PREGNANCY & MONKEYPOX



While anyone can get monkeypox (MPX), current transmission rates among the public are low. Pregnant people could become very sick from MPX, so it's important to know the symptoms and prevention measures.

WHAT IS MPX?

MPX is a disease caused by the MPX virus. It spreads mainly through skin-to-skin contact (hugging, kissing, sexual activity) with someone who has MPX. It can also spread by sharing items (bedding, towels, clothing, cups, utensils) with someone who has MPX.

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF MPX?

People with MPX, including those who are pregnant, may develop the following symptoms. A main symptom is a rash that can look like pimples or blisters. These can appear on the face, inside the mouth, and on other parts of the body, like the hands, feet, chest, genitals, and anus.

















FEVER

BODY ACHES

SWOLLEN LYMPH NODES

HEADACHE

CHILLS

EXHAUSTION

HOW DOES MPX IMPACT SOMEONE WHO IS PREGNANT?

MPX can be passed to the fetus during pregnancy or to the newborn baby by contact with the MPX rash or sores during and after birth. MPX in pregnancy can also lead to miscarriage, a baby being born too early (premature labor), or even a fetal death before delivery.

HOW CAN YOU PREVENT THE SPREAD OF MPX?

- Avoid close contact with anyone who has or may have MPX or who has an unexplained rash or sores.
- Ask your sexual partner or partners if they have a rash or sores or other MPX symptoms.
- Avoid sharing items with people who have symptoms. Items should be cleaned and disinfected before used by others.
- If you have an active rash or other symptoms, stay in a separate room or area away from people or pets you live with. If you need to be around others in your home (i.e., caring for children or family members), cover up sores/rash and wear a mask.

IS THERE A VACCINE OR TREATMENT FOR MPX FOR PEOPLE WHO ARE PREGNANT?

There is a vaccine for those who are exposed to MPX that can help prevent infection or decrease the severity of the illness. There is also treatment available for people who develop symptoms.

Because pregnant people are at higher risk of becoming very sick from MPX, it is important to contact a health care provider right away if you notice symptoms or have been exposed.