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Compiled by Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health Program, Accessed October 2019.

The California percentage of breastfed infants was 93.9. The percentage is derived from averaging the number of breastfed infants for 2016 through 2018 and dividing by the average number of live births with a known feeding method. The number of breastfed infants for the three years averaged 386,701.0 and the average number of live births with a known feeding method during the same period was 411,623.0.

Among counties with reliable percentages for breastfed infants, the percentage ranged from a high of 98.6 in Santa Cruz County to a low of 87.9 in Fresno County, a factor of 1.1 to 1.

Fifty-six counties with reliable percentages, and California as a whole, met the Healthy People 2020 National Objective MICH-21.1 of increasing the proportion of mothers who breastfeed in the early postpartum period, usually 24 to 48 hours after the birth, to at least 81.9 percent of total live births with a known feeding method. Two counties with unreliable percentages met the objective.

One county contains suppressed data for the three-year average live births count, three-year average breastfeeding count, and percentage per the Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG). See technical notes for more information regarding DDG.

The number of breastfed infants in California for the 2013-2015 period averaged 93.5 per 100 live births, or 93.5 percent, where the feeding method was known.

TABLE 28
BREASTFEEDING INITIATION DURING EARLY POSTPARTUM RANKED BY THREE YEAR AVERAGE BREASTFEEDING INITIATION PERCENTAGE CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2016-2018

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2016-2018 BIRTHS } \\ \text { (AVERAGE)/WITH KNOWN FEEDING } \\ \text { METHOD } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 95\% CONFIDENCE LIMIT (UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | TOTAL NUMBER | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 1 | SANTA CRUZ | 2,340.3 | 2,308.7 | 98.6 | 94.6 | 100.0 |
| 2 | MARIN | 1,920.7 | 1,892.0 | 98.5 | 94.1 | 100.0 |
| 3 | INYO | 159.0 | 156.3 | 98.3 | 82.9 | 100.0 |
| 4 | SIERRA | 15.7 | 15.3 | 97.9* | 55.2 | 100.0 |
| 5 | NEVADA | 639.0 | 625.0 | 97.8 | 90.1 | 100.0 |
| 6 | MONO | 102.0 | 99.7 | 97.7 | 79.5 | 100.0 |
| 7 | SAN MATEO | 7,718.0 | 7,518.0 | 97.4 | 95.2 | 99.6 |
| 8 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 2,157.3 | 2,101.0 | 97.4 | 93.2 | 100.0 |
| 9 | NAPA | 1,128.0 | 1,098.3 | 97.4 | 91.6 | 100.0 |
| 10 | SANTA CLARA | 19,783.0 | 19,226.7 | 97.2 | 95.8 | 98.6 |
| 11 | SONOMA | 4,135.3 | 4,018.3 | 97.2 | 94.2 | 100.0 |
| 12 | SAN FRANCISCO | 7,770.7 | 7,548.3 | 97.1 | 94.9 | 99.3 |
| 13 | ALAMEDA | 16,526.3 | 16,047.3 | 97.1 | 95.6 | 98.6 |
| 14 | EL DORADO | 1,364.3 | 1,322.7 | 96.9 | 91.7 | 100.0 |
| 15 | YOLO | 2,028.7 | 1,961.7 | 96.7 | 92.4 | 100.0 |
| 16 | CONTRA COSTA | 10,687.0 | 10,330.0 | 96.7 | 94.8 | 98.5 |
| 17 | PLUMAS | 118.7 | 114.7 | 96.6 | 78.9 | 100.0 |
| 18 | TRINITY | 98.7 | 95.3 | 96.6 | 78.2 | 100.0 |
| 19 | AMADOR | 267.7 | 258.3 | 96.5 | 84.7 | 100.0 |
| 20 | vENTURA | 8,256.3 | 7,960.7 | 96.4 | 94.3 | 98.5 |
| 21 | MENDOCINO | 831.0 | 801.0 | 96.4 | 89.7 | 100.0 |
| 22 | SHASTA | 1,754.3 | 1,690.0 | 96.3 | 91.7 | 100.0 |
| 23 | MONTEREY | 5,108.0 | 4,917.3 | 96.3 | 93.6 | 99.0 |
| 24 | SANTA BARBARA | 4,848.3 | 4,665.0 | 96.2 | 93.5 | 99.0 |
| 25 | PLACER | 3,233.0 | 3,109.7 | 96.2 | 92.8 | 99.6 |
| 26 | SAN DIEGO | 34,257.7 | 32,907.3 | 96.1 | 95.0 | 97.1 |
| 27 | TUOLUMNE | 385.0 | 369.3 | 95.9 | 86.1 | 100.0 |
| 28 | GLENN | 319.7 | 305.3 | 95.5 | 84.8 | 100.0 |
| 29 | CALAVERAS | 337.7 | 322.0 | 95.4 | 84.9 | 100.0 |
| 30 | SOLANO | 4,173.3 | 3,968.0 | 95.1 | 92.1 | 98.0 |
| 31 | SAN BENITO | 644.0 | 611.3 | 94.9 | 87.4 | 100.0 |
| 32 | SUTTER | 1,118.7 | 1,059.7 | 94.7 | 89.0 | 100.0 |
| 33 | ORANGE | 33,742.3 | 31,940.3 | 94.7 | 93.6 | 95.7 |
| 34 | HUMBOLDT | 1,205.0 | 1,134.3 | 94.1 | 88.7 | 99.6 |
| 35 | LOS ANGELES | 103,022.7 | 96,714.3 | 93.9 | 93.3 | 94.5 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 411,623.0 | 386,701.0 | 93.9 | 93.6 | 94.2 |
| 36 | COLUSA | 264.7 | 248.3 | 93.8 | 82.2 | 100.0 |


| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2016-2018 BIRTHS (AVERAGE)/WITH KNOWN FEEDING METHOD |  |  | $\qquad$ | $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | BREASTFED |  |  |  |
|  |  | TOTAL NUMBER | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 37 | TEHAMA | 631.3 | 592.3 | 93.8 | 86.3 | 100.0 |
| 38 | MODOC | 32.0 | 30.0 | 93.8 | 63.3 | 100.0 |
| 39 | SISKIYOU | 309.0 | 289.7 | 93.7 | 82.9 | 100.0 |
| 40 | LASSEN | 219.7 | 205.7 | 93.6 | 80.8 | 100.0 |
| 41 | MARIPOSA | 134.0 | 125.3 | 93.5 | 77.2 | 100.0 |
| 42 | LAKE | 602.7 | 560.0 | 92.9 | 85.2 | 100.0 |
| 43 | SACRAMENTO | 16,729.7 | 15,541.3 | 92.9 | 91.4 | 94.4 |
| 44 | IMPERIAL | 2,388.3 | 2,214.3 | 92.7 | 88.9 | 96.6 |
| 45 | RIVERSIDE | 25,652.7 | 23,698.0 | 92.4 | 91.2 | 93.6 |
| 46 | MERCED | 3,541.0 | 3,262.3 | 92.1 | 89.0 | 95.3 |
| 47 | BUTTE | 2,123.0 | 1,949.0 | 91.8 | 87.7 | 95.9 |
| 48 | YUBA | 998.0 | 910.0 | 91.2 | 85.3 | 97.1 |
| 49 | DEL NORTE | 239.0 | 217.7 | 91.1 | 79.0 | 100.0 |
| 50 | MADERA | 1,877.3 | 1,696.3 | 90.4 | 86.1 | 94.7 |
| 51 | TULARE | 6,019.0 | 5,433.7 | 90.3 | 87.9 | 92.7 |
| 52 | KINGS | 1,996.3 | 1,799.7 | 90.1 | 86.0 | 94.3 |
| 53 | SAN BERNARDINO | 25,914.3 | 23,330.7 | 90.0 | 88.9 | 91.2 |
| 54 | KERN | 11,562.3 | 10,380.0 | 89.8 | 88.0 | 91.5 |
| 55 | SAN JOAQUIN | 8,499.3 | 7,629.0 | 89.8 | 87.7 | 91.8 |
| 56 | STANISLAUS | 6,676.0 | 5,934.0 | 88.9 | 86.6 | 91.1 |
| 57 | FRESNO | 13,010.3 | 11,435.0 | 87.9 | 86.3 | 89.5 |
|  | ALPINE | <11.0 | <11.0 | M * | 32.0 | 100.0 |
|  | HPO 2020: MICH-21.1 |  |  | 81.9 |  |  |

* Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
<11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
Met (M) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered first by decreasing breastfed percentage (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing number of births.
Sources:

1. California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, Newborn Screening Data, 2016-2018. Data Requested, October 2019.
2. California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health Program. Data Requested, October 2019.

> Percentage of Population Under 18 Years Old in Poverty by County of Residence

Less than or equal to 17.5
Within 17.6 to 22.3
Greater than 22.3

## Data Sources:

1. U.S. Census Bureau. 2018. SAIPE state and county estimates for 2017. Compiled by Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates Program, Accessed June 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019.

State and county population projections 2010-2060.
Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

In California, 17.5 percent of individuals under 18 years old were living in poverty. The percentage resulted from the estimated population of persons under 18 years of age living in poverty in California, 1,615,913, as published in the 2017 American Community Survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau, and the corresponding population count of $9,238,545$ as of July 1, 2017.

All fifty-eight counties demonstrated reliable percentages for persons under 18 years of age living in poverty. The percentages ranged from a high of 33.6 in Del Norte County to a low of 6.8 in San Mateo County, a factor of 5.0 to 1.

A Healthy People 2020 National Objective for persons under 18 years of age living in poverty has not been established.

In 2016, 19.3 percent of people under 18 years old lived in poverty.

TABLE 29
PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OLD IN POVERTY
RANKED BY PERCENTAGE OF CENSUS POPULATION UNDER 18 YEARS OLD IN POVERTY CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2017

| RANK ORDER | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | UNDER 18 YEARS OLD |  |  | $95 \%$CONFIDENCELIMIT(LOWER) | $95 \%$CONFIDENCELIMIT(UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { POPULATION } \end{gathered}$ | IN POVERTY |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
|  | HPO 2020: N/A |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | SAN MATEO | 164,012 | 11,102 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.9 |
| 2 | SANTA CLARA | 445,012 | 34,255 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.8 |
| 3 | PLACER | 77,470 | 6,132 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 8.1 |
| 4 | MARIN | 52,041 | 4,262 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.4 |
| 5 | NAPA | 29,380 | 2,521 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 8.9 |
| 6 | EL DORADO | 37,087 | 3,602 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 10.0 |
| 7 | ALAMEDA | 351,136 | 35,658 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 10.3 |
| 8 | SONOMA | 98,763 | 10,726 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 11.1 |
| 9 | SAN FRANCISCO | 129,581 | 14,234 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 11.2 |
| 10 | MONO | 2,851 | 329 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 12.8 |
| 11 | CONTRA COSTA | 250,632 | 29,067 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 11.7 |
| 12 | SAN LUIS OBISPO | 51,569 | 6,083 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 12.1 |
| 13 | SANTA CRUZ | 59,298 | 7,223 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.5 |
| 14 | SAN BENITO | 14,432 | 1,824 | 12.6 | 12.1 | 13.2 |
| 15 | YOLO | 50,311 | 6,447 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 13.1 |
| 16 | VENTURA | 197,111 | 25,607 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 13.2 |
| 17 | SOLANO | 100,024 | 13,687 | 13.7 | 13.5 | 13.9 |
| 18 | SAN DIEGO | 795,172 | 112,637 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 14.2 |
| 19 | COLUSA | 6,188 | 912 | 14.7 | 13.8 | 15.7 |
| 20 | ORANGE | 728,573 | 108,596 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 15.0 |
| 21 | NEVADA | 16,150 | 2,451 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 15.8 |
| 22 | MONTEREY | 115,929 | 18,275 | 15.8 | 15.5 | 16.0 |
| 23 | AMADOR | 5,648 | 908 | 16.1 | 15.0 | 17.1 |
| 24 | RIVERSIDE | 601,820 | 98,029 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 16.4 |
| 25 | SANTA BARBARA | 102,607 | 16,917 | 16.5 | 16.2 | 16.7 |
| 26 | INYO | 3,831 | 648 | 16.9 | 15.6 | 18.2 |
| 27 | LASSEN | 5,373 | 940 | 17.5 | 16.4 | 18.6 |
|  | CALIFORNIA | 9,238,545 | 1,615,913 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 |
| 28 | SACRAMENTO | 362,555 | 65,306 | 18.0 | 17.9 | 18.2 |
| 29 | TUOLUMNE | 8,636 | 1,558 | 18.0 | 17.1 | 18.9 |
| 30 | SUTTER | 24,951 | 4,521 | 18.1 | 17.6 | 18.6 |
| 31 | STANISLAUS | 145,670 | 27,296 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 19.0 |
| 32 | LOS ANGELES | 2,298,382 | 457,665 | 19.9 | 19.9 | 20.0 |
| 33 | GLENN | 7,528 | 1,528 | 20.3 | 19.3 | 21.3 |
| 34 | SIERRA | 457 | 93 | 20.4 | 16.4 | 24.9 |
| 35 | PLUMAS | 3,223 | 680 | 21.1 | 19.5 | 22.7 |
| 36 | MARIPOSA | 2,818 | 600 | 21.3 | 19.6 | 23.0 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RANK } \\ & \text { ORDER } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | UNDER 18 YEARS OLD |  |  | $95 \%$ <br> CONFIDENCE <br> LIMIT <br> (LOWER) | $95 \%$CONFIDENCELIMIT(UPPER) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | IN POVERTY |  |  |  |
|  |  | $2017$ <br> POPULATION | NUMBER | PERCENT |  |  |
| 37 | YUBA | 21,315 | 4,556 | 21.4 | 20.8 | 22.0 |
| 38 | SAN JOAQUIN | 200,642 | 43,313 | 21.6 | 21.4 | 21.8 |
| 39 | CALAVERAS | 7,361 | 1,590 | 21.6 | 20.5 | 22.7 |
| 40 | KINGS | 45,943 | 9,951 | 21.7 | 21.2 | 22.1 |
| 41 | BUTTE | 46,578 | 10,208 | 21.9 | 21.5 | 22.3 |
| 42 | MENDOCINO | 19,209 | 4,230 | 22.0 | 21.4 | 22.7 |
| 43 | SAN BERNARDINO | 580,001 | 129,269 | 22.3 | 22.2 | 22.4 |
| 44 | SHASTA | 38,299 | 8,635 | 22.5 | 22.1 | 23.0 |
| 45 | HUMBOLDT | 27,980 | 6,347 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 23.2 |
| 46 | SISKIYOU | 8,654 | 2,238 | 25.9 | 24.8 | 26.9 |
| 47 | MODOC | 1,826 | 475 | 26.0 | 23.7 | 28.4 |
| 48 | IMPERIAL | 53,462 | 14,566 | 27.2 | 26.8 | 27.7 |
| 49 | FRESNO | 281,754 | 78,675 | 27.9 | 27.7 | 28.1 |
| 50 | MADERA | 42,099 | 12,075 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 29.2 |
| 51 | TEHAMA | 15,193 | 4,363 | 28.7 | 27.9 | 29.6 |
| 52 | LAKE | 13,588 | 3,905 | 28.7 | 27.8 | 29.6 |
| 53 | KERN | 255,373 | 74,276 | 29.1 | 28.9 | 29.3 |
| 54 | TRINITY | 2,245 | 671 | 29.9 | 27.6 | 32.2 |
| 55 | tulare | 144,178 | 45,371 | 31.5 | 31.2 | 31.8 |
| 56 | ALPINE | 208 | 67 | 32.2 | 25.0 | 40.9 |
| 57 | MERCED | 80,624 | 26,862 | 33.3 | 32.9 | 33.7 |

Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
Counties were rank ordered first by increasing percentage of persons under 18 years old in poverty (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the same age group population. Percentage based on the population under 18 years old for which the poverty status was determined and excludes persons of unknown poverty status.
Sources:

1. U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) Program. https://www.census.gov/data/datasets/2017/demo/saipe/2017-state-and-county.html. Accessed June 2019.
2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.

TABLE 30
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALL CANCERS |  | COLORECTAL CANCER |  | LUNG CANCER |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 143.6 | 134.4 | 13.2 | 12.2 | 30.5 | 25.8 |
| ALAMEDA | 137.4 | 126.9 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 30.0 | 24.8 |
| ALPINE | 74.3* | 174.1 * | - | - | 12.3 * | 19.9* |
| AMADOR | 145.2 | 149.9 | 16.4 * | 15.5* | 38.2 | 40.3 |
| BUTTE | 165.4 | 169.5 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 41.5 | 38.5 |
| CALAVERAS | 155.2 | 145.6 | 13.7 * | 13.8 * | 38.5 | 36.8 |
| COLUSA | 126.0 | 139.8 | 12.9 * | 15.8* | 29.6 * | 28.6 * |
| CONTRA COSTA | 143.2 | 130.3 | 13.3 | 12.3 | 31.6 | 25.4 |
| DEL NORTE | 158.1 | 163.3 | 14.1 * | 10.9 * | 39.8* | 37.6* |
| EL DORADO | 145.0 | 135.5 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 34.3 | 26.9 |
| FRESNO | 147.4 | 139.5 | 12.9 | 12.5 | 32.8 | 28.3 |
| GLENN | 179.2 | 158.2 | 11.2* | 10.4 * | 58.9 * | 37.0* |
| HUMBOLDT | 165.9 | 161.2 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 34.9 | 37.0 |
| IMPERIAL | 116.2 | 120.3 | 9.8* | 10.9 | 20.8 | 20.1 |
| INYO | 138.0 | 151.7 | 11.5* | 18.3* | 32.0 * | 28.1 * |
| KERN | 155.5 | 149.2 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 35.8 | 31.0 |
| KINGS | 159.3 | 151.4 | 15.6 * | 12.6 * | 36.9 | 36.3 |
| LAKE | 191.6 | 186.9 | 14.6 * | 16.4 * | 49.6 | 46.1 |
| LASSEN | 117.4 | 126.8 | 14.7 * | 9.6 * | 32.2 * | 28.9* |
| LOS ANGELES | 137.5 | 129.9 | 13.6 | 12.6 | 26.7 | 23.3 |
| MADERA | 142.5 | 144.4 | 13.5 | 11.8* | 32.6 | 27.0 |
| MARIN | 119.8 | 112.0 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 22.2 | 19.8 |
| MARIPOSA | 134.3 | 144.0 | 16.6* | 15.5* | 32.8* | 28.0 * |
| MENDOCINO | 169.5 | 146.8 | 15.2 * | 14.6 * | 39.9 | 30.5 |
| MERCED | 157.1 | 157.9 | 14.7 | 14.5 | 37.3 | 33.7 |
| MODOC | 166.6 | 105.4 * | 12.0* | 11.3* | 29.9 * | 17.2* |
| MONO | 169.6 * | 81.8* | 16.2* | 11.1* | 31.8* | 9.0* |
| MONTEREY | 130.0 | 122.2 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 25.1 | 23.0 |
| NAPA | 161.0 | 148.1 | 11.2 | 13.5 | 37.0 | 28.3 |
| NEVADA | 138.1 | 136.0 | 12.8 | 9.3 * | 29.6 | 26.4 |
| ORANGE | 134.5 | 127.2 | 11.7 | 10.7 | 28.2 | 24.1 |
| PLACER | 147.8 | 132.2 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 30.4 | 24.5 |
| PLUMAS | 144.3 | 156.9 | 11.3* | 18.0* | 36.7 * | 37.7 * |
| RIVERSIDE | 148.2 | 137.4 | 14.2 | 13.1 | 33.6 | 27.8 |
| SACRAMENTO | 163.9 | 154.7 | 14.8 | 13.0 | 38.4 | 32.0 |
| SAN BENITO | 125.5 | 120.9 | 10.1 * | 10.4 * | 24.3 * | 30.4 * |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 161.9 | 151.2 | 16.3 | 14.7 | 34.9 | 28.5 |
| SAN DIEGO | 146.6 | 137.3 | 13.0 | 12.1 | 30.8 | 25.6 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 132.1 | 122.0 | 12.2 | 11.6 | 30.0 | 24.3 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 168.5 | 155.4 | 15.7 | 14.1 | 39.4 | 29.7 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 138.9 | 132.4 | 13.1 | 11.3 | 30.8 | 26.5 |


| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALL CANCERS |  | COLORECTAL CANCER |  | LUNG CANCER |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN MATEO | 125.1 | 111.7 | 10.7 | 9.5 | 24.9 | 20.0 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 141.9 | 131.5 | 10.9 | 10.1 | 26.4 | 23.9 |
| SANTA CLARA | 124.3 | 110.3 | 10.8 | 9.3 | 26.2 | 20.2 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 135.7 | 125.5 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 25.9 | 22.6 |
| SHASTA | 195.3 | 179.7 | 17.0 | 16.5 | 50.4 | 40.5 |
| SIERRA | 129.1 * | 74.1* | 5.9 * | 20.2 * | 25.0* | - |
| SISKIYOU | 170.5 | 152.3 | 11.2* | 14.6 * | 37.9 | 38.1 |
| SOLANO | 167.0 | 160.1 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 36.4 | 31.7 |
| SONOMA | 146.1 | 138.2 | 14.4 | 12.5 | 31.2 | 27.5 |
| STANISLAUS | 175.1 | 162.2 | 16.5 | 15.9 | 39.8 | 34.7 |
| SUTTER | 153.1 | 157.9 | 7.3* | 11.4 * | 44.4 | 34.6 |
| TEHAMA | 167.4 | 154.8 | 15.3 * | 11.6 * | 44.5 | 35.4 |
| TRINITY | 159.7 | 94.9 | 14.9 * | 9.9* | 35.4 * | 28.6 * |
| TULARE | 144.1 | 132.4 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 33.3 | 26.2 |
| TUOLUMNE | 161.5 | 157.6 | 10.6 * | 10.5* | 35.2 | 35.1 |
| VENTURA | 145.3 | 136.2 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 27.5 | 24.4 |
| YOLO | 150.7 | 141.4 | 12.3 | 11.0 | 33.4 | 26.4 |
| YUBA | 187.3 | 198.3 | 17.5* | 13.6* | 53.7 | 53.3 |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: Age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population and exclude multiple causes of death.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FEMALE BREAST CANCER |  | PROSTATE CANCER |  | DIABETES |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 19.8 | 18.6 | 19.5 | 19.7 | 20.6 | 21.2 |
| ALAMEDA | 18.4 | 17.2 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 20.6 | 18.5 |
| ALPINE | 48.3* | - | - | 48.9* | - | - |
| AMADOR | 20.3* | 17.2* | 14.1 * | 20.9* | 7.6 * | 11.3* |
| BUTTE | 18.5 | 21.4 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 17.1 | 23.2 |
| CALAVERAS | 15.4 * | 15.6 * | 16.2 * | 23.7 * | 14.3 * | 15.8 * |
| COLUSA | 15.5* | 5.8 * | 12.5 * | 18.8* | 15.8 * | 13.3 * |
| CONTRA COSTA | 20.1 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 19.8 | 17.5 | 17.0 |
| DEL NORTE | 16.2 * | 17.6 * | 26.5 * | 19.1 * | 14.2 * | 27.8* |
| EL DORADO | 19.1 | 17.7 | 21.3 | 19.3 | 9.3 | 12.7 |
| FRESNO | 20.7 | 17.0 | 16.9 | 18.5 | 27.7 | 27.4 |
| GLENN | 19.1 * | 14.3 * | 20.4 * | 29.9 * | 28.5* | 26.5* |
| HUMBOLDT | 22.3 * | 20.0 * | 26.4 * | 25.4 * | 21.5 | 29.3 |
| IMPERIAL | 11.8* | 14.0 * | 19.9 * | 17.9* | 29.9 | 34.9 |
| INYO | 15.2 * | 9.4 * | 11.5 * | 18.6* | 16.5* | 21.2* |
| KERN | 23.2 | 20.5 | 22.2 | 21.4 | 34.6 | 38.4 |
| KINGS | 19.3* | 16.3 * | 25.2 * | 17.0* | 29.5 | 18.1 |
| LAKE | 28.6 * | 23.6 * | 23.4 * | 23.8* | 14.6 * | 20.3 * |
| LASSEN | 7.3* | 22.2 * | 18.3 * | 14.9* | 23.8 * | 20.0* |
| LOS ANGELES | 19.8 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 19.6 | 22.1 | 23.2 |
| MADERA | 18.5* | 21.0 * | 19.4 * | 19.9* | 19.9 | 21.7 |
| MARIN | 18.2 | 15.3 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 7.5 | 8.6 |
| MARIPOSA | 17.8* | 22.8 * | 21.4 * | 10.6* | 14.1* | 16.4 * |
| MENDOCINO | 24.1 * | 15.9 * | 28.5 * | 25.8* | 16.7 | 18.9 |
| MERCED | 17.9 | 21.8 | 24.4 | 22.6 | 28.7 | 30.2 |
| MODOC | 28.8* | 7.0* | 18.9 * | 15.3 * | 27.0* | 30.4 * |
| MONO | 23.8* | 76.4 * | 49.6 * | 14.1 * | 35.5* | 4.3* |
| MONTEREY | 17.5 | 13.3 | 17.5 | 17.7 | 21.4 | 16.6 |
| NAPA | 17.7 * | 16.1 * | 28.2 | 28.5* | 14.1 | 18.3 |
| NEVADA | 26.8 | 18.1 * | 15.9 * | 20.1 * | 8.6 * | 13.7 |
| ORANGE | 18.9 | 17.8 | 18.3 | 17.8 | 13.9 | 14.1 |
| PLACER | 18.2 | 18.4 | 22.0 | 20.1 | 15.1 | 15.5 |
| PLUMAS | 25.5* | 7.6 * | 20.0 * | 4.3 * | 12.9 * | 23.4 * |
| RIVERSIDE | 21.5 | 19.6 | 19.1 | 20.8 | 18.8 | 18.2 |
| SACRAMENTO | 20.6 | 21.0 | 21.2 | 20.6 | 24.7 | 28.5 |
| SAN BENITO | 13.6 * | 16.6 * | 16.8 * | 16.2* | 20.5 * | 25.5 * |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 22.9 | 22.3 | 26.3 | 25.1 | 32.8 | 35.1 |
| SAN DIEGO | 19.5 | 20.3 | 21.7 | 21.4 | 18.8 | 20.8 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 16.3 | 14.8 | 13.0 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 11.9 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 24.6 | 19.1 | 24.5 | 27.1 | 27.6 | 26.5 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 22.5 | 18.8 | 17.6 | 18.8 | 12.4 | 13.0 |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { COUNTY } \\ \text { OF RESIDENCE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FEMALE BREAST CANCER |  | PROSTATE CANCER |  | DIABETES |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN MATEO | 18.2 | 13.9 | 15.6 | 17.3 | 13.0 | 11.1 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 21.4 | 22.1 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 16.3 | 15.8 |
| SANTA CLARA | 15.9 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 13.6 | 21.9 | 20.2 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 20.7 | 16.8 | 19.2 | 22.5 | 15.7 | 14.6 |
| SHASTA | 22.1 | 22.7 | 25.8 | 20.4 | 20.1 | 21.6 |
| SIERRA | 29.1* | - | 37.0* | - | 20.8* | 11.7 * |
| SISKIYOU | 27.4 * | 18.7 * | 32.8* | 25.3 * | 21.8* | 25.6 * |
| SOLANO | 22.8 | 17.1 | 23.3 | 28.0 | 27.6 | 31.7 |
| SONOMA | 18.8 | 20.0 | 20.9 | 18.2 | 17.7 | 17.4 |
| STANISLAUS | 21.2 | 22.3 | 22.3 | 27.1 | 25.0 | 28.5 |
| SUTTER | 16.6 * | 22.6 * | 11.3* | 20.7 * | 19.8 | 21.1 |
| TEHAMA | 19.5* | 18.5* | 19.1 * | 21.1* | 20.2 * | 21.8* |
| TRINITY | 24.0* | 2.0 * | 2.0 * | 23.4 * | 9.6 * | 11.5* |
| TULARE | 20.0 | 17.3 | 19.8 | 17.4 | 29.7 | 22.6 |
| TUOLUMNE | 22.9 * | 23.0 * | 18.4 * | 14.9* | 17.8* | 11.6 * |
| VENTURA | 18.7 | 18.1 | 18.6 | 19.5 | 18.0 | 19.3 |
| YOLO | 18.4 * | 18.6 * | 23.5 * | 21.4 * | 22.8 | 25.1 |
| YUBA | 19.4 * | 26.1 * | 29.7* | 28.0* | 20.2* | 22.4 * |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: Age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population and exclude multiple causes of death.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE |  | CORONARY HEART DISEASE |  | CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE (STROKE) |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 32.6 | 36.9 | 93.8 | 85.1 | 35.0 | 36.9 |
| ALAMEDA | 30.4 | 35.5 | 68.0 | 58.2 | 36.3 | 40.8 |
| ALPINE | - | 19.9* | 88.5* | 195.3 * | 24.8 * | 80.7 * |
| AMADOR | 48.4 | 39.2 | 99.7 | 85.9 | 42.1 | 33.9 |
| BUTTE | 43.8 | 60.0 | 91.5 | 88.0 | 39.0 | 44.8 |
| CALAVERAS | 25.2* | 25.7 * | 104.3 | 82.2 | 30.1 | 29.1 |
| COLUSA | 13.5* | 44.4 * | 91.9 | 80.6 | 29.9* | 29.0 * |
| CONTRA COSTA | 35.8 | 40.5 | 65.7 | 57.0 | 43.0 | 43.3 |
| DEL NORTE | 10.1 * | 12.5* | 100.8 | 94.8 | 39.3* | 37.1 * |
| EL DORADO | 28.3 | 29.3 | 82.8 | 83.5 | 24.6 | 29.9 |
| FRESNO | 37.2 | 39.0 | 111.4 | 107.0 | 46.0 | 45.2 |
| GLENN | 30.3 * | 40.8* | 77.1 | 77.2 | 42.0* | 56.9 * |
| HUMBOLDT | 26.2 | 23.7 | 101.1 | 108.6 | 67.1 | 77.1 |
| IMPERIAL | 7.6* | 14.0 | 96.1 | 73.6 | 29.4 | 29.6 |
| INYO | 3.3* | 12.9* | 80.1 | 74.7 | 40.6 * | 37.2* |
| KERN | 47.3 | 53.2 | 135.3 | 125.7 | 36.1 | 36.8 |
| KINGS | 39.9 | 31.2 | 90.8 | 112.3 | 32.4 | 38.5 |
| LAKE | 29.0 | 19.7 * | 128.3 | 96.7 | 41.5 | 43.8 |
| LASSEN | 12.4 * | 13.0* | 91.1 | 99.2 | 24.4 * | 27.4 * |
| LOS ANGELES | 29.8 | 36.2 | 110.2 | 98.9 | 33.2 | 33.4 |
| MADERA | 44.3 | 39.7 | 109.9 | 79.7 | 40.9 | 36.8 |
| MARIN | 39.2 | 40.4 | 54.9 | 46.5 | 26.6 | 22.3 |
| MARIPOSA | 20.1 * | 20.2 * | 111.8 | 103.6 | 21.0* | 28.6 * |
| MENDOCINO | 15.4 * | 13.5* | 101.2 | 81.1 | 41.2 | 36.8 |
| MERCED | 27.5 | 29.0 | 120.4 | 106.4 | 42.6 | 41.7 |
| MODOC | 6.8 * | 15.0* | 88.7 * | 68.2 * | 28.1* | $31.7 *$ |
| MONO | - | 26.4 * | 109.0 * | 81.4* | 41.6* | 29.3 * |
| MONTEREY | 22.8 | 26.2 | 65.2 | 53.0 | 34.2 | 31.7 |
| NAPA | 31.9 | 36.6 | 81.6 | 86.6 | 35.3 | 34.1 |
| NEVADA | 37.6 | 21.0 | 83.5 | 80.1 | 32.5 | 32.3 |
| ORANGE | 36.6 | 39.0 | 87.6 | 75.5 | 34.2 | 38.0 |
| PLACER | 37.1 | 40.5 | 80.5 | 71.9 | 31.1 | 35.8 |
| PLUMAS | 16.1 * | 22.7 * | 84.4 | 69.8 | 33.9 * | 26.9 * |
| RIVERSIDE | 34.3 | 37.3 | 108.8 | 105.7 | 33.7 | 34.5 |
| SACRAMENTO | 33.5 | 48.7 | 107.2 | 96.1 | 41.2 | 44.6 |
| SAN BENITO | 9.8* | 13.9 * | 63.9 | 67.8 | 31.9* | 40.6 |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 36.3 | 45.4 | 109.6 | 107.4 | 38.7 | 42.4 |
| SAN DIEGO | 38.1 | 38.8 | 86.0 | 75.5 | 33.1 | 38.0 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 27.9 | 25.6 | 56.3 | 53.1 | 29.0 | 32.3 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 59.2 | 45.6 | 102.4 | 91.2 | 46.7 | 53.6 |


| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ALZHEIMER'SDISEASE |  | CORONARY HEART DISEASE |  | CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE (STROKE) |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 26.5 | 38.8 | 65.6 | 65.3 | 50.8 | 51.5 |
| SAN MATEO | 30.7 | 28.8 | 60.3 | 52.4 | 26.1 | 28.9 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 33.0 | 40.5 | 79.5 | 71.6 | 32.9 | 32.8 |
| SANTA CLARA | 8.3 | 11.6 | 61.9 | 53.5 | 26.0 | 28.3 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 33.3 | 32.7 | 74.5 | 58.3 | 30.3 | 30.9 |
| SHASTA | 46.5 | 60.9 | 129.5 | 123.5 | 42.9 | 42.2 |
| SIERRA | 12.8 * | 16.2 * | 65.3 * | 89.1 * | 16.4 * | 44.5* |
| SISKIYOU | 32.2 | 31.6 | 92.9 | 88.5 | 36.3 | 37.7 |
| SOLANO | 42.4 | 44.3 | 69.1 | 65.0 | 40.4 | 47.2 |
| SONOMA | 42.3 | 39.8 | 75.7 | 71.7 | 33.9 | 33.9 |
| STANISLAUS | 42.1 | 59.7 | 143.0 | 127.4 | 44.0 | 42.2 |
| SUTTER | 14.0 * | 46.4 | 125.1 | 114.7 | 43.5 | 50.9 |
| TEHAMA | 24.9 | 41.4 | 105.4 | 110.0 | 44.0 | 31.1 |
| TRINITY | 28.8 * | 20.5 * | 101.2 | 66.0 * | 35.2* | 29.8* |
| TULARE | 23.5 | 39.8 | 120.4 | 117.6 | 42.4 | 44.2 |
| TUOLUMNE | 11.8* | 13.8 * | 107.1 | 106.1 | 37.5 | 36.1 |
| VENTURA | 38.1 | 43.1 | 82.3 | 82.3 | 34.2 | 39.0 |
| YOLO | 41.4 | 46.4 | 79.0 | 69.7 | 35.6 | 37.7 |
| YUBA | 18.1 * | 47.5 | 139.1 | 137.4 | 55.0 | 51.0 |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: Age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population and exclude multiple causes of death.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | INFLUENZA/PNEUMONIA |  | CHRONIC LOWER RESPIRATORY DISEASE |  | CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 15.4 | 14.6 | 33.3 | 31.4 | 12.1 | 11.9 |
| ALAMEDA | 13.6 | 12.9 | 27.4 | 23.7 | 9.2 | 8.8 |
| ALPINE | - | 26.0 * | - | 32.9 * | 65.5 * | 66.8 * |
| AMADOR | 25.7 * | 16.2 * | 41.0 | 34.3 | 11.3* | 21.4 * |
| BUTTE | 17.0 | 16.4 | 48.0 | 46.1 | 17.1 | 18.8 |
| CALAVERAS | 17.1 * | 13.8 * | 37.0 | 41.5 | 10.3* | 14.7 * |
| COLUSA | 6.3 * | 15.0 * | 43.1 * | 26.7 * | 13.2* | 18.6 * |
| CONTRA COSTA | 10.4 | 12.2 | 31.3 | 26.8 | 8.7 | 7.8 |
| DEL NORTE | 24.0 * | 20.6 * | 59.4 * | 61.1 | 13.9 * | 25.1 * |
| EL DORADO | 13.7 | 11.7 | 37.1 | 38.8 | 13.6 | 14.9 |
| FRESNO | 20.8 | 17.4 | 34.7 | 36.1 | 16.0 | 16.4 |
| GLENN | 21.6 * | 15.8 * | 50.3 * | 52.2 * | 16.0* | 13.2 * |
| HUMBOLDT | 8.1 * | 12.4 | 49.4 | 46.1 | 24.7 | 20.3 |
| IMPERIAL | 22.2 | 21.9 | 21.6 | 22.1 | 15.1 | 13.4 |
| INYO | 9.1 * | 25.0 * | 42.7 * | 62.2 * | 9.5* | 22.3 * |
| KERN | 15.5 | 13.4 | 56.0 | 53.9 | 14.8 | 15.8 |
| KINGS | 20.2 | 14.2 * | 38.3 | 39.8 | 17.6 | 17.8 |
| LAKE | 17.2 * | 20.2 | 65.8 | 57.8 | 26.4 | 27.7 |
| LASSEN | 20.2 * | 21.1 * | 36.6 * | 49.5* | 7.4 * | 12.4 * |
| LOS ANGELES | 21.0 | 18.5 | 28.9 | 27.8 | 13.0 | 12.6 |
| MADERA | 15.2 | 14.1 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 19.7 | 20.7 |
| MARIN | 10.7 | 11.1 | 19.3 | 20.4 | 5.4 | 5.8 |
| MARIPOSA | 6.5 * | 9.1 * | 40.8* | 33.8* | 14.7 * | 11.1 * |
| MENDOCINO | 14.9 * | 15.9* | 42.2 | 44.2 | 14.4 * | 12.3* |
| MERCED | 16.8 | 19.6 | 43.0 | 47.1 | 16.9 | 14.5 |
| MODOC | 18.4 * | 17.0* | 57.2* | 74.6* | 11.1 * | 28.0 * |
| MONO | 18.7 * | 5.6 * | 44.9* | 21.9* | 9.0* | 8.6 * |
| MONTEREY | 12.6 | 11.1 | 26.3 | 25.1 | 10.6 | 11.1 |
| NAPA | 14.0 | 14.2 | 28.1 | 26.6 | 9.4 * | 10.5* |
| NEVADA | 13.7 | 12.7 | 42.7 | 31.9 | 10.4 * | 16.7 |
| ORANGE | 15.9 | 15.2 | 28.2 | 26.4 | 10.3 | 10.4 |
| PLACER | 9.5 | 13.2 | 33.8 | 30.8 | 12.2 | 11.0 |
| PLUMAS | 13.7 * | 7.4 * | 51.0* | 36.3 * | 23.3 * | 18.7 * |
| RIVERSIDE | 11.6 | 11.8 | 42.5 | 39.9 | 13.2 | 12.7 |
| SACRAMENTO | 15.5 | 15.6 | 41.6 | 38.8 | 11.7 | 12.3 |
| SAN BENITO | 22.2 * | 14.4 * | 34.4 * | 32.6 * | 5.8 * | 11.3 * |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 14.2 | 14.9 | 53.2 | 50.8 | 15.2 | 15.5 |
| SAN DIEGO | 9.4 | 10.9 | 30.5 | 28.0 | 9.9 | 10.0 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 11.5 | 10.7 | 18.6 | 17.9 | 8.4 | 8.4 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 18.8 | 19.4 | 47.5 | 44.5 | 16.6 | 18.6 |


|  |  | AGE-ADJUS | DEATH RA | S (THREE-Y | AR AVERAG |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | INFLUENZ | NEUMONIA | $\begin{array}{r} \text { CHRON } \\ \text { RESPIRATS } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { LOWER } \\ & \text { Y DISEASE } \end{aligned}$ | CHRONIC AND | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ER DISEASE } \\ & \text { RHOSIS } \end{aligned}$ |
| OF RESIDENCE | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 9.8 | 11.1 | 32.1 | 37.5 | 14.5 | 12.8 |
| SAN MATEO | 13.1 | 10.1 | 21.4 | 19.8 | 8.5 | 7.5 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 10.9 | 10.2 | 28.2 | 30.4 | 12.3 | 11.7 |
| SANTA CLARA | 11.2 | 9.5 | 20.9 | 17.2 | 8.5 | 6.8 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 12.9 | 13.6 | 25.7 | 23.6 | 13.4 | 12.1 |
| SHASTA | 14.7 | 20.0 | 77.3 | 69.2 | 19.1 | 20.9 |
| SIERRA | - | 3.9 * | 41.0* | 66.2 * | 14.7 * | 18.3 * |
| SISKIYOU | 16.5* | 14.3 * | 59.6 | 61.4 | 21.4 * | 20.2 * |
| SOLANO | 18.2 | 19.2 | 38.7 | 32.8 | 10.0 | 12.3 |
| SONOMA | 9.6 | 10.4 | 32.2 | 27.6 | 11.1 | 9.2 |
| STANISLAUS | 18.2 | 16.2 | 48.6 | 46.2 | 15.1 | 17.1 |
| SUTTER | 17.1 * | 22.4 | 49.5 | 38.2 | 16.9* | 12.7 * |
| TEHAMA | 14.7 * | 12.0 * | 59.1 | 57.3 | 17.1* | 16.8* |
| TRINITY | 10.5* | 14.3 * | 55.2 * | 33.3* | 30.1 * | 31.3* |
| TULARE | 21.9 | 21.3 | 41.8 | 42.7 | 17.3 | 21.7 |
| TUOLUMNE | 16.0* | 13.7 * | 49.1 | 54.0 | 16.3 * | 21.6 * |
| VENTURA | 10.0 | 9.0 | 30.4 | 31.6 | 10.1 | 10.8 |
| YOLO | 13.2 | 15.1 | 44.9 | 37.1 | 15.6 | 14.1 |
| YUBA | 19.1* | 25.6 * | 80.4 | 73.5 | 18.2* | 17.3* |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: Age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population and exclude multiple causes of death.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACCIDENTS(UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES |  | MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC CRASHES |  | SUICIDE |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 29.5 | 33.0 | 8.3 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 10.6 |
| ALAMEDA | 25.7 | 24.1 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 9.2 | 8.9 |
| ALPINE | 73.3* | 38.3 * | - | 13.0* | - | 55.3 * |
| AMADOR | 45.5* | 56.2 | 14.0 * | 20.7 * | 28.6 * | 27.3* |
| BUTTE | 60.1 | 68.5 | 10.9 | 16.3 | 17.3 | 20.7 |
| CALAVERAS | 48.8 | 51.8 | 27.2 * | 27.8* | 27.0* | 19.4 * |
| COLUSA | 49.5* | 46.3 * | 20.3 * | 29.2* | 29.3 * | 9.0* |
| CONTRA COSTA | 24.8 | 29.4 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 9.3 | 10.3 |
| DEL NORTE | 65.5 | 70.4 | 23.7 * | 19.6 * | 21.8* | 15.1 * |
| EL DORADO | 47.6 | 46.4 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 16.8 |
| FRESNO | 40.6 | 45.8 | 14.0 | 16.2 | 11.3 | 11.4 |
| GLENN | 65.6 * | 57.6 * | 14.2 * | 23.6 * | 18.1 * | 22.1 * |
| HUMBOLDT | 69.2 | 71.5 | 19.5 | 20.8 | 25.8 | 23.2 |
| IMPERIAL | 41.9 | 46.4 | 11.4 | 13.3 | 8.0 * | 7.3* |
| INYO | 46.1 * | 59.9 * | 7.9 * | 13.1 * | 12.1 * | 22.6 * |
| KERN | 49.6 | 57.5 | 14.1 | 18.7 | 14.1 | 13.4 |
| KINGS | 40.1 | 40.4 | 12.1 * | 16.7 | 10.5 * | 13.6 * |
| LAKE | 93.8 | 84.0 | 23.0 * | 21.5* | 27.4 * | 30.2 * |
| LASSEN | 63.9 | 52.9 * | 13.3 * | 14.6 * | 25.4 * | 30.6 * |
| LOS ANGELES | 21.7 | 24.3 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.3 |
| MADERA | 43.8 | 45.7 | 16.3 | 17.5 | 12.0* | 12.5 * |
| MARIN | 26.3 | 31.0 | 4.5* | 4.7 * | 12.4 | 13.9 |
| MARIPOSA | 53.8* | 76.6 * | 23.4 * | 34.6* | 34.3* | 29.3* |
| MENDOCINO | 57.4 | 74.1 | 14.4 * | 21.3* | 23.8 | 19.9* |
| MERCED | 48.3 | 54.3 | 17.3 | 21.0 | 10.3 | 9.5 |
| MODOC | 52.8* | 70.0 * | 13.4 * | 14.5* | 24.3* | 21.5* |
| MONO | 78.8* | 39.2 * | 31.3 * | 2.7 * | 9.9 * | 10.7 * |
| MONTEREY | 31.2 | 35.6 | 8.7 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 8.3 |
| NAPA | 30.3 | 36.5 | 7.5* | 7.5* | 11.2* | 8.9* |
| NEVADA | 48.3 | 49.3 | 12.1 * | 13.9* | 20.3 | 17.6 * |
| ORANGE | 23.7 | 27.2 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 10.0 |
| PLACER | 28.5 | 32.9 | 6.8 | 9.2 | 11.3 | 12.6 |
| PLUMAS | 83.3* | 76.0 * | 16.0* | 25.2* | 26.4 * | 17.5* |
| RIVERSIDE | 33.9 | 39.4 | 10.6 | 12.6 | 10.4 | 11.8 |
| SACRAMENTO | 36.3 | 40.3 | 8.9 | 11.4 | 13.8 | 13.1 |
| SAN BENITO | 46.1 | 42.7 | 19.4 * | 18.0* | 5.5* | 10.1 * |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 27.3 | 34.8 | 12.1 | 14.2 | 10.3 | 11.1 |
| SAN DIEGO | 31.0 | 34.5 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 12.5 | 12.7 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 30.9 | 33.7 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 8.6 | 9.7 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 39.4 | 46.9 | 11.8 | 16.8 | 10.9 | 10.3 |


| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACCIDENTS <br> (UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES |  | MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC CRASHES |  | SUICIDE |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 35.7 | 36.1 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 15.9 | 18.2 |
| SAN MATEO | 20.7 | 22.4 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 7.9 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 29.8 | 37.9 | 6.5 | 8.3 | 12.4 | 11.4 |
| SANTA CLARA | 23.5 | 24.8 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 7.4 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 38.9 | 44.1 | 8.4 | 9.7 | 15.1 | 15.5 |
| SHASTA | 57.5 | 63.2 | 16.2 | 16.6 | 22.4 | 25.1 |
| SIERRA | 45.9* | 80.3 * | 9.8 * | 31.0* | 35.1 * | 37.1 * |
| SISKIYOU | 63.7 | 80.7 | 12.5 * | 30.4 * | 24.4 * | 21.0 * |
| SOLANO | 36.4 | 37.0 | 11.9 | 9.6 | 12.7 | 12.3 |
| SONOMA | 31.5 | 35.0 | 6.6 | 9.0 | 12.3 | 13.1 |
| STANISLAUS | 40.4 | 44.6 | 12.6 | 16.6 | 10.6 | 11.0 |
| SUTTER | 34.9 | 43.5 | 15.5 * | 16.0* | 15.7 * | 13.1 * |
| TEHAMA | 47.6 | 60.8 | 15.4 * | 23.7 * | 18.1 * | 22.5 * |
| TRINITY | 96.1* | 84.9 * | 33.3 * | 43.8* | 22.5* | 41.4 * |
| TULARE | 37.6 | 42.2 | 15.8 | 17.1 | 11.1 | 10.4 |
| TUOLUMNE | 59.2 | 57.8 | 9.9* | 14.6 * | 17.3* | 19.6 * |
| VENTURA | 30.6 | 35.6 | 7.2 | 8.7 | 12.0 | 10.5 |
| YOLO | 38.1 | 35.1 | 10.3 | 12.0 | 9.7 * | 11.1 |
| YUBA | 58.3 | 62.4 | 14.6 * | 23.5 * | 18.3* | 19.6 * |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: Age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population and exclude multiple causes of death.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HOMICIDE |  | FIREARM RELATEDDEATHS |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { DRUG INDUCED } \\ \text { DEATHS } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 4.9 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 12.1 | 13.1 |
| ALAMEDA | 6.6 | 5.7 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 10.8 | 9.6 |
| ALPINE | - | 47.6* | - | 102.9 * | - | - |
| AMADOR | 6.8 * | 7.9* | 13.0 * | 17.7 * | 22.8 * | 15.6* |
| BUTTE | 3.2 * | 3.9 * | 10.2 | 15.0 | 28.8 | 27.5 |
| CALAVERAS | 5.6 * | 8.8* | 19.1 * | 19.0* | 20.6 * | 17.9 * |
| COLUSA | - | 5.0 * | 16.9 * | 5.7 * | 8.2 * | 13.8* |
| CONTRA COSTA | 6.4 | 5.8 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 11.3 | 12.2 |
| DEL NORTE | 6.6 * | 13.3 * | 20.1 * | 14.9 * | 19.3* | 23.9 * |
| EL DORADO | 2.2 * | 3.0* | 10.2 | 9.6 * | 20.5 | 20.0 |
| FRESNO | 6.6 | 7.4 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 14.3 | 15.0 |
| GLENN | 5.9 * | 7.5* | 12.3 * | 18.3 * | 20.6 * | 10.3 * |
| HUMBOLDT | 8.0 * | 8.7 * | 16.7 | 17.4 | 34.7 | 37.2 |
| IMPERIAL | 1.5* | 4.7 * | 3.7 * | 5.3 * | 19.1 | 21.4 |
| INYO | - | 3.5* | 4.8 * | 11.4 * | 22.6 * | 34.5* |
| KERN | 8.3 | 11.3 | 12.2 | 13.6 | 24.2 | 26.6 |
| KINGS | 4.3 * | 7.0 * | 5.8 * | 10.1 * | 15.5 | 12.7 * |
| LAKE | 13.8 * | 14.6 * | 23.7 * | 25.0* | 50.1 | 41.3 |
| LASSEN | 6.5 * | 6.0 * | 19.8 * | 15.5* | 28.7 * | 21.1 * |
| LOS ANGELES | 5.7 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 9.0 |
| MADERA | 5.5 * | 6.8 * | 9.2 * | 10.7 * | 17.0 | 11.2* |
| MARIN | 1.9 * | 2.3 * | 5.1 * | 5.3 * | 9.3 | 13.6 |
| MARIPOSA | 5.9 * | - | 23.8 * | 18.5* | 19.3* | 19.4 * |
| MENDOCINO | 4.6 * | 6.4 * | 15.5 * | 14.1* | 23.5 | 30.7 |
| MERCED | 10.7 | 5.3* | 11.1 | 8.0 | 15.0 | 15.5 |
| MODOC | 18.3* | 13.4 * | 25.8 * | 11.1* | 21.9* | 20.4 * |
| MONO | - | 8.4 * | 1.9 * | 18.3* | 9.3* | 9.5* |
| MONTEREY | 10.9 | 9.9 | 14.2 | 11.0 | 12.5 | 11.3 |
| NAPA | 1.8 * | 2.3 * | 5.1 * | 5.8 * | 11.3* | 9.5* |
| NEVADA | 1.3 * | 2.8 * | 12.3 * | 12.5* | 23.2 | 17.8 * |
| ORANGE | 1.9 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 11.5 | 12.4 |
| PLACER | 1.7 * | 2.4 * | 6.1 | 5.7 | 10.4 | 12.0 |
| PLUMAS | 3.3 * | - | 15.9 * | 15.4 * | 47.2* | 17.3 * |
| RIVERSIDE | 4.2 | 4.6 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 15.0 | 17.5 |
| SACRAMENTO | 6.5 | 6.1 | 10.0 | 9.6 | 17.4 | 17.2 |
| SAN BENITO | 3.2 * | 4.0* | 4.5 * | 8.8 * | 10.0* | 10.3 * |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 5.9 | 6.8 | 9.0 | 10.6 | 11.3 | 12.8 |
| SAN DIEGO | 2.7 | 2.8 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 13.1 | 14.5 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 3.7 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 17.2 | 20.3 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 9.4 | 9.6 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 16.8 | 17.9 |


| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HOMICIDE |  | FIREARM RELATEDDEATHS |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { DRUG INDUCED } \\ \text { DEATHS } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 1.5* | 2.3 * | 8.2 | 9.0 | 15.7 | 16.6 |
| SAN MATEO | 2.1 * | 2.1 * | 3.9 | 4.8 | 7.8 | 8.2 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 3.1 * | 2.9 * | 6.0 | 6.5 | 14.2 | 15.8 |
| SANTA CLARA | 2.6 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 7.4 | 8.0 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 3.4 * | 2.5 * | 7.4 | 7.6 | 18.7 | 16.3 |
| SHASTA | 6.4 * | 6.3 * | 15.1 | 16.3 | 23.8 | 23.5 |
| SIERRA | - | - | 25.2 * | 32.3 * | 18.6* | 16.5* |
| SISKIYOU | 3.6 * | 11.1 * | 14.8 * | 16.8 * | 22.3 * | 26.6 * |
| SOLANO | 8.7 | 7.6 | 13.5 | 11.1 | 14.2 | 14.9 |
| SONOMA | 1.9 * | 2.4 * | 5.8 | 4.9 | 12.1 | 14.8 |
| STANISLAUS | 6.0 | 4.5 | 9.3 | 7.1 | 17.2 | 17.2 |
| SUTTER | 2.7 * | 7.0* | 11.7 * | 12.6 * | 12.7 * | 14.6 * |
| TEHAMA | 6.1 * | 6.3 * | 13.4 * | 15.3 * | 10.4 * | 10.5* |
| TRINITY | 10.8* | 18.0* | 32.7 * | 41.1* | 20.5* | 20.8* |
| TULARE | 9.7 | 7.6 | 12.6 | 10.9 | 10.0 | 11.1 |
| TUOLUMNE | 3.4 * | 1.9 * | 11.4 * | 11.9* | 29.0* | 26.0* |
| VENTURA | 3.4 | 4.0 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 14.1 | 15.6 |
| YOLO | 2.6 * | 3.2 * | 6.2 * | 4.8* | 14.2 | 13.9 |
| YUBA | 6.1 * | 8.3 * | 14.1 * | 16.5* | 12.8* | 23.9* |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

Note: Age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population and exclude multiple causes of death.

TABLE 30 (continued)

## A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | MORBIDITY RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | REPORTED PREVALENCE OF HIV OR AIDS AGES 13 YEARS AND OLDER |  | REPORTED INCIDENCE OF CHLAMYDIA |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REPORTED INCIDENCE OF } \\ & \text { FEMALE GONORRHEA } \\ & 15 \text { TO } 44 \text { YEARS OLD } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 2012-2014 | 2015-2017 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 389.5 | 404.6 | 457.4 | 546.1 | 191.4 | 282.9 |
| ALAMEDA | 440.6 | 456.2 | 448.3 | 546.5 | 227.9 | 265.4 |
| ALPINE | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | - | - |
| AMADOR | 164.1 | 497.5 | 177.6 | 199.6 | LNE * | LNE * |
| BUTTE | 118.1 | 133.1 | 467.2 | 561.5 | 253.3 | 327.1 |
| CALAVERAS | 77.7 | 107.2 | 148.8 | 209.0 | LNE * | LNE * |
| COLUSA | LNE * | LNE * | 180.4 | 257.7 | LNE * | LNE * |
| CONTRA COSTA | 243.8 | 266.1 | 392.1 | 500.2 | 217.0 | 310.8 |
| DEL NORTE | 81.3 * | 109.7 | 209.2 | 313.3 | LNE * | 705.9 |
| EL DORADO | 103.0 | 115.3 | 191.0 | 239.8 | 68.6 | 136.6 |
| FRESNO | 215.8 | 238.6 | 607.8 | 691.6 | 424.3 | 499.0 |
| GLENN | 51.6 * | 76.0 * | 274.9 | 386.9 | LNE * | LNE * |
| HUMBOLDT | 159.2 | 196.9 | 358.3 | 552.8 | 307.7 | 344.9 |
| IMPERIAL | 173.1 | 202.0 | 371.6 | 516.5 | 90.7 | 251.8 |
| INYO | 94.5 * | 128.4 | 341.4 | 335.7 | LNE * | LNE * |
| KERN | 225.9 | 231.1 | 716.1 | 747.6 | 359.9 | 472.6 |
| KINGS | 138.9 | 148.6 | 373.9 | 623.9 | 236.1 | 376.3 |
| LAKE | 174.9 | 263.8 | 299.1 | 449.7 | 435.0 | 872.5 |
| LASSEN | 77.4 | 94.7 | 244.7 | 312.6 | LNE * | LNE * |
| LOS ANGELES | 588.6 | 599.1 | 534.6 | 622.0 | 196.5 | 321.4 |
| MADERA | 135.8 | 147.9 | 472.4 | 531.9 | 250.5 | 359.6 |
| MARIN | 373.9 | 371.0 | 221.2 | 315.3 | 90.0 | 137.3 |
| MARIPOSA | 119.7 * | 118.1 * | 167.3 | 177.9 | LNE * | LNE * |
| MENDOCINO | 235.1 | 241.3 | 364.7 | 421.8 | 178.5 | 435.5 |
| MERCED | 86.7 | 118.1 | 399.7 | 469.0 | 170.7 | 274.3 |
| MODOC | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | 193.2 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| MONO | LNE * | LNE * | 186.0 | 195.0 | LNE * | LNE * |
| MONTEREY | 189.3 | 197.5 | 391.4 | 466.5 | 155.3 | 168.4 |
| NAPA | 157.9 | 215.9 | 265.9 | 371.6 | 82.5 | 160.5 |
| NEVADA | 89.9 | 125.7 | 210.3 | 230.0 | 81.5 * | 168.5 |
| ORANGE | 267.4 | 270.3 | 310.2 | 428.6 | 91.0 | 170.3 |
| PLACER | 74.9 | 96.2 | 238.9 | 270.4 | 92.4 | 152.5 |
| PLUMAS | LNE * | 92.2 * | 292.4 | 320.5 | LNE * | LNE * |
| RIVERSIDE | 310.3 | 412.1 | 396.4 | 435.0 | 144.5 | 239.5 |
| SACRAMENTO | 311.1 | 339.8 | 543.3 | 655.6 | 364.5 | 415.9 |
| SAN BENITO | 84.1 | 87.7 | 291.7 | 359.9 | 130.9 * | 175.0 |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 195.1 | 233.8 | 517.9 | 586.2 | 261.5 | 365.1 |
| SAN DIEGO | 473.9 | 496.5 | 504.3 | 620.7 | 133.0 | 244.5 |


| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | MORBIDITY RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | REPORTED PREVALENCE OF HIV OR AIDS AGES 13 YEARS AND OLDER |  | REPORTED INCIDENCE <br> OF CHLAMYDIA |  | REPORTED INCIDENCE OF FEMALE GONORRHEA 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD |  |
|  | 2012-2014 | 2015-2017 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 1895.6 | 1740.4 | 731.1 | 1015.1 | 149.1 | 264.5 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 213.8 | 224.5 | 485.3 | 539.4 | 326.8 | 366.8 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 262.3 | 182.9 | 373.9 | 431.2 | 86.1 | 159.0 |
| SAN MATEO | 234.3 | 244.7 | 281.8 | 369.3 | 63.0 | 105.7 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 158.1 | 156.9 | 468.1 | 551.5 | 97.6 | 171.3 |
| SANTA CLARA | 223.6 | 214.7 | 327.4 | 393.6 | 125.7 | 154.8 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 195.5 | 219.1 | 354.4 | 404.7 | 107.7 | 185.1 |
| SHASTA | 136.2 | 138.9 | 354.5 | 351.2 | 493.1 | 393.3 |
| SIERRA | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | - |
| SISKIYOU | 97.9 | 146.5 | 204.3 | 254.7 | LNE * | 183.9 * |
| SOLANO | 330.2 | 360.1 | 523.3 | 618.4 | 310.8 | 420.9 |
| SONOMA | 297.2 | 334.3 | 332.1 | 410.8 | 109.8 | 184.0 |
| STANISLAUS | 134.0 | 162.0 | 408.4 | 474.7 | 248.6 | 286.5 |
| SUTTER | 98.7 | 105.8 | 321.1 | 352.2 | 209.5 | 266.8 |
| TEHAMA | 77.0 | 86.7 | 302.4 | 343.1 | 288.6 | 380.8 |
| TRINITY | 116.3 * | 157.0 * | 134.5 * | 156.1 | LNE * | LNE * |
| TULARE | 88.8 | 113.6 | 494.6 | 550.4 | 210.5 | 326.3 |
| TUOLUMNE | 77.6 | 91.8 | 179.0 | 275.6 | LNE * | 218.0 * |
| VENTURA | 138.5 | 150.7 | 302.3 | 330.0 | 104.1 | 160.3 |
| YOLO | 132.8 | 150.4 | 350.5 | 471.9 | 132.5 | 165.9 |
| YUBA | 104.9 | 137.5 | 331.6 | 397.7 | 244.9 | 373.6 |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

LNE: Low Number Evaluated; rates/percentages are masked per Data De-Identification Guidelines. See technical notes for more information.
Note: The morbidity rates are crude case rates per 100,000 population.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | MORBIDITY RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | REPORTED INCIDENCE OF MALE GONORRHEA 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD |  | $\qquad$ |  | REPORTED INCIDENCE OF CONGENITAL SYPHILIS |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 306.2 | 501.4 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 20.8 | 58.7 |
| ALAMEDA | 365.7 | 599.9 | 7.9 | 8.6 | LNE * | LNE * |
| ALPINE | - | LNE * | - | - | - | - |
| AMADOR | LNE * | LNE * | - | 0.9 * | - | - |
| BUTTE | 225.0 | 327.7 | 1.9 * | 1.0 * | - | LNE * |
| CALAVERAS | LNE * | 169.3 * | 0.7 * | 5.2 * | - | - |
| COLUSA | LNE * | LNE * | - | 2.9 * | - | LNE * |
| CONTRA COSTA | 231.8 | 426.2 | 4.5 | 4.7 | - | LNE * |
| DEL NORTE | LNE * | 353.0 | - | - | - | - |
| EL DORADO | 89.4 | 135.2 | 1.6 * | 1.3 * | - | - |
| FRESNO | 327.7 | 431.3 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 159.9 | 344.7 |
| GLENN | LNE * | LNE * | 2.3 * | 1.1 * | - | - |
| HUMBOLDT | 303.1 | 430.5 | 1.0 * | 2.0 * | - | - |
| IMPERIAL | 74.0 | 176.5 | 19.3 | 24.8 | LNE * | LNE * |
| INYO | LNE * | LNE * | - | 1.8 * | - | - |
| KERN | 393.8 | 531.6 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 121.1 * | 290.4 |
| KINGS | 155.4 | 322.6 | 3.1 * | 1.8 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| LAKE | 287.2 | 715.7 | 1.0 * | 3.6 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| LASSEN | LNE * | LNE * | - | 3.3 * | - | - |
| LOS ANGELES | 421.5 | 709.8 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 16.4 | 42.3 |
| MADERA | 202.9 | 269.4 | 3.9 * | 2.3 * | - | LNE * |
| MARIN | 130.2 | 245.5 | 3.6 * | 2.2 * | - | - |
| MARIPOSA | LNE * | LNE * | - | - | - | - |
| MENDOCINO | 119.7 * | 384.1 | 0.8 * | 1.9 * | - | LNE * |
| MERCED | 178.1 | 318.9 | 4.6 * | 2.8 * | - | LNE * |
| MODOC | LNE * | LNE * | - | - | - | - |
| MONO | LNE * | LNE * | - | 2.4 * | - | - |
| MONTEREY | 170.3 | 219.6 | 4.0 * | 5.5 | LNE * | LNE * |
| NAPA | 102.7 | 205.7 | 2.1 * | 2.8 * | - | - |
| NEVADA | 76.5 * | 171.7 | 0.3 * | 1.0 * | - | - |
| ORANGE | 166.2 | 323.6 | 5.7 | 5.5 | LNE * | LNE * |
| PLACER | 97.9 | 177.5 | 1.3 * | 1.9 * | - | LNE * |
| PLUMAS | LNE * | LNE * | - | 1.7 * | - | - |
| RIVERSIDE | 179.2 | 335.9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | LNE * | LNE * |
| SACRAMENTO | 348.5 | 511.3 | 5.1 | 4.1 | LNE * | LNE * |
| SAN BENITO | 159.1 * | 192.1 | 1.7 * | 0.6 * | - | - |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 245.0 | 388.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | LNE * | 93.6 |
| SAN DIEGO | 268.8 | 465.3 | 6.8 | 7.2 | LNE * | 29.0 * |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 1180.3 | 1960.2 | 12.3 | 12.3 | LNE * | LNE * |


| COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | MORBIDITY RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | REPORTED INCIDENCE OF MALE GONORRHEA 15 TO 44 YEARS OLD |  | REPORTED INCIDENCE OF TUBERCULOSIS |  | ```REPORTED INCIDENCE OF CONGENITAL SYPHILIS``` |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 315.2 | 388.9 | 7.2 | 5.9 | LNE * | 199.9 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 122.4 | 179.3 | 1.1 * | 1.1 * | LNE * | - |
| SAN MATEO | 167.8 | 328.3 | 8.3 | 7.2 | LNE * | - |
| SANTA BARBARA | 110.5 | 207.1 | 5.6 | 3.2 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| SANTA CLARA | 193.6 | 320.7 | 9.5 | 8.8 | LNE * | LNE * |
| SANTA CRUZ | 148.1 | 259.9 | 1.5 * | 2.1 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| SHASTA | 451.8 | 354.2 | 1.9 * | 0.6 * | - | LNE * |
| SIERRA | LNE * | LNE * | - | - | - | - |
| SISKIYOU | LNE * | 159.4 * | 0.7 * | - | - | - |
| SOLANO | 294.9 | 455.2 | 4.6 * | 6.0 | LNE * | LNE * |
| SONOMA | 150.4 | 294.1 | 1.9 * | 2.0 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| STANISLAUS | 308.0 | 323.3 | 2.6 * | 2.3 * | LNE * | 150.1 * |
| SUTTER | 170.5 | 287.6 | 2.8 * | 5.4 * | - | - |
| TEHAMA | 255.0 | 300.6 | - | 1.6 * | - | LNE * |
| TRINITY | LNE * | LNE * | 2.4 * | - | - | - |
| TULARE | 221.3 | 328.9 | 3.5 * | 3.7 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| TUOLUMNE | 122.6 * | 157.5 * | - | - | - | LNE * |
| VENTURA | 130.6 | 200.9 | 3.8 | 3.4 | - | LNE * |
| YOLO | 182.7 | 276.7 | 4.0 * | 2.9 * | - | LNE * |
| YUBA | 202.1 | 396.1 | 3.2 * | 2.6 * | - | LNE * |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

LNE: Low Number Evaluated; rates/percentages are masked per Data De-Identification Guidelines. See technical notes for more information.
Note: The morbidity rates are crude case rates per 100,000 population.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | MORBIDITY RATES (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |  |  | MORTALITY RATES <br> (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) <br> INFANT MORTALITY <br> ALL RACE/ETHNIC GROUPS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | INCIDENCE OF FEMALE PRIMARY/SECONDARY SYPHILIS |  | INCIDENCE OF MALE PRIMARY/SECONDARY SYPHILIS |  |  |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2012-2014 | 2015-2017 |
| CALIFORNIA | 1.7 | 4.7 | 19.6 | 29.4 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| ALAMEDA | 1.9 * | 2.8 | 17.8 | 23.4 | 4.2 | 3.8 |
| ALPINE | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AMADOR | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| BUTTE | LNE * | 15.2 * | LNE * | 32.8 | 5.6 * | LNE * |
| CALAVERAS | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| COLUSA | - | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| CONTRA COSTA | LNE * | 2.3 * | 13.2 | 20.6 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| DEL NORTE | - | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| EL DORADO | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| FRESNO | 12.2 | 20.0 | 22.0 | 37.6 | 7.4 | 6.6 |
| GLENN | - | LNE * | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| HUMBOLDT | - | LNE * | LNE * | 18.6 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| IMPERIAL | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | 12.6 * | LNE * | 4.3 * |
| INYO | - | - | - | - | LNE * | LNE * |
| KERN | 8.4 | 17.7 | 23.5 | 40.0 | 6.4 | 6.0 |
| KINGS | LNE * | LNE * | 16.6 * | 21.1 * | 5.1 * | 4.9 * |
| LAKE | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| LASSEN | - | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| LOS ANGELES | 1.2 | 3.3 | 24.7 | 37.4 | 4.4 | 4.2 |
| MADERA | LNE * | 20.9 * | LNE * | 32.1 | 4.8 * | 5.4 * |
| MARIN | LNE * | LNE * | 12.7 * | 12.9 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| MARIPOSA | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| MENDOCINO | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| MERCED | LNE * | 10.0 * | 9.9 * | 27.3 | 4.0 * | 4.5 * |
| MODOC | - | - | - | - | LNE * | LNE * |
| MONO | LNE * | - | - | LNE * | LNE * | - |
| MONTEREY | LNE * | LNE * | 13.3 | 14.3 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| NAPA | - | LNE * | LNE * | 18.5 * | LNE * | LNE * |
| NEVADA | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| ORANGE | LNE * | 1.4 | 13.4 | 22.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| PLACER | LNE * | LNE * | 6.8 * | 9.4 * | 4.6 * | 3.0 * |
| PLUMAS | - | - | - | - | LNE * | LNE * |
| RIVERSIDE | LNE * | 2.5 | 14.8 | 21.2 | 4.9 | 4.5 |
| SACRAMENTO | 1.7 * | 7.7 | 20.6 | 33.9 | 5.4 | 4.9 |
| SAN BENITO | - | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| SAN BERNARDINO | LNE * | 4.3 | 9.0 | 18.3 | 6.5 | 5.9 |
| SAN DIEGO | 0.9 * | 1.6 | 24.2 | 31.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 |



- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

LNE: Low Number Evaluated; rates/percentages are masked per Data De-Identification Guidelines. See technical notes for more information.
Note: The morbidity rates are crude case rates per 100,000 population.
Tables 24B-24E are omitted from this section due to a high amount of data suppression.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | PERCENT(THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  | AGE-SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  | PERCENT(THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LOW BIRTHWEIGHTINFANTS |  | BIRTHS TO ADOLESCENT MOTHERS, <br> 15 TO 19 YEARS OLD |  | FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 6.8 | 6.9 | 19.7 | 14.2 | 83.3 | 83.9 |
| ALAMEDA | 7.2 | 7.3 | 11.3 | 7.5 | 90.3 | 89.7 |
| ALPINE | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| AMADOR | 6.9 * | 6.6 | 18.4 * | LNE * | 86.3 | 86.2 |
| BUTTE | 6.3 | 5.8 | 17.1 | 12.2 | 72.3 | 72.4 |
| CALAVERAS | 5.4 * | 6.3 | 10.2 * | 13.7 * | 78.7 | 75.9 |
| COLUSA | 6.7 | 5.9 * | 31.7 | 19.8 * | 72.0 | 63.7 |
| CONTRA COSTA | 6.8 | 7.0 | 12.3 | 9.1 | 86.4 | 88.3 |
| DEL NORTE | 5.9 * | 5.8 * | 44.1 | 28.8 | 71.1 | 76.5 |
| EL DORADO | 6.6 | 6.9 | 9.3 | 7.3 | 80.5 | 76.5 |
| FRESNO | 7.9 | 7.2 | 32.5 | 24.4 | 88.0 | 87.1 |
| GLENN | 7.1 | 5.8 | 29.3 | 18.6 | 67.5 | 70.8 |
| HUMBOLDT | 5.6 | 6.3 | 16.8 | 10.8 | 76.5 | 78.9 |
| IMPERIAL | 5.4 | 5.6 | 42.4 | 28.6 | 39.2 | 49.8 |
| INYO | 7.1 * | 8.8 * | 31.2 * | LNE * | 76.7 | 79.3 |
| KERN | 7.2 | 7.5 | 39.0 | 29.1 | 76.2 | 77.8 |
| KINGS | 6.3 | 6.6 | 34.6 | 26.4 | 69.4 | 72.7 |
| LAKE | 6.8 | 6.7 | 33.9 | 25.2 | 69.5 | 70.4 |
| LASSEN | 7.8 | 8.2 | 24.6 * | 21.9 * | 73.6 | 72.9 |
| LOS ANGELES | 7.1 | 7.3 | 19.2 | 13.6 | 84.8 | 85.0 |
| MADERA | 5.9 | 6.7 | 38.9 | 26.4 | 74.0 | 74.9 |
| MARIN | 6.2 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 91.0 | 85.6 |
| MARIPOSA | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | 68.1 | 62.5 |
| MENDOCINO | 6.1 | 7.0 | 27.2 | 19.2 | 68.6 | 68.4 |
| MERCED | 6.1 | 6.3 | 30.8 | 23.7 | 66.1 | 67.4 |
| MODOC | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | 62.3 | 52.9 |
| MONO | 8.9 * | 8.0 * | LNE * | LNE * | 74.5 | 71.9 |
| MONTEREY | 6.1 | 6.2 | 31.1 | 24.5 | 74.0 | 78.0 |
| NAPA | 5.8 | 6.4 | 14.4 | 9.7 | 88.3 | 88.8 |
| NEVADA | 6.3 | 5.3 | 11.3 | 8.2 | 73.5 | 75.4 |
| ORANGE | 6.3 | 6.1 | 13.8 | 9.7 | 88.1 | 87.3 |
| PLACER | 5.5 | 5.7 | 8.2 | 6.5 | 82.6 | 84.3 |
| PLUMAS | 10.4 * | 10.3 * | LNE * | LNE * | 72.7 | 70.3 |
| RIVERSIDE | 6.6 | 7.0 | 21.6 | 15.8 | 83.4 | 83.3 |
| SACRAMENTO | 6.9 | 7.0 | 18.6 | 13.2 | 82.5 | 85.1 |
| SAN BENITO | 6.7 | 6.5 | 20.6 | 14.5 | 83.1 | 86.5 |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 7.3 | 7.5 | 26.7 | 19.8 | 83.5 | 83.1 |
| SAN DIEGO | 6.5 | 6.8 | 17.9 | 11.8 | 84.2 | 85.2 |


| COUNTY <br> OF RESIDENCE | PERCENT(THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  | AGE-SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) BIRTHS TO ADOLESCENT MOTHERS, <br> 15 TO 19 YEARS OLD |  | PERCENT(THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LOW BIRTHWEIGHTINFANTS |  |  |  | FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE |  |
|  | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 6.0 | 88.3 | 87.3 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 7.2 | 7.5 | 24.1 | 17.8 | 76.5 | 80.3 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 6.1 | 5.8 | 12.5 | 8.8 | 80.2 | 79.1 |
| SAN MATEO | 7.0 | 6.5 | 11.4 | 8.2 | 89.8 | 91.7 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 6.2 | 7.0 | 21.1 | 17.1 | 77.1 | 78.3 |
| SANTA CLARA | 7.0 | 6.9 | 11.7 | 7.5 | 84.6 | 87.1 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 5.7 | 5.8 | 13.7 | 8.9 | 82.5 | 84.0 |
| SHASTA | 6.0 | 6.8 | 24.2 | 18.4 | 70.7 | 71.5 |
| SIERRA | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | 64.1 | 70.6 |
| SISKIYOU | 8.5 | 7.9 | 25.2 | 18.8 | 77.6 | 75.6 |
| SOLANO | 6.7 | 6.8 | 17.4 | 12.2 | 79.4 | 81.2 |
| SONOMA | 5.6 | 5.9 | 11.4 | 8.8 | 85.9 | 87.9 |
| STANISLAUS | 6.2 | 6.6 | 26.0 | 19.8 | 78.6 | 82.5 |
| SUTTER | 6.4 | 6.9 | 20.6 | 15.7 | 68.5 | 69.1 |
| TEHAMA | 6.2 | 6.1 | 33.2 | 24.1 | 69.4 | 68.0 |
| TRINITY | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | 60.3 | 61.9 |
| TULARE | 6.8 | 7.1 | 39.9 | 29.8 | 78.9 | 73.1 |
| TUOLUMNE | 6.6 | 6.1 | 19.8 | 11.0 * | 74.9 | 68.7 |
| VENTURA | 6.3 | 5.8 | 18.9 | 13.4 | 82.7 | 84.9 |
| YOLO | 5.7 | 5.8 | 9.7 | 6.6 | 82.8 | 82.7 |
| YUBA | 6.4 | 7.4 | 33.4 | 24.0 | 68.7 | 68.9 |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
* Rates and percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.

LNE: Low Number Evaluated; rates/percentages are masked per Data De-Identification Guidelines. See technical notes for more information.
Note: The morbidity rates are crude case rates per 100,000 population.

TABLE 30 (continued)
A COMPARISON OF THREE-YEAR AVERAGE RATES OR PERCENTAGES AMONG SELECTED HEALTH STATUS INDICATORS

|  | PERCENT (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  | PERCENT (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE |  | BIRTHS WITH KNOWN FEEDING METHOD BREASTFED |  |
| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| CALIFORNIA | 78.3 | 78.0 | 93.5 | 93.9 |
| ALAMEDA | 77.1 | 68.8 | 97.1 | 97.1 |
| ALPINE | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * | LNE * |
| AMADOR | 87.1 | 82.7 | 95.5 | 96.5 |
| BUTTE | 77.4 | 79.7 | 92.7 | 91.8 |
| CALAVERAS | 79.9 | 80.6 | 95.3 | 95.4 |
| COLUSA | 77.6 | 73.3 | 92.2 | 93.8 |
| CONTRA COSTA | 77.9 | 74.7 | 96.4 | 96.7 |
| DEL NORTE | 75.8 | 78.8 | 90.2 | 91.1 |
| EL DORADO | 79.1 | 76.2 | 96.6 | 96.9 |
| FRESNO | 89.3 | 87.3 | 86.8 | 87.9 |
| GLENN | 78.2 | 79.4 | 93.8 | 95.5 |
| HUMBOLDT | 75.4 | 73.9 | 93.0 | 94.1 |
| IMPERIAL | 44.5 | 51.9 | 91.9 | 92.7 |
| INYO | 77.7 | 80.0 | 97.8 | 98.3 |
| KERN | 71.7 | 73.7 | 88.6 | 89.8 |
| KINGS | 65.8 | 70.8 | 85.2 | 90.1 |
| LAKE | 65.0 | 70.1 | 92.4 | 92.9 |
| LASSEN | 59.4 | 63.2 | 94.5 | 93.6 |
| LOS ANGELES | 80.1 | 81.3 | 93.5 | 93.9 |
| MADERA | 68.6 | 71.3 | 91.5 | 90.4 |
| MARIN | 86.3 | 67.1 | 98.7 | 98.5 |
| MARIPOSA | 62.6 | 65.0 | 97.0 | 93.5 |
| MENDOCINO | 76.0 | 77.9 | 96.0 | 96.4 |
| MERCED | 62.1 | 65.5 | 91.6 | 92.1 |
| MODOC | 60.6 | 54.0 | 92.3 | 93.8 |
| MONO | 79.3 | 83.0 | 96.8 | 97.7 |
| MONTEREY | 77.0 | 81.1 | 96.7 | 96.3 |
| NAPA | 77.5 | 80.3 | 97.4 | 97.4 |
| NEVADA | 74.8 | 79.2 | 97.7 | 97.8 |
| ORANGE | 86.1 | 83.9 | 94.7 | 94.7 |
| PLACER | 83.2 | 81.0 | 96.0 | 96.2 |
| PLUMAS | 56.0 | 58.3 | 96.2 | 96.6 |
| RIVERSIDE | 77.1 | 73.7 | 92.2 | 92.4 |
| SACRAMENTO | 79.3 | 79.9 | 92.0 | 92.9 |
| SAN BENITO | 81.5 | 84.4 | 94.0 | 94.9 |
| SAN BERNARDINO | 72.4 | 71.8 | 88.8 | 90.0 |
| SAN DIEGO | 74.2 | 75.7 | 96.0 | 96.1 |
| SAN FRANCISCO | 79.9 | 75.1 | 96.9 | 97.1 |


|  | PERCENT (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  | PERCENT (THREE-YEAR AVERAGE) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE |  | BIRTHS WITH KNOWN FEEDINGMETHODBREASTFED |  |
| COUNTY OF RESIDENCE | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 | 2013-2015 | 2016-2018 |
| SAN JOAQUIN | 72.3 | 79.3 | 89.0 | 89.8 |
| SAN LUIS OBISPO | 86.8 | 85.7 | 97.3 | 97.4 |
| SAN MATEO | 83.0 | 79.9 | 97.2 | 97.4 |
| SANTA BARBARA | 84.0 | 84.5 | 95.6 | 96.2 |
| SANTA CLARA | 76.2 | 77.1 | 96.9 | 97.2 |
| SANTA CRUZ | 84.8 | 83.6 | 98.5 | 98.6 |
| SHASTA | 79.4 | 80.4 | 95.1 | 96.3 |
| SIERRA | 62.5 * | 78.3 | 92.3 * | 97.9 * |
| SISKIYOU | 77.1 | 79.0 | 94.6 | 93.7 |
| SOLANO | 69.3 | 68.1 | 94.6 | 95.1 |
| SONOMA | 80.0 | 76.4 | 97.5 | 97.2 |
| STANISLAUS | 68.4 | 74.9 | 88.7 | 88.9 |
| SUTTER | 79.5 | 78.6 | 91.0 | 94.7 |
| TEHAMA | 75.7 | 79.9 | 94.3 | 93.8 |
| TRINITY | 65.0 | 70.9 | 95.3 | 96.6 |
| TULARE | 81.2 | 77.0 | 88.7 | 90.3 |
| TUOLUMNE | 78.8 | 80.3 | 95.9 | 95.9 |
| VENTURA | 84.6 | 85.8 | 95.7 | 96.4 |
| YOLO | 81.8 | 80.6 | 96.6 | 96.7 |
| YUBA | 77.5 | 75.9 | 89.9 | 91.2 |

- Rates and percentages are not calculated for zero events.
*Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
LNE: Low Number Evaluated; rates/percentages are masked per Data De-Identification Guidelines. See technical notes for more information.
Note: The morbidity rates are crude case rates per 100,000 population.


## TECHNICAL NOTES

## DATA SOURCES

Profiles presents birth and death data using records from the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Center for Health Statistics and Informatics (CHSI) birth and death registration systems as sources. Birth statistics were tabulated from the Birth Statistical Master Files for years 2012 through 2017 and the California Comprehensive Master Birth File for 2018. Death statistics were tabulated from the Death Statistical Master Files for years 2012 to 2013, and the California Comprehensive Master Death Files for years 2014 through 2018.

The linked birth-death records in the Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files for years 2012 through 2017 are based on the Birth and Death Master Files. For additional information, please visit the Vital Statistics Data webpage.

The following CDPH programs provided data: Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Branch and the Tuberculosis Control Branch of the Division of Communicable Disease Control were the sources for the reported case incidence of chlamydia, gonorrhea, congenital syphilis, primary/secondary syphilis, and tuberculosis, respectively. The Office of AIDS, Surveillance Section provided incidence data of diagnosed HIV and AIDS cases. The Center for Family Health, Maternal, Child, and Adolescent Health Program prepared the breastfeeding initiation data, having utilized information collected by the Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, and Newborn Screening Data.

The State of California, Department of Finance, Report P-3: State and County population projections by Race, Ethnicity, Detailed Age, and Gender 2010-2060, were provided by the Demographic Research Unit. Projections were used in the development of the age-adjusted rates, crude case rates, and age-specific birth rates for the current (2016 to 2018) and previous (2013 to 2015) periods with the exceptions of HIVIAIDS and Birth Cohort Infant Mortality. The current measurement period for HIVIAIDS and Birth Cohort Infant Mortality is 2015 to 2017 and the previous measurement period is 2012 to 2014.

Estimates of persons under age 18 years old in poverty were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) Program.

Tables in this report may reflect small undercounts where case data were received late or vital event data were registered after the cutoff date for the creation of the data files.

Website addresses can be found at the conclusion of this report.

## DATA DEFINITIONS

Statistics include only individuals with a known California county of residence.
Data De-Identification: In order to prevent inadvertent or intentional re-identification of individuals from the County Health Status Profiles (Profiles) data, the CHSI reviews all tables prior to release, and implements cell suppression procedures in accordance with the California Health and Human Services Agency (CHHS) Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG).

Mortality (Tables 1-19): Use of the consensus set of health status indicators has been facilitated by reference to the causes of mortality coded using the International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Beginning with 1999 mortality data, changes to ICD-10 follows a worldwide standard set by the World Health Organization. Standards for ICD-10 implementation were set by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS).

The following is a list of the mortality tables in this report and the ICD-10 codes used to create these tables. The ICD-10 codes used to collect the mortality data for the tables, per Healthy People 2020 National Objectives (HP 2020), where applicable, are current as of January 2, 2019.

Table 1: All Causes of Death ........................... A00-Y89
Table 2: All Cancers......................................... C00-C97
Table 3: Colorectal Cancer .............................. C18-C21, C26.0
Table 4: Lung Cancer ...................................... C34
Table 5: Female Breast Cancer ....................... C50
Table 6: Prostate Cancer .................................. C61
Table 7: Diabetes............................................. E10-E14
Table 8: Alzheimer's Disease........................... G30
Table 9: Coronary Heart Disease..................... I20-I25
Table 10: Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke) ... 160-I69
Table 11: Influenza/Pneumonia ........................ J09-18
Table 12: Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease . J40-J47
Table 13: Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis K70, K73-74
Table 14: Accidents (Unintentional Injuries) ..... V01-X59, Y85-Y86
Table 15: Motor Vehicle Traffic Crashes .......... V02-V04 (.1, .9), V09.2, V12, V14 (.3-.9), V19 (.4-.6), V20-V28 (.3-.9), V29-V79 (.4-.9), V80 (.3-.5), V81.1, V82.1, V83-V86 (.0-.3), V87 (.0-.8), V89.2

Table 16: Suicide ............................................. U03, X60-X84, Y87.0
Table 17: Homicide .......................................... U01-U02, X85-Y09, Y87.1
Table 18: Firearm Related Deaths ................... U01.4, W32-W34, X72-74, X93-X95, Y22-Y24, Y35.0

Table 19: Drug Induced Deaths
D52.1, D59.0, D59.2, D61.1, D64.2, E06.4, E16.0, E23.1, E24.2, E27.3, E66.1, F11.0-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.0-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.0-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.0-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.0-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.0-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F17.0, F17.3-F17.5, F17.7-F17.9, F18.0-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.0-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, G21.1, G24.0, G25.1, G25.4, G25.6, G44.4, G62.0, G72.0, I95.2, J70.2-J70.4, L10.5, L27.0, L27.1, M10.2, M32.0, M80.4, M81.4, M83.5, M87.1, R78.1-R78.5, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14

Morbidity (Tables 20-23): In general, the case definition of a disease means positive laboratory test results, or in the absence of a confirmatory test, a constellation of clearly specified signs and symptoms that meet a series of clinical criteria as defined by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). These criteria can be found at the CDC - Online case definitions webpage.

Due to incomplete reporting of infectious and communicable diseases by many health care providers, caution is advised in interpreting morbidity tables. Many factors contribute to the underreporting of these diseases. These factors include lack of awareness regarding disease surveillance; lack of follow-up by support staff assigned to report; failure to perform diagnostic lab tests to confirm or to rule out infectious etiology; concern for anonymity of the client; and expedited treatment in lieu of waiting for laboratory results because of time or cost constraints. County designation reflects county of residence. Although table headings indicate the data shown are reported cases, please contact the CDPH Division of Communicable Disease Control and the Office of AIDS, Surveillance Section for complete morbidity reporting technical definitions and procedures.

HIVIAIDS (Table 20): Effective 2018, counts and rates are based on a population of 13 years and older living with HIV or AIDS. Since Profiles' inception in 1993, CDPH had collected only the reported incidences of AIDS among the population of 13 years and older. Accordingly, the inclusion of data that reports, both HIV positive counts as well as clinically diagnosed AIDS incidence, are not made available until March of each year and are therefore presented with a one-year delay for this publication. Consequently, Table 20 reflects data from 2015-2017.

Tuberculosis (Table 23): A Tuberculosis (TB) case submitted to the TB Control Branch Registry by April 12, 2017 was included as a 2016 case in this report if the case was confirmed as active TB between January 1 and December 31, 2016. After reporting the case, a jurisdiction may subsequently decide that a reported case did not have TB. Also, a few cases may be reported after the submission deadline. These changes will be reflected in future reports. Therefore, the total number of TB cases counted in a given year may change, usually by a small number of cases. This small change in case numbers may also be reflected in the two sets of TB numbers released each year. A provisional case count is used in early reports and materials generated for World TB Day. A final case count which is used in this report.

For surveillance purposes, a case of TB is defined by laboratory and clinical evidence of disease caused by Mycobacterium tuberculosis (Mtb) complex. TB cases with culture or nucleic acid amplification evidence of Mtb, or acid-fast bacilli from a clinical specimen (when either a culture could not be obtained, or positive results were negative or contaminated), were classified as laboratory confirmed. In the absence of laboratory confirmation, cases that were reported from a positive tuberculin skin test (TST) or positive interferon gamma release assay (IGRA) for Mtb, or abnormal chest imaging (in those with pulmonary disease), and persons who have undergone treatment with two or more anti-TB medications, were classified as clinically confirmed TB. Reported cases not meeting one or more of the clinical criteria for TB were classified as providerdiagnosed cases because the health care provider determined there was sufficient evidence of active TB disease to report the case. All of these cases were considered active cases of disease and were reportable.

Birth Cohort Infant Mortality (Table 24A-E): The infant mortality rate is the number of deaths among infants under one year of age per 1,000 live births. It is a universally accepted and easily understood indicator, which represents the overall health status of a community.
Studies of infant mortality that are based on information from death certificates alone have been found to underestimate infant death rates for all race/ethnic groups. Due to problems such as
confusion about event registration requirements, incomplete data, and transfers of newborns from one facility to another for medical care, infant mortality rates in this report are based on linked birth and infant death records in the Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files, which generate more accurate estimates of the total number of infant deaths as well as race-specific infant mortality rates.

Because birth and death certificate registration data are included in the Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files after the Birth and Death Master Files have been closed to further processing, and hospital follow-back is conducted to resolve questionable cases, cohort files cannot be as timely as the Statistical Master Files. However, the Birth Cohort-Perinatal Outcome Files are more complete and consequently more accurate.
The results for tables 24C - Black Infant Mortality, 24D - Hispanic Infant Mortality and 24E - White Infant Mortality were mostly suppressed due to DDG. In accordance with California Government Code Section 8310.7(e), data within this report do not include disaggregated subcategories of Asian and Pacific Islanders because such tabulations would result in statistical unreliability and possible re-identification.
Natality (Tables 25-27B): The natality data were obtained from the Birth Statistical Master Files for years 2012 through 2017 and the California Comprehensive Master Birth File for year 2018. Records with unknown attributes were excluded from the total number of live births in developing certain tables as follows: Table 25 excludes unknown birthweights; Table 27A excludes unknown prenatal care; and Table 27B excludes unknown adequacy of prenatal care.

Two high-risk natality factors along with the following records with unknown attributes are analyzed within this report. Low birthweight has been associated with negative birth outcomes and may indicate a lack of access to health care or preventive care, and/or the need for prenatal care services. Prevalence of low birthweight is defined as the percentage of live births weighing less than 2,500 grams (approximately 5.5 pounds). Birth rates for adolescents are an indicator of other high-risk pregnancy factors. Adolescent birth rate is defined as the number of births to mothers 15 to 19 years of age per 1,000 female population.

The prenatal care indicator, Month Prenatal Care Began, has been associated with access to care. However, the percentage of births in which the mother's prenatal care began in the first trimester, as a health indicator, does not readily permit an unambiguous interpretation. Accordingly, it may fail to document whether or not prenatal care actually continues throughout the pregnancy.

In addition to Prenatal Care Beginning during the First Trimester of Pregnancy, this report includes adequacy of prenatal care based on the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index. From 1995 through 1998, the Kessner Index was used to measure the adequacy of prenatal care (Kessner, 1973). The Kessner Index was replaced in the 1999 report by the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index, which is the methodology specified in HP 2020.
The Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index developed by Milton Kotelchuck (1994) attempts to characterize prenatal care utilization in two independent and distinctive dimensions: adequacy of prenatal care initiation and services received (once prenatal care has begun).

The initial dimension, adequacy of prenatal care initiation, characterizes the month prenatal care began and its timeliness. The second dimension, adequacy of received services, characterizes the number of prenatal care visits received from the time the mother began prenatal care until delivery. The adequacy of prenatal visits is based on the recommendations established by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. These two dimensions are then combined
into a single summary prenatal care utilization index, which contains the following five categories for adequacy of prenatal care:
(1) Adequate Plus: Prenatal care begun by the fourth month and 110 percent or more of the recommended visits received.
(2) Adequate: Prenatal care begun by the fourth month and 80 to 109 percent of the recommended visits received.
(3) Intermediate: Prenatal care begun by the fourth month and 50 to 79 percent of the recommended visits received.
(4) Inadequate: Prenatal care begun after the fourth month, or less than 50 percent of the recommended visits received.
(5) Missing Information: Unknown adequacy of prenatal care.

Only adequate and adequate plus prenatal care is used in Table 27B to measure the adequacy of prenatal care utilization. Also, please note the two-factor index does not assess the access to or quality of the prenatal care that was delivered, but simply its utilization. For further information on the Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index, see Kotelchuck (1994).

Breastfeeding Initiation During Early Postpartum (Table 28): The 2010 data serve as the new baseline for future comparisons and trends of in-hospital breastfeeding practices in California. The 2010 data should not be compared to data published in prior years (2004-2009) due to revisions to the Newborn Screening Program (NBS) data collection tool (NBS Form), as well as changes in the data analysis methodology during this time period.

The primary change, the exclusion of data for infants who were in a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) nursery at the time of specimen collection, was done in order to better align with the new perinatal quality measure on exclusive breast milk feeding endorsed by the National

Quality Forum, the Joint Commission, and the Leapfrog Group. For additional information on the methods used to compute this indicator, visit the CDPH Breastfeeding Data webpage.

Breastfeeding initiation data are obtained from the Center for Family Health's, Genetic Disease Screening Program, and Newborn Screening Data with analyses by the Maternal, Child, and Adolescent Health Program. All non-military hospitals providing maternity services are required to complete the Newborn Screening Test Form prior to an infant's discharge. The analysis is limited to cases reported on the Newborn Screening Test Form [Version NBS-I (D)].

Infant feeding data presented in this report include all feedings from birth to time of specimen collection, usually 24 to 48 hours. To complete the form, staff must select from the following three categories to describe all feeding since birth: (1) Only Human Milk; (2) Only Formula; and (3) Human Milk \& Formula. In Table 28, the number for breastfed includes records marked "Only Human Milk" or "Human Milk \& Formula." The total number excludes data for infants who were in a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) nursery or received Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN) at the time of specimen collection. Also, excluded are cases with an unknown method of feeding. Statewide, approximately 2.2 percent of cases have missing feeding information and/or receive TPN at the time of specimen collection. For this same period, approximately 0.6 percent of cases are missing maternal county of residence data.

There are benefits to infants, mothers, and families from breastfeeding and the use of human milk for infant feeding. Breastfeeding provides advantages to infants.

CDPH compiles data from a variety of sources to monitor progress towards achieving HP 2020 for
breastfeeding initiation, duration and exclusivity, and hospital, and worksite support for breastfeeding mothers and infants. For additional breastfeeding indicators, information on CDPH programs and initiatives that promote breastfeeding, and resources that can help pregnant or breastfeeding women, visit the CDPH Breastfeeding Data webpage.

Persons Living in Poverty (Table 29): People under 18 years old and living in households with incomes at or below the poverty level define the category of the population under 18 in poverty. The percent of people under 18 years old in this category is an indicator of global risk factors that have implications for access to health services. For additional information, visit the Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) Program website. SAIPE uses the Official Poverty Level, which estimates poverty rate by examining an individual's income. It does not account for other factors such as geographical differences in the cost of housing, and thus may not accurately reflect the actual level of poverty in California.

## CRUDE RATES AND AGE-ADJUSTED RATES

Crude rates and age-adjusted rates are calculated for mortality data. The numerator data used to compute mortality rates and percentages were three-year averages compiled by county of residence of the decedent; mother's county of residence for birth data (including linked birth-death data for infant mortality); and county of residence for morbidity data. Records with unknown county of residents were excluded from the analysis. Three-year averages tend to reduce the year to year fluctuations and increase the reliability of estimates.

The crude rate (or non-standardized) is calculated by dividing the total number of events (e.g., deaths) by the total population at risk, then multiplying by a base (e.g., 100,000). Subpopulations, such as counties with varying age compositions, can have highly disparate crude death rates, since the risk of dying is primarily a function of age. Therefore, counties with a large component of elderly experience a higher death rate. The effect of different age compositions among counties or other demographic groups can be removed from the death rates by the age-adjustment process. This produces age-adjusted rates that permit comparisons among geographic and demographic groups, which are directly comparable with those that are expressed as age-adjusted rates in HP 2020.

Age-adjusted death rates are hypothetical rates obtained by calculating age-specific rates for each county and multiplying these rates by proportions of the same age categories in a "standard population," then summing the apportioned specific rates to a county total. The "standard population" used in the age-adjusted rates in this report is drawn from the 2000 U.S. Standard Population distribution that applies the same age groupings and proportions as those established by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) for the United States Department of Health and Human Services. Crude death rates, which include the effect of age, are the rates that should be applied when measuring the actual risk of dying in a specific population. For further information on age-adjusted rates, see NCHS report by Curtin and Klein (1995) listed in the bibliography.
Only crude case rates were calculated. Although age and aging do affect morbidity, the effect is not as prominent as their impact on mortality. Birth cohort infant death rates are not age-adjusted. Since the deaths are linked to the births on a record by record basis, these rates are based on a numerator (deaths) and a denominator (births) from the same record. Birth cohort comparisons among counties reflect the actual risk of dying within one year of birth, are unaffected by confounding age compositions because the cohorts represent the same age group (under one year).

## RELIABILITY OF RATES

Age-adjusted rates were calculated using the year 2000 U.S. standard population weights to facilitate meaningful comparison of vital statistics data rates over time and between groups. For additional information on the HP 2020 recommendations, visit the CDC webpage. All vital statistics rates and morbidity rates are subject to random variation. This variation is inversely related to the number of events (e.g., deaths) used in calculating the rate. Small frequencies in the occurrence of events produce a greater likelihood that random fluctuations will be found within a specified time period. Rare events are relatively less stable in their occurrence from observation to observation. Consequently, counties with a small number of deaths, or few cases of morbidity, can yield highly unstable rates from year to year. The observation of zero events is especially hazardous, regardless of the population size. All observations and comparisons are limited to what was reported to CDPH. This report reduces to an extent the year to year fluctuation in the occurrence of infrequent events by basing rates on three-year average numbers of events (e.g., 2016-2018), divided by the population in the middle year (e.g., 2017).

The relative standard error (RSE) provided the rational basis for determining which rates may be considered "unreliable." Conforming to NCHS standards, any rates that are calculated from fewer than 20 data elements, the equivalent of an RSE of 23 percent or more, are considered unreliable. Unreliable rates are notated with an asterisk (*) in data tables and, where applicable, are presumed to have "Met" or "Not Met" the HP 2020 National Objective, as reported. Unreliable rates should always be interpreted with caution. When rates, percentages, and confidence limits are not calculated due to zero events, they are shown as dashes ( - ).

The 95 percent confidence limits define the range within which the rate would probably occur in 95 out of 100 sets of data. In five of those 100 data sets, the rate or percent would fall outside the limits. Confidence intervals based on 100 or more data elements are calculated utilizing a normal distribution. In cases where there are fewer than 100 data elements, the gamma distribution is used. For appropriate statistical methodologies in comparing independent rates or percentages, please see the NCHS reports listed in the bibliography by Curtin and Klein (1995) on "Direct Standardization" and by Kleinman (1977) on "Infant Mortality."

## RANKING OF COUNTIES

Data for each health indicator are displayed with the counties in rank order by increasing rates or percentages (calculated to 15 decimal places) with the exceptions of "Prenatal Care Begun During the First Trimester of Pregnancy" (Table 27A), prenatal care adequacy (Table 27B), and breastfeeding initiation (Table 28). The county with the lowest rate or percentage (and the highest population) is in the first rank moving down the column to the highest rate or percentage. To rank counties regarding their Birth Cohort Infant Mortality, counties were rank ordered by increasing birth cohort death rate and then by the decreasing total number of live births. Data for prenatal care begun during the first trimester of pregnancy, adequacy of prenatal care, and breastfeeding initiation are displayed with the counties in rank order by decreasing percentages (calculated to 15 decimal places). The county possessing the highest percentage is in the first rank and the county with the lowest percentage is in the $58^{\text {th }}$ rank. For all health indicators, counties with identical rates or percentages are ranked first by the largest population or number of births.
Suppression is in accordance with the CHHS DDG and counties have been arranged alphabetically above or below each applicable table's HP 2020 line. For counties where the rate/percentage met or exceeded the established HP 2020, the suppressed rates/percentages and counts have been replaced with "Met." Additionally, these counties have been listed alphabetically above the HP 2020 line. Conversely, counties with rates/percentages that did not meet the established HP 2020 were listed alphabetically below that table's HP 2020 line. Some of
the counties with data that must be suppressed have rates/percentages and counts replaced with "Not Met." Caution should be used for all average reported counts of less than 20, as these counties had unreliable rates as reported. Consequently, when an HP 2020 exists, these position ranks are presumed for counties with average counts less than 20. Data events reported with unknown or missing resident geography are excluded from the total counts.

## COMPARISON OF RATES AND PERCENTAGES (TABLE 30)

Rates and percentages have been calculated for one prior period, which facilitates comparison between that earlier period and the current reported statistics for selected health indicators.

Readers are cautioned against measuring progress toward target attainment for an HP 2020 using only one data point. The HP 2020 provide basic formulas to measure progress toward achieving a target for the selected health outcome. When rates and counts have been suppressed in accordance with the CHHS DDG, the suppressed values are represented in this table as "LNE" (Low Number Evaluated).

## THEMATIC MAPS

Esri® ${ }^{\text {ArcMap }}{ }^{\text {TM }}$ version 10.5 software was used to create the thematic maps. Mapped data were derived from the rates or percentages displayed in the column to the immediate left of the 95 percent lower confidence limit in the adjacent table. Counties with rates or percentages based on fewer than 20 data elements are shown with an overlay pattern of diagonal dashes to indicate "unreliable rate," whether or not they are presumed to have met the selected health objective. Counties with zero events are shown in a bright yellow color with black spots.

The mapping methodology strives to illustrate rates/percentages for each indicator in a way that highlights a county's status in meeting the HP 2020, if a target exists, and provides a comparison with the California statewide rate. For example, a typical map for an indicator with an HP 2020 displays counties that achieved the target in the lightest shade; counties with a rate between the California rate and the target in the medium shade; and counties with a rate above the California rate are shown in the darkest shade.

Rates or percentages for health indicators without established HP 2020, or with HP 2020 data collection criteria that California did not meet, are mapped according to counties with rates/percentages at or below the California three-year average rate or percentage. The remaining counties above California's rate/percentage were divided into two groups in accordance with the $50^{\text {th }}$ percentile of the rates or percentages amongst those counties.

## ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE REPORTING - SANTA CLARA COUNTY

Santa Clara County reported an abrupt decline in the number of Alzheimer's deaths for each year from 2013 to 2015 due to a change in the cause of death reporting practice among some certifiers of death in that county. Consequently, previously published data in Profiles (2019) for Santa Clara County may not reflect a true decline in the number of Alzheimer's deaths. Additionally, Santa Clara County has observed a reversal of this trend since 2016. There has been a year by year increase in deaths from Alzheimer's disease and a corresponding decrease in deaths from neurodegenerative disease from 2016 to 2018. As a result of this downward trend followed by a reversal, the reporting of deaths due to Alzheimer's disease in Profiles (2020) for the current reporting period (2016 to 2018) displays a 115 percent increase compared to Profiles (2019). If this trend reversal in Santa Clara County continues, the statewide average for the number of deaths due to Alzheimer's disease will steadily change in following years.

## HIVIAIDS PREVALENCE RATE - AMADOR COUNTY

Amador County observed an increase of about 70 percent in the rate of individuals living with HIVIAIDS as reported between Profiles (2020) and Profiles (2019). The increased in prevalence rate is largely attributed to Amador County receiving a large number of transferred inmates in 2016 and 2017, which affected the three-year average for the current reporting period (2015 to 2017).

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C D R=\left(n^{D} / N p o p\right) \times B \\
& A D R=\sum W_{a}\left(n^{D} a / N p o p_{a}\right) \times B \\
& A S D R=\left(n D_{a} / N p o p a_{a}\right) \times B \\
& S E_{x}=\left(C D R / \sqrt{ } n^{D}\right) \\
& S E_{y}=\sqrt{ } \sum\left(\left(W_{a} \times A S D R\right)^{2} / n^{D} a\right) \\
& R S E_{x}=\left(S E_{x} / C D R\right) \\
& R S E y=\left(S E_{y} / A D R\right) \times 100 \\
& \text { Lower } 95 \% C L=A D R-\left(1.96 \times S_{y}\right) \\
& \text { Upper } 95 \% C L=A D R+\left(1.96 \times S_{y}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Where:

> CDR = Crude Death Rate
> ADR = Age-Adjusted Death Rate
> ASDR = Age-Specific Death Rate
> nD = Number of Deaths
> Npop = Population Size
> $\mathrm{ND}_{\mathrm{a}}=$ Number of Deaths in an Age Group
> Npopa = Population Size in Same Age Group
> $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{Base}$
> $\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{a}}=$ Age-Specific Weight (Standard Population Proportion)
> $\mathrm{SE}_{\mathrm{x}}=$ Standard Error of a Crude Death Rate
> $R S E_{x}=$ Relative Standard Error of a Crude Death Rate
> $S E_{y}=$ Standard Error of an Age-Adjusted Death Rate
> $R S E_{y}=$ Relative Standard Error of an Age-Adjusted Death Rate
> $C L=$ Confidence Limit

Gamma Distribution Confidence Intervals
Lower 95\% CL = Rate x GamInv (0.025, Numerator of Rate) / Numerator of Rate
Upper 95\% CL = Rate x GamInv (0.975, Numerator of Rate + 1) / Numerator of Rate
Where: Rate is CDR or ADR depending on which table is being calculated. GamInv is the gamma inverse function as used in SAS.

Age-adjusted rates calculated in this report follow the procedure that was used to set the HP 2020. The standard population used the year 2000 U.S. population. The data in the following example were extracted from Table 1: Deaths Due to All Causes, 2016-2018 for Alameda County.

| ALAMEDA COUNTY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Groups | 2016-2018 <br> Deaths (Average) <br> (A) | $2017$ <br> Population <br> (B) | Age-Specific Ratel100,000 <br> (C) | 2000 U.S <br> Standard Population Proportions <br> (D) | Weighted Rate Factors (E) |
| Total | 9,956.33 | 1,651,319 |  |  |  |
| Unknow <br> n | 1.67 |  |  |  |  |
| <1 | 66.67 | 19,537 | 341.25 | 0.013818 | 4.7 |
| 1-4 | 9.00 | 78,317 | 11.49 | 0.055317 | 0.6 |
| 5-14 | 16.67 | 193,483 | 8.62 | 0.145565 | 1.3 |
| 15-24 | 107.33 | 226,596 | 47.37 | 0.138646 | 6.6 |
| 25-34 | 182.67 | 235,253 | 77.65 | 0.135573 | 10.5 |
| 35-44 | 262.67 | 234,549 | 111.99 | 0.162613 | 18.2 |
| 45-54 | 583.67 | 226,321 | 257.89 | 0.134834 | 34.8 |
| 55-64 | 1248.67 | 205,823 | 606.67 | 0.087247 | 52.9 |
| 65-74 | 1751.33 | 139,305 | 1,257.19 | 0.066037 | 83.0 |
| 75-84 | 2226.33 | 64,304 | 3,462.20 | 0.044842 | 155.3 |
| >84 | 3499.67 | 27,831 | 12,574.72 | 0.015508 | 195.0 |
| AGE-ADJUSTED RATE ................................. |  |  |  |  | 562.9 |

STEP 1: Arrange the data for the three-year average number of deaths and population for 11 age groups in columns $A$ and $B$.

STEP 2: Calculate age-specific rates by dividing the number of deaths in column $A$ (numerator) by the population in column $B$ (denominator). Multiply the result (quotient) by the base of 100,000 to obtain the rates in column C .

STEP 3: Multiply each age-specific rate in column C by the corresponding 2000 U.S. Standard Population proportion in column D and enter the result in column E.

STEP 4: The values for each age group in column E are summed to obtain the Age-Adjusted Death Rate for Alameda County of 565.3 per 100,000 population.

STEP 5: Repeat Steps 1 through 4 for each county and the statewide total. Note that the 2000 U.S. Standard Population proportions remain the same for each county and the State.
Direct comparisons can now be made among the counties, with the removal of the effect that varying county age compositions may have on death rate.

## APPENDIX A <br> CALIFORNIA'S HEALTH STATUS PROFILE FOR 2020

| MORTALITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2016-2018 | CRUDE | AGE- | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | AGE- |
| OBJECTIVE |  | DEATHS | DEATH | ADJUSTED | CONFIDENCE | CONFIDENCE | OBJECTIVE | ADJUSTED |
|  |  | (AVERAGE) | RATE | DEATH | LIMITS | LIMITS |  | DEATH |
|  |  |  |  | RATE | (LOWER) | (UPPER) |  | RATE |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | PREVIOUS |
|  | ALL CAUSES | 266,020.0 | 671.6 | 608.3 | 606.0 | 610.7 | a | 619.1 |
| C-1 | ALL CANCERS | 59,573.0 | 150.4 | 134.4 | 133.3 | 135.5 | 161.4 | 143.6 |
| C-5 | COLORECTAL CANCER | 5,415.3 | 13.7 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 14.5 | 13.2 |
| C-2 | LUNG CANCER | 11,437.7 | 28.9 | 25.8 | 25.3 | 26.3 | 45.5 | 30.5 |
| C-3 | FEMALE BREAST CANCER | 4,483.0 | 22.5 | 18.6 | 18.1 | 19.2 | 20.7 | 19.8 |
| C-7 | PROSTATE CANCER | 3,593.0 | 18.3 | 19.7 | 19.1 | 20.4 | 21.8 | 19.5 |
|  | DIABETES | 9,399.3 | 23.7 | 21.2 | 20.8 | 21.7 | b | 20.6 |
|  | ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE | 16,126.7 | 40.7 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.4 | a | 32.6 |
| HDS-2 | CORONARY HEART DISEASE | 37,799.3 | 95.4 | 85.1 | 84.2 | 86.0 | 103.4 | 93.8 |
| HDS-3 | CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE (STROKE) | 16,140.0 | 40.7 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.5 | 34.8 | 35.0 |
|  | INFLUENZA/PNEUMONIA | 6,405.3 | 16.2 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.0 | a | 15.4 |
|  | CHRONIC LOWER RESPIRATORY DISEASE | 13,727.0 | 34.7 | 31.4 | 30.9 | 31.9 | a | 33.3 |
| SA-11 | CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS | 5,325.0 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 12.3 | 8.2 | 12.1 |
| IVP-11 | ACCIDENTS (UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES) | 13,747.7 | 34.7 | 33.0 | 32.5 | 33.6 | 36.4 | 29.5 |
| IVP-13.1 | MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC CRASHES | 4,023.3 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 12.4 | 8.3 |
| MHMD-1 | SUICIDE | 4,361.3 | 11.0 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.9 | 10.2 | 10.3 |
| IVP-29 | HOMICIDE | 2,000.0 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 4.9 |
| IVP-30 | FIREARM-RELATED DEATHS | 3,131.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 7.6 |
| SA-12 | DRUG-INDUCED DEATHS | 5,408.7 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 13.4 | 11.3 | 12.1 |
| MORBIDITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2016-2018 | CRUDE |  | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | CRUDE |
| OBJECTIVE |  | CASES | CASE RATE |  | CONFIDENCE | CONFIDENCE | OBJECTIVE | CASE |
|  |  | (AVERAGE) |  |  | LIMITS | LIMITS |  | RATE |
|  |  |  |  |  | (LOWER) | (UPPER) |  | PREVIOUS |
|  | HIVIAIDS PREVALENCE (AGE 13 AND OVER) $\dagger$ | 132,287.0 | 404.6 |  | 402.4 | 406.8 | a | 389.5 |
|  | CHLAMYDIA INCIDENCE | 216,315.0 | 546.1 |  | 543.8 | 548.4 | C | 457.4 |
| STD-6.1 | GONORRHEA INCIDENCE FEMALE AGE 15-44 | 22,369.7 | 282.9 |  | 279.2 | 286.7 | 251.9 | 191.4 |
| STD-6.2 | GONORRHEA INCIDENCE MALE AGE 15-44 | 41,733.3 | 501.4 |  | 496.6 | 506.2 | 194.8 | 306.2 |
| IID-29 | TUBERCULOSIS INCIDENCE | 2,069.3 | 5.2 |  | 5.0 | 5.4 | 1.0 | 5.5 |
| STD-8 | CONGENITAL SYPHILIS | 277.0 | 58.7 |  | 51.8 | 65.6 | 9.6 | 20.8 |
| STD-7.1 | PRIMARY SECONDARY SYPHILIS FEMALE | 943.7 | 4.7 |  | 4.4 | 5.0 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| STD-7.2 | PRIMARY SECONDARY SYPHILIS MALE | 5,792.3 | 29.4 |  | 28.7 | 30.2 | 6.7 | 19.6 |


| APPENDIX ACALIFORNIA'S HEALTH STATUS PROFILE FOR 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INFANT MORTALITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2015-2017 | BIRTH |  | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | BC INFANT |
| ObJECTIVE |  | DEATHS (AVERAGE) | COHORT <br> INFANT <br> DEATH <br> RATE |  | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (UPPER) | OBJECTIVE | DEATH RATE PREVIOUS |
| MICH-1.3 | INFANT MORTALITY: ALL RACES | 2,096.7 | 4.3 |  | 4.1 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 4.6 |
| MICH-1.3 | INFANT MORTALITY: ASIAN/PI | 224.0 | 3.0 |  | 2.6 | 3.4 | 6.0 | 3.3 |
| MICH-1.3 | INFANT MORTALITY: BLACK | 207.0 | 8.7 |  | 7.6 | 9.9 | 6.0 | 10.2 |
| MICH-1.3 | INFANT MORTALITY: HISPANIC | 1,009.7 | 4.4 |  | 4.2 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 4.5 |
|  | INFANT MORTALITY: WHITE | 442.3 | 3.4 |  | 3.0 | 3.7 | 6.0 | 3.8 |
| NATALITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2016-2018 | PERCENT |  | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | PERCENT |
| ObJECTIVE |  | BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  |  | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (UPPER) | OBJECTIVE | PREVIOUS |
| MICH-8.1 | LOW BIRTHWEIGHT INFANTS | 32,597.0 | 6.9 |  | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 6.8 |
| MICH-10.1 | FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE | 390,720.0 | 83.9 |  | 83.6 | 84.2 | 84.8 | 83.3 |
| MICH-10.2 | ADEQUATE/ADEQUATE PLUS PRENATAL CARE | 361,258.0 | 78.0 |  | 77.7 | 78.2 | 83.2 | 78.3 |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2016-2018 |  | AGE- | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | AGE- |
| ObJECTIVE |  | BIRTHS (AVERAGE) |  | SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (UPPER) | OBJECTIVE | SPECIFIC BIRTH RATE PREVIOUS |
|  | BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGED 15-19 | 19,088.0 |  | 14.2 | 14.0 | 14.4 | a | 19.7 |
| BREASTFEEDING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2016-2018 | PERCENT |  | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | PERCENT |
| ObJECTIVE |  | BREASTFED (AVERAGE) |  |  | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (LOWER) | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (UPPER) | OBJECTIVE | PREVIOUS |
| MICH-21.1 | BREASTFEEDING INITIATION | 386,701.0 | 93.9 |  | 93.6 | 94.2 | 81.9 | 93.5 |
| CENSUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HP 2020 | HEALTH STATUS INDICATOR | 2017 | PERCENT |  | 95\% | 95\% | NATIONAL | PERCENT |
| OBJECTIVE |  | NUMBER |  |  | CONFIDENCE LIMITS | CONFIDENCE LIMITS (UPPER) | OBJECTIVE | PREVIOUS |
|  | PERSONS UNDER 18 IN POVERTY | 1,615,913.0 | 17.5 |  | 17.5 | 17.5 | a | 19.3 |

## APPENDIX A CALIFORNIA'S HEALTH STATUS PROFILE FOR 2020

Healthy People 2020 (HP 2020) National Objective has not been established.
National Objective is based on both underlying and contributing cause of death which requires use of multiple cause of death files. California's data exclude multiple/contributing causes of death.
Prevalence data are not available in all California counties to evaluate the Healthy People 2020 National Objective STD-1, as the Healthy People objective is restricted to females who are $15-24$ years old and identified at a family planning clinic, and males and females under 24 years old who participate in a national job-training program.
Note Crude death rates, crude case rates, and age-adjusted death rates are per 100,000 population. Birth cohort infant death rates are per 1,000 live births.
The age-specific birth rates are per 1,000 female population aged 15 to 19 years old.
Previous refers to previous period rates or percentages. These periods vary by type of health indicators: Mortality, Natality, and Morbidity (2013-2015),
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California Department of Public Health, STD Control Branch. Data Requested, September 2019. Gonorrhea data.
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[^0]:    ${ }^{+}$CDPH has identified significant changes in reporting practices among certifiers in Santa Clara County that have decreased this rate; while the rate has recently increased for Santa Clara, the average rate is still affected. See technical notes for further detail.

[^1]:    ${ }^{+}$CDPH has identified significant changes in the prevalence rate in Amador County. See technical notes for further detail.

[^2]:    * Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
    $<11.0$ refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
    Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
    Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
    Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.
    Sources:

    1. California Department of Public Health, Office of AIDS, Surveillance Section. Data Requested, May 2019.
    2. California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. 2019. State and county population projections 2010-2060. Sacramento: California Department of Finance. May 2019.
[^3]:    * Rates are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
    <11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
    Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
    Not Applicable (N/A) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
    Counties were rank ordered by increasing case rate (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the population. DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.

[^4]:    * Percentages are deemed unreliable when based on fewer than 20 data elements.
    <11.0 refers to Data De-Identification Guidelines (DDG) used to assess risk of publicly released data; as a result, suppression and masking have been applied to this tabular data.
    Not Met (NM) refers to the Healthy People 2020 National Objectives only.
    Note: HPO refers to the Healthy People National Objective.
    Counties were rank ordered first by decreasing percentage of births to mothers with first trimester care (calculated to 15 decimal places), second by decreasing size of the total number of live births.
    DDG suppressions are listed alphabetically. See technical notes for more information.

