Bed Bug Inspections



California Department of Public Health Vector-Borne Disease Section www.cdph.ca.gov search word: bed bugs





Part 1: Bed Bug Basics

Bed bugs are tiny insets that feed on the blood of warm-blooded animals, including humans.



Bed bugs do not spread diseases to humans.











Blood-fed

- Adult bed bugs are about
 ½ the size of a penny
- Unfed bed bugs are flat with a circle shaped abdomen

 Blood-fed bed bugs are elongated with a long, tapered abdomen



Bed Bugs



- Bed bugs shed their skin to grow
- Egg nymph (5 molts) adult
- Duration: 5 weeks to four months
- Can live up to 18 months or longer without a blood meal
- Adults live about 10 months



FACT OR FICTION?

After being bitten by a bed bug, it may take 14 days for a reaction at the bite site to develop?





FACT!

Although most bite reactions occur immediately after feeding, a reaction may take as long as 14 days to develop.*





^{*} Feingold et al. 1968

Part 2: Bed Bug Inspections

Bed Bug Inspection

- Quick inspection for travelers
- Detailed inspection in:
 - -Homes
 - -Hotels
 - Transportation
 - "Alternative Lifestyle" bed bugs
- Preventative inspections



Quick Bed Bug Inspection for Travelers



Step 1: Mattress

Pull back sheets and inspect mattress seams and box spring for bed bugs. Look for blood spots and dark pen-like spots.



Quick Bed Bug Inspection for Travelers

Step 2: Headboard and Nightstands

Inspect behind the head board by sliding a card or piece of paper along the edge. Inspect inside the nightstand drawers.

Step 3: Luggage

Place on a luggage stand, a hard surface, or in the bathroom

Step 4: After Your Stay

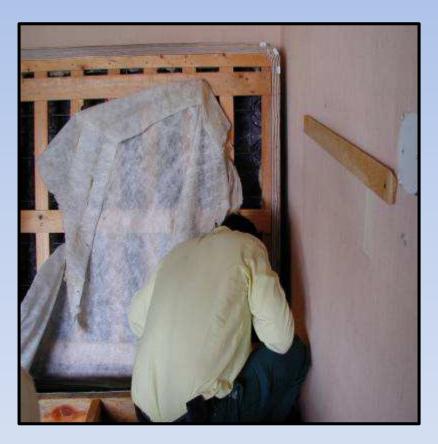
Wash clothes and dry them on the hottest setting



Detailed Inspections

Pest Control Operators

- When possible, inspect the area with a Pest Control Operator (PCO)
- The pest control company will often charge for the time it takes to inspect the infested room.
- Hotel, building staff, or homeowner should provide assistance.



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Bed Bug Inspection Tools

- Flashlight
- Plastic baggies
- Gloves (optional)



Do not bring extra items into potentially infested rooms!!!



Inspection Tips

- Do not remove anything from the room before inspection or treatment*
- Assume all clutter around bed is infested
- Inspect likely hiding spots first (5 10 feet around sleeping area)
 - Mattress
 - Boxsprings
 - -Bed Frame/Headboard
 - Dresser Table

*Follow guidelines from PCO (Pest Control Operator)



Where to Look

Likely hiding places may include, but are not limited to:

- -Seams in mattresses
- Cracks in bed frames and head boards
- Crevices in box springs
- Behind loose wallpaper
- Any clutter around or under the bed



Where to Look

- Under baseboards and carpet
- Wall/floor or wall/ceiling junctions
- -Within clock radios, irons or telephones
- -Within desks, bed stands or dressers
- Within curtain rods and folds of drapes



Homes: Other Inspection Sites

- Luggage and luggage storage areas
- Hampers, laundry rooms
- Pet sleeping areas
- "Couch Potato" sites



Suspicious bites around your head?



Reports of bed bugs infesting coat racks!



Transportation



Bed bugs have also been found on public transportation living underneath cloth seats.



Alternative Lifestyle



Bed bugs can survive in backpacks.



What to Look For



- Bed bugs
- Blood spots, fecal stains
- Shed exoskeletal skins
- A sweet or musty odor



Rusty Blood Spots/Fecal Stains

- Bed bugs try to feed every 3 to 7 days
- Most bed bugs double their weight with every blood meal
- ½ of blood meal is lost
 by defecation in the first
 5 hours after feeding

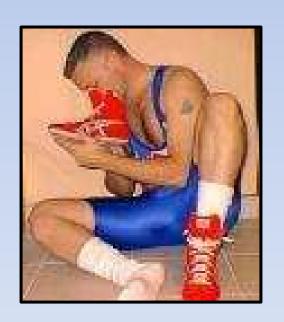




Bed Bug Odor

Bed bugs emit a unique sweet, musty odor.







Population Density

In 70°F conditions, 40 bed bugs can produce over 5,900 offspring in six months!











Bed Bug "Brood Center"

Fecal matter, egg shells and cast exoskeletons accumulate in brood centers



If you find one brood center, don't stop looking as there may be more!

Keep in Mind

- Bed bug inspections are tedious and can take 1-2 hours for a standard size bedroom
- Bed bugs are exceedingly wary...their hiding places tax the patience and ingenuity of all in search of their presence!*

*Mallis, Handbook of Pest Control



Keep in Mind

- Bed bug brood centers are found in a dark, sheltered location
- Bed bugs prefer to feed at night, during the day they are found hiding in cracks and crevices
- Bed bugs do not like drafts
- Bed bugs must walk to get from place to place (or are moved on linens, sheets, furniture)



How Far Do Bedbugs Travel?

- Literature sources report bed bugs traveling from 2-100+ ft
- Think about what this means for a:
 - Hotel
 - University dorm room
 - Prison
 - Hospital
 - Residence





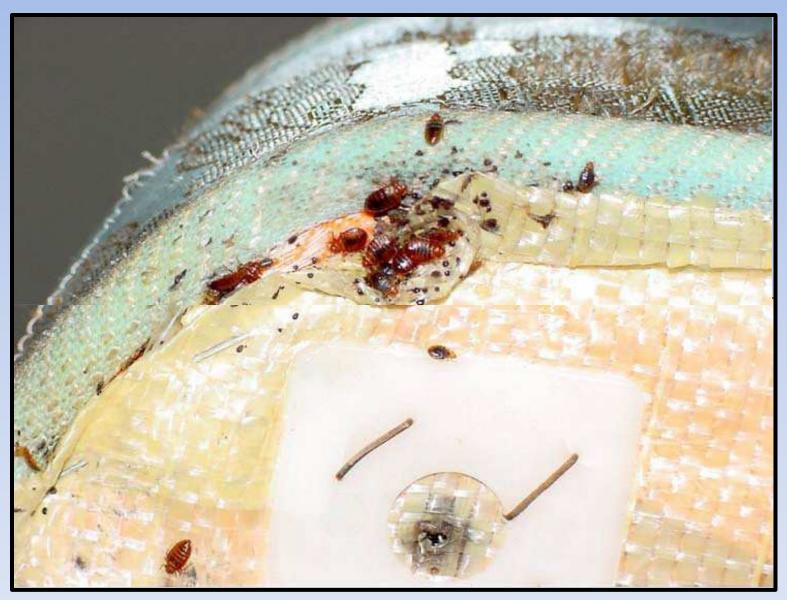


"Rusty Spots" on Mattress



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Mattress (especially seams)



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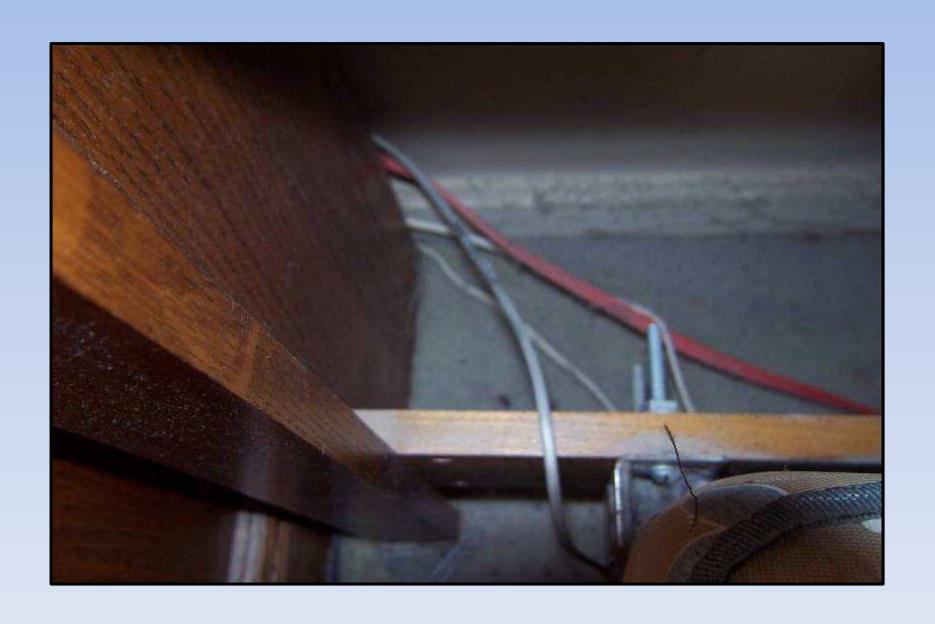
Mattress (especially seams)



Bed Bugs & Rusty Spots on Sheet



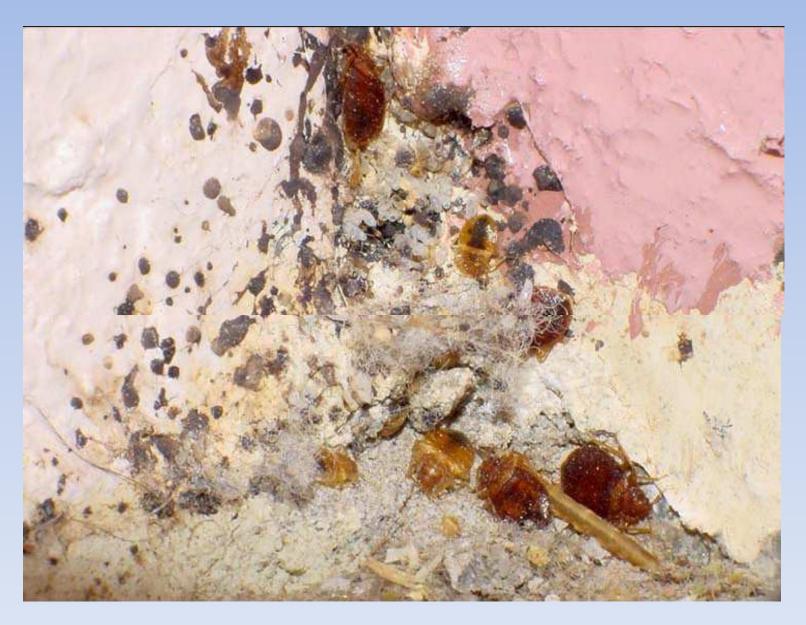
Survey Sites: Box Frame





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Base of Wall Covering



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Bed Bugs Will Stain Walls



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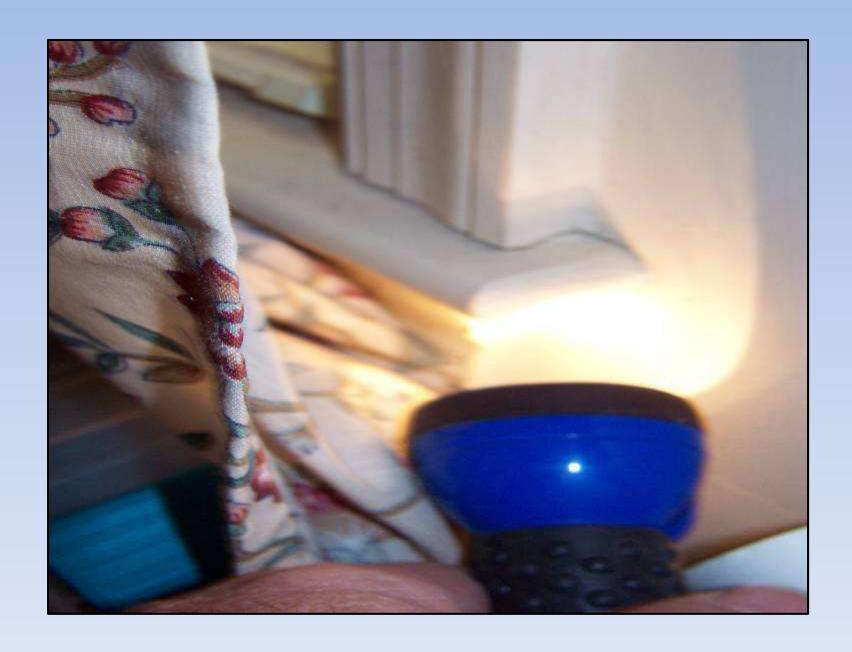


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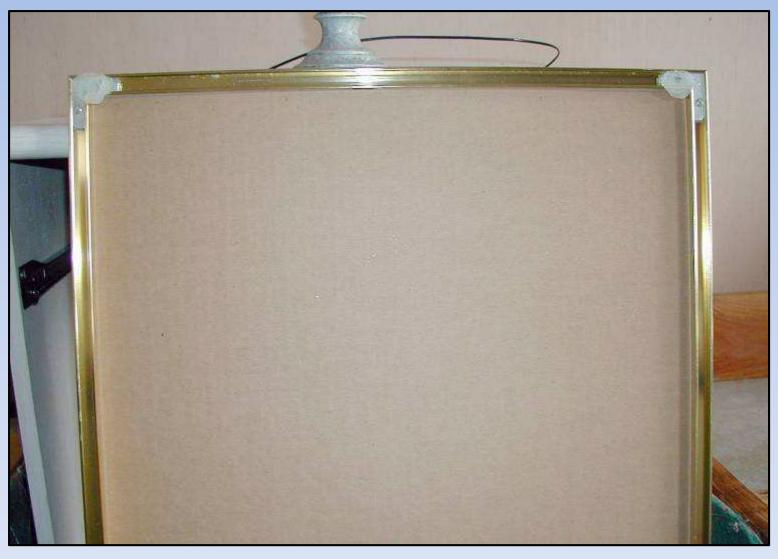
Upholstered Chairs



Window Curtains & Frames

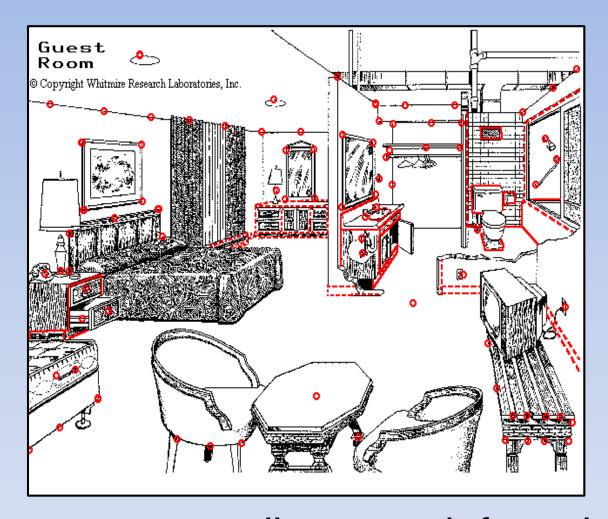


Picture Frames



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Inspection In Hotels

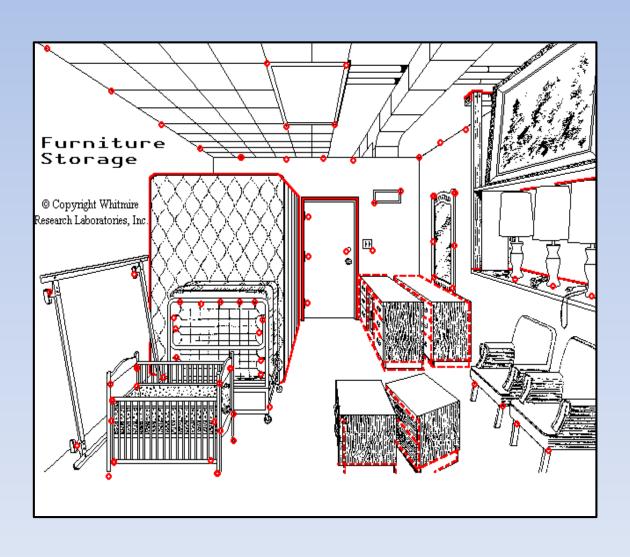


Inspect rooms adjacent to infestations

Rooms above and below infestations



Hotels: Storage Areas and Service Carts

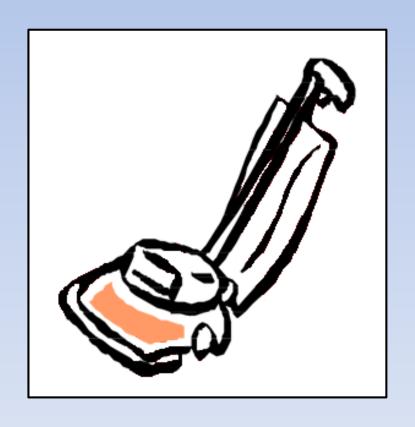


- Inspect furniture
 storage areas where
 extra items are kept
- Service carts should be inspected and treated as necessary



Hotels and Homes: Throw Out Vacuum Bags

- Vacuum the infested room and throw away bag
- Clean all other
 vacuum components
 with hot water and
 detergent





Part 3: Bed Bug Prevention

Prevent Reinfestation: Don't Get Them Again!

- Educate household members or housekeeping staff about the signs of infestation
- Follow-up on all household or customer complaints
- Change bed lines frequently and inspect for rusty spots/insects/cast exoskeletons
- Follow advice of pest management professional, schedule follow-up visit after treatment
- Glue boards or similar devices placed under beds may aid in bed bug collection





For additional information, please visit:

The California Department of Public Health

The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention